Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal year ended December 31, 2019



FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Natasha Ramras, CFO

Report Prepared By: <u>Accounting Staff</u> ACCOUNTING MANAGER Rebecca Harder, CPA

Georgiana McNees Joshua Francis LaVonne Steiner-Weigel Micah Elliott Mike Anderson

Other Staff TREASURY MANAGER Carrie Lewellen

Michael Conjugacion

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
Letter of Transmittal Certificate of Achievement	1
Organization Chart	6
City of Vancouver Elected Officials	7

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements	8 14
Government-Wide Financial Statements	26
Statement of Net Position	27
Statement of Activities	28
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	31
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to the Government Wide Statements of Net Position	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	35
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental	07
Funds to the Government Wide Statement of Activities	37 38
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Consolidated Fire Fund	39
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Consolidated The Fund	40
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	41
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	43
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	44
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	46
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	47
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	48
Required Supplementary Information	
Fire OPEB Pension Funds - Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Police OPEB Pension Funds - Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	91 92
State Sponsored PERS Plans - Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	92
State Sponsored LEOFF Plans - Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	94
State Sponsored PERS Plans - Schedule of Employer Contributions	95
State Sponsored LEOFF Plans - Schedule of Employer Contributions	96
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – All Multi employer State Sponsored Plans	97
Single Employer Fire Pension Fund - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	98
Single Employer Police Pension Fund - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	99
Single Employer Police and Fire Pension Funds - Schedule of Investment Returns	100
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Single Employer Police and Fire Pension Funds	101
Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Statements and Schedules	100
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	103 104
Combining Statement of Revenues, Experiordnes and Fund Balances - Normajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	104
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	112
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	117
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balances – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	118
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	121
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	122
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Compared to Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	
Investigative Fund	125
Drug Enforcement Fund CED Grants Fund	126 127
Tourism Fund	127
VNHR Properties Fund	120
Criminal Justice Fund	130
Senior Messenger Fund	131
Parks & Recreation Fund	132
Affordable Housing Fund	133
Affordable Housing Sales Tax Fund	134
Parkhill Cemetery Fund	135
REET 2002 Fund	136

Downtown Initiatives Fund	137
City/County Cable TV Fund	138
Transportation Benefit District Fund	139
GO Debt Service Fund	140
L.I.D. Debt Service Fund	141
L.I.D. Debt Service Guaranty Fund	142
Transportation Debt Service Fund	143
Parks Construction Fund	144
Transportation Capital Fund	145
2011 Bond Capital Fund	146
Transportation Impact Fee Fund	147
School Impact Fee Fund	148
Capital Improvement Fund	149
Park Impact Fee Fund	150
Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	153
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	154
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	155
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	157
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, in Net Position – Internal Service Funds	159
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	161

STATISTICAL SECTION

Financ	tial Trends	
1.	Net Position by Component	166
2.	Changes in Expenses, Revenues, and Net Position	
	a. Changes in Expenses by Function	167
	b. Changes in Revenues by Function	168
	c. Changes in Net Position	169
3.	General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source	170
4.	General Governmental Revenues by Source	171
5.	General Governmental Expenditures by Function and Changes in Fund Balance	172
6.	Fund Balances Governmental Funds	173
Reven	ue Capacity	
7.	Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	175
8.	Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	176
9.	Property Tax Levies and Collections	177
10.	178	
Debt C	Capacity	
11.	Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	180
12.	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	181
	Legal Debt Margin Information	182
	Pledged – Revenue Coverage	183
	graphic and Economic Information	
	Demographic and Economic Statistics	185
	Principal Employers	186
•	ting Information	
	Full-Time Equivalent City Governmental Positions by Function	188
18.	Operating Indicators by Function	189
19.	Capital Assets Statistics by Function	191

EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	192
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	200

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	49
Note 2. Accounting and Reporting Changes	56
Note 3. Deposits and Investments	57
Note 4. Capital Assets	59
Note 5. Interfund Balances and Transfers	62
Note 6. Leases	63
Note 7. Long-Term Debt	64
Note 8. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities	68
Note 9. Contingencies and Litigations	69
Note 10. Other Significant Commitments	69
Note 11. Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations	69
Note 12. Related Party Transactions	70
Note 13. Risk Management	70
Note 14. Property Tax	71
Note 15.Tax Abatement	72
Note 16. Pension Plans	72
Note 17. Pension and Other Post-Employment (OPEB) Plans	83
Note 18. Special and Extraordinary Items	85
Note 19. Prior Period Adjustments / Restatements	86
Note 20. Change in Accounting Principal	87
Note 21. Subsequent Events	87
Note 22. Unique and Unusual Transactions and Changes in Operations	88
Note 23. Asset Retirement Obligations	89

Introductory Section



October 30, 2020

To the Honorable Anne McEnerny-Ogle, Mayor Members of the City Council Mr. Eric Holmes, City Manager Citizens of the City of Vancouver

I am pleased to submit to you the 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Vancouver, Washington.

The report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Vancouver (City). Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient and reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by the Office of the Washington State Auditor in accordance with generally accepted governmental auditing standards. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is included in the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The City's Single Audit Report is issued separately and is available upon request.

Another state mandate requires the Office of the Washington State Auditor to perform control testing and additional tests of compliance with state laws and regulations as detailed in *Revised Code of Washington* (RCW) 43.09.260. This statute requires the State Auditor to inquire as to whether the City complied with the laws and the *Constitution of the State of Washington*, its own ordinances and orders, and the requirements of the State Auditor's Office. The City's Accountability report is also available separately upon request.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with that document. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Profile of the Government

The City was incorporated on January 23, 1857. The City sits on the north bank of the Columbia River directly across from Portland, Oregon. The Pacific coast is less than 90 miles to the west. The Cascade Mountain Range rises on the east. Mount St. Helens National Volcanic Monument and Mt. Hood are less than two hours away. The spectacular Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area lies 30 minutes to the east. Vancouver combines the excitement of a major metropolitan area with small-town charm and abundant recreational opportunities. The City serves a population of over 185,000 and occupies a land area of 51.84 square miles.

The City has operated under the Council-Manager form of government and provides services per its charter adopted February 20, 1952, and last amended by a vote of the people, November 3, 2015. This system empowers the citizens of Vancouver and provides responsive, progressive leadership and a vision for the community. City Council is presided over by the Mayor, who is elected every four years. The six Council Members are elected for four-year terms via City-wide vote. Three Council members are elected during each biennial municipal election. Among its primary duties, the City Council makes laws, sets policies, adopts budgets and oversees a wide-ranging agenda for the community. The City Manager, who is appointed by City Council, heads the administrative branch of City government and directs all City operations, projects and programs.

The City of Vancouver provides a balanced array of services. The City builds and repairs roads, builds and maintains water, sewer and drainage infrastructure, provides fire and police protection services, administers land use policy and takes an active role in Vancouver's commercial and industrial development. The City also designs and maintains Vancouver's many parks and green spaces. The City coordinates recreation activities, fosters neighborhood livability and works to preserve the City's environmental quality and historic legacy. The City is also the fiscal agent for two development authorities, which are reported discretely in the City's financial report and for a Transportation Benefits District. Additional information on separate legal entities can be found in Note 1, Reporting Entity, in the notes to the financial statements.

Accounting and Budgeting Procedures under State Law

Cities and counties of the State of Washington must comply with the Budgeting, Accounting, and Reporting System (BARS) prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor as authorized under RCW 43.09.200 and RCW 43.09.230. State law also provides for annual independent audits by the Office of the State Auditor and requires timely submission of annual financial reports to the state for review. The financial system of the City incorporates a system of financial and administrative controls that ensure the safeguarding of assets and the reliability of financial reports. Consequently, controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management authorization and recorded in conformity with GAAP. In addition, these controls ensure that accountability over assets and obligations exists, and that sufficient reporting and review exist to provide adequate information for analysis and comparability of data. Internal control is an area of audit by the State Auditor as well, and City management receives and takes action based on their recommendations.

The City prepares budgets in accordance with RCW 35.34. To provide directional guidance to the process, the City prepares a multi-year financial forecast of its revenues and expenditures. Biennial budgets (in which calendar year allocations lapse at year-end) are adopted by the City council for all city funds. All increases in total budgeted appropriations of funds are authorized by the City Council through the budget process. Changes in appropriations within a fund may be authorized by the City Manager. All budgets, for management purposes, are accounted for on a line-item basis with control at the object level grouping. Estimated purchase order amounts are encumbered prior to the release of the order to the vendor. Such encumbrances also serve to provide budgetary control. Open encumbrances lapse at year-end and must be re-appropriated or absorbed in the next year's operating budget.

Information Useful in Assessing the Government's Economic Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy

Vancouver is located in a metropolitan area that has a diverse economy with a broad base of manufacturing, high technology, retail, plus governmental and business services. Relatively low development costs and a strong labor force have attracted investments to the City. High technology companies, such as Hewlett-Packard, SEH America, and Kyocera have located in the City over the past twenty years. The role of manufacturing jobs in the economy has been decreasing over time. Recently, large employers in the healthcare business and software development have located within the City, including Peace Health, Banfield and a number of smaller startup companies in the tech sector.

Retail trade in the City is hampered by the sales tax in Washington and the lack of sales tax in Oregon. It is estimated that between 25% and 30% of the City's retail expenditures occur in Portland, Oregon. As a result, the City is losing an estimated \$10-\$15 million per year in uncollected sales taxes. Gradual economic improvement has been occurring in Vancouver since the end of the last recession. Private construction activity has significantly picked up over the last five years as did the auto sales and general retail.

Many people and businesses are relocating to this region for its natural beauty and many recreational opportunities. Vancouver combines the excitement of a major metropolitan area with small-town charm and abundant recreational opportunities. As the economy recovers from the recession, modest in-migration will likely contribute to employment growth and help spur new construction.

Long-term financial planning

The City's 2019-20 Biennial Budget was created during a period of continued economic improvement. While the City anticipated relative financial stability over the biennium, it continues to prioritize allocation of its scarce resources and hold back increases in workforce. Over the last four years, the City worked with the community to better define and fund the increased service level in street maintenance and police department. To fund the increased service levels in both these areas, City Council approved revenue increases in utility tax and business license surcharge.

City residents have indicated in the last Community Services Survey that they remain generally satisfied with the quality of life in the City. To maintain this high level of satisfaction, City staff and City Council will continue to focus on service prioritization in light of community priorities while continuing to evaluate expense reductions and explore additional revenue sources in order to put in place a permanent structural solution. The City Manager, under the direction of City Council and pursuant to the City's Financial Policy, has maintained a consistent strategy of restraining on-going costs within existing on-going revenues.

Relevant Financial Policies

In addition to following all laws related to budgeting as outlined by RCW 35, the City has internal financial management policies that are adopted by City Council and reviewed every two years during the budget development process. The policies ensure that the City maintains a healthy financial foundation into the future. The goal of these policies is to promote:

- An extended financial planning horizon to increase awareness of future potential challenges and opportunities.
- Setting aside reserves for contingencies, replacement of capital equipment and facilities, and other similar needs.
- Maintaining the effective buying power of fees and charges and increasing cost recovery where directed to do so.
- Accountability for meeting standards for financial management and efficiency in providing services.
- Planning for the capital needs of the community.
- Maintaining manageable levels of debt while maintaining quality bond ratings.
- Communication to residents and customers on how the community goals are being addressed.

Major Initiatives

Over the last biennium the City has found long-term solutions to street infrastructure funding and addressed both service and staffing levels in Police. During 2017 and into 2018, the City continued to work closely with community and business leaders to identify potential shortfalls in other City's service levels and determine additional funding sources to fund these service gaps. Though there is much work to do in the coming year, leadership is optimistic about the exciting possibilities for the City's future.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Vancouver for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial report. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Vancouver has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 34 years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA. The report includes, where applicable, the implementation of new GASB statements 83, 84, 88, and 90.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated staff of the Financial & Management Services Team. I would also like to express my thanks to the administrators and employees of the City, and the citizens of Vancouver whose continued cooperation, support, and assistance have contributed greatly to the financial stability of the City of Vancouver.

Finally, I want to point out that the pictures included in this year's CAFR demonstrate Vancouver's energetic, dynamic, and cultural heritage. Every citizen, from the young to the young-at-heart, can enjoy events and activities that entertain and enlighten. We are fortunate to be able to call such a lively community our home.

Respectfully submitted,

Tepecca

Rebecca Harder, CPA Accounting Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Vancouver Washington

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Vancouver Organizational Chart



Elected Officials

As of December 31, 2019

Section 2.01 of the Vancouver City Charter provides for a seven-member council, including a mayor, nominated and elected from the city at large. Commencing in the 1971 municipal election, three persons shall be elected to four-year terms as council members at each biennial municipal election and; provided further, commencing in the 2005 biennial municipal election, one person shall be elected to a four-year term as mayor.

Elected Officials Serving During 2019

Council Members Anne McEnerny-Ogle, Mayor Bart Hansen Bill Turlay Ty Stober Linda Glover Erik Paulsen Laurie Lebowsky Expiration of Term December 31, 2021 December 31, 2023 December 31, 2019 December 31, 2023 December 31, 2021 December 31, 2021

City Management Team

(As of December 31, 2019)

Eric Holmes Brian Carlson Jonathan Young James McElvain Joe Molina Chad Eiken Julie Hannon Natasha Ramras

Lenda Crawford Lisa Takach Patrick Gilbride City Manager Public Works Director City Attorney Police Chief Fire Chief Community Economic Development Director Parks and Recreation Director Chief Financial Officer

Deputy City Manager Human Resources Director Information Technology Director

Audit Report of the Office of the Washington State Auditor



Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

October 28, 2020

Mayor and City Council City of Vancouver Vancouver, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Vancouver, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Vancouver Hotel and Convention Center Project (the Project), which is included in the City's financial statements as part of the Downtown Redevelopment Authority component unit and which represents 2 percent, 18 percent and 80 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Project, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Project were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Vancouver, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Consolidated Fire and Street funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Matters of Emphasis

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2019, the City adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* and Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 21 to the financial statements, in February 2020, a state of emergency was declared that could have a negative financial effect on the City. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the Expenditures of Federal Awards section are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. This information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated October 28, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report will be issued under separate cover in the City's Single Audit Report. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit

performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Management's Discussion and Analysis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis is a narrative overview of the City of Vancouver's (the City's) financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The information presented here should be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal, the financial statements, and the related notes to the financial statements. The net increase or decrease in activity since the prior year is shown as a positive or (negative) number respectively.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- City of Vancouver assets plus deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows at fiscal yearend (FYE) by over \$1.42 billion.
- Net investment in capital assets accounts for 75.7% of the total net position, with a value of \$1.07 billion.
- Of the remaining net position, \$206.6 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, without legal restriction.
- The City's total net position showed a net change of \$114.7 million in current operations since the prior FYE.
- Total program revenues were \$240.8 million, a net change of \$19.6 million from the prior FYE. The change is comprised of a \$14.5 million change in Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures and a \$5.2 million change in Operating and Capital Grants and Contributions.
- Program expenses were \$319.3 million, a net change of \$16.1 million since the prior FYE.
- General revenues, special items, extraordinary items and transfers were \$186.5 million, a net change of \$9.2 million since the prior FYE.
- The City of Vancouver's governmental funds report a combined ending fund balance of \$233.0 million, which was a net change of \$40.9 million since the prior FYE. Of that, \$112.2 million is unrestricted by external parties or formal commitments comprised of assigned and unassigned fund balances of \$61.1 million for the General Fund and \$51.1 million for all other governmental funds.
- The City of Vancouver's total bonded debt was \$68.87 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis provides an introduction and overview to the City's basic financial statements. This information will assist users in interpreting the basic statements. We will also provide other financial discussion and analysis of certain plans, projects and trends necessary for understanding the full context of the financial condition of the City.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The financial section of this report also contains required supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Vancouver's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Functions of the City of Vancouver that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (referred to as "governmental activities") are distinguished from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (referred to as "business-type activities").

The governmental activities of the City of Vancouver provide a full range of local government services to the public. Programs include law enforcement and public safety; fire protection; road construction and maintenance; community economic development; parks and recreation; and the issuance of permits and licenses. In addition, other general government activities include neighborhood support, a senior newsletter, and the revitalization of the downtown core area to name a few. The business-type activities of the City of Vancouver include water, sewer, storm water management and control, downtown parking, an airport, solid waste, building inspection, and a tennis center.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all City of Vancouver's assets, deferred inflows, liabilities and deferred outflows, with the difference being reported as net position. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of the balance sheet of a private-sector business. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as one indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Some other indicators include the condition of the City's infrastructure systems (roads, drainage systems, bridges, etc.), changes in property tax base, and general economic conditions within the City.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's revenues and expenses impacted net position during 2019. This statement separates program revenue (revenue generated by specific programs through charges for services, grants, and contributions) from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other sources not tied to a particular program). This shows the extent to which each program relies on general revenue for funding. All changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting which requires that revenues are reported when they are earned and expenses are reported as soon as liabilities are incurred. The City has identified five entities as component units in the government-wide financial statements. When there is financial activity to report, three of these entities will be shown in the government-wide financial statements as discretely presented component unit funds. These entities are the Vancouver Downtown Redevelopment Authority (DRA), Vancouver Public Facilities District (PFD) and City Center Redevelopment Authority (CCRA). The fourth and fifth component unit, Vancouver Transportation Benefit District (TBD) and the Culture, Arts and Heritage Commission (CAHC), are treated as a blended component units presented as a special revenue fund. The City has also reported two jointly governed organizations: Clark Regional Emergency Services Agency (CRESA) and Council for the Homeless. See Note 1 for additional information on these organizations.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a self-balancing grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Vancouver, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting for compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Vancouver fall into one of three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, or fiduciary funds. Governmental funds account for most, if not all, of a government's tax- supported activities. Proprietary funds account for a government's business-type activities where all or part of the costs of activities are supported by fees and charges paid directly by those who benefit from the activities. Fiduciary funds account for resources that are held by the government as a trustee or agent for parties outside of the government. The resources of fiduciary funds cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

Governmental Funds

The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances present separate columns of financial data for the General Fund, Street Fund, Consolidated Fire Fund, Park Impact Fee Fund and Capital Improvement Fund. These are considered major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. Governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements in comparison to near-term resources available.

To get a longer term perspective of financial balances and results of operations, the City presents full accrual information in the government wide financial statements. This gives readers a better understanding of the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains budgetary controls over all city funds. Budgetary controls ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the biennial appropriated budget. Governmental fund budgets are established in accordance with state law, and most are adopted on a fund level. The General Fund budget is adopted on a fund level. Personnel services are budgeted by full-time positions. Budgetary variances are discussed later in this section.

Proprietary Funds

The City has two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water/sewer/drainage utility, solid waste utility, airport, building inspection, parking, and tennis center operations. Internal service funds accumulate and allocate costs among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its facilities replacement, rolling stock repair and replacement, computer repair and replacement, self-insurance, administrative services, benefits, health insurance benefits and mail room services.

Those revenues and expenses of internal service funds that are duplicated in other funds are eliminated in the government-wide statements. The remaining balances are allocated and included in the governmental type activities columns. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail, since both apply the accrual basis of accounting.

In comparing the Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position to the business-type column on the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the total net position amounts agree, needing no reconciliation. In comparing the total assets and total liabilities between the same two statements, you will notice slightly different amounts. This is because the "Internal balances" line on the government-wide statement combines the "Due from other funds" (assets) and the "Due to other funds" (liabilities) from the proprietary fund statement in a single line in the asset section of the government-wide statement.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water/Sewer and Parking Services Funds as these are considered major funds. All other enterprise funds are aggregated into a single presentation. Internal Service Funds are also aggregated into a single presentation, but are not included in the totals.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Vancouver's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided, and are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Vancouver's progress in funding its obligations to the citizenry and its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on **page 90** of this report.

The aggregated statements for *nonmajor* governmental and proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules begin on page 103 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Analysis of Net Position

As noted earlier, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City of Vancouver's net position totals \$1,418,229,403 at December 31, 2019. The following is a condensed and comparative version of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Activities				
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019			
Current and other assets	\$ 308,235,974	\$ 357,187,673	\$ 124,395,413	\$ 140,048,861	\$ 432,631,387	\$ 497,236,534			
Capital assets (net of accumulated									
depreciation)	699,972,618	729,391,879	406,010,099	424,813,162	1,105,982,717	1,154,205,041			
TOTAL ASSETS	1,008,208,592	1,086,579,552	530,405,512	564,862,023	1,538,614,104	1,651,441,575			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF									
RESOURCES	9,111,067	11,702,591	2,445,145	3,179,748	11,556,212	14,882,339			
RESOURCES	9,111,007	11,702,391	2,443,143	3,179,740	11,550,212	14,002,009			
Long-term liabilities	164,498,929	165,613,674	26,721,003	20,260,530	191,219,932	185,874,204			
Other liabilities	27,797,485	28,201,149	6,655,854	11,218,176	34,453,339	39,419,325			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	192,296,414	193,814,823	33,376,857	31,478,706	225,673,271	225,293,529			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF									
RESOURCES	17,431,903	18,828,615	3,551,399	3,972,367	20,983,302	22,800,982			
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	· · · ·	. <u> </u>	,			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	680,671,243	659,169,955	391,430,492	415,085,644	1,072,101,735	1,074,255,599			
Restricted	107,509,296	128,395,605	8,597,014	8,936,671	116,106,310	137,332,276			
Unrestricted	19,410,807	98,073,145	95,894,895	108,568,383	115,305,702	206,641,528			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 807,591,346	\$ 885,638,705	\$ 495,922,401	\$ 532,590,698	\$ 1,303,513,747	\$ 1,418,229,403			

During 2019, the City's total assets changed by \$112.8 million and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$3.3 million, while total liabilities changed by \$(0.4) million and deferred inflows of resources changed by \$1,818 thousand, primarily related to the continued impacts of the GASB 68 implementation effective December 31, 2015 and increases in Capital Assets. The net result is an increase in total net position of \$114.7 million, or 8.8%.

Of the City's total assets, cash increased by \$45.3 million and restricted cash decreased by \$0.4 million; receivables increased by \$9.2 million, capital assets increased by \$48.2 million, and other assets increased by \$9.72 million from 2019.

The largest portion of the City's net position, 75.7%, reflects its investment in capital, less any related debt still outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The City's capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Net position representing resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used is 9.7% of the total, and net position that is unrestricted represents the remaining 14.6%.

At December 31, 2019, the City of Vancouver reports positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole.

City of Vancouver's Net Position

Analysis of Changes in Net Position

Total change in net position from prior year was \$114.7 million, inclusive of the impact of prior period adjustments and changes in accounting principles. This is split between governmental change of \$78.0 million and business-type activities change of \$36.7 million. The Statement of Activities depicts the relationship of revenues and expenses for the City's governmental activities and proprietary funds. A condensed and comparative version of the Statement of Activities is shown below.

Charges for Services, Fees, Fines & Forletures S 50,441,540 S 517,540,769 S 112,545,540 S 1124,969,083 S 1188,027,080 S 1182,509,852 Captal Carnis & Contributions Captal Carnis & Contributions Sales & Use Taxes 5,867,742 86,166 77,136 5,963,742 8,137,358 50,162,706 5,787,730 - - 54,726,879 55,787,730 - - 54,726,879 55,787,730 - - 54,726,879 55,787,730 - - 54,726,879 55,787,730 - - 54,172,879 55,787,730 - - 54,172,879 55,787,730 - - 54,172,879 55,787,730 - - 54,172,879 55,787,730 - - 43,910,649 49,513,857 - - 45,1162,162 66,269,160 - - 2,642,484 39,125,021 - - 20,777,062 26,662,474 39,145,045 325,508,444 39,1942,666 4245,394,743 39,145,045,232 27,476,971 - - 24,393,014 9	Revenues Program revenues:	Governmen 2018	tal A	ctivities 2019	Business-Ty 2018	/pe Activities 2019		Total Primar 2018	vernment 2019	
Fines & Forteitures Fines & Forteitures Fines & Forteitures Forteitures Operating Grants & Contributions 5,877,556 8,060,222 88,186 77,136 5,983,742 8,137,358 Ceneral Revenues Propenty Taxes Levied for General Purposes 54,726,879 55,787,730 - - 54,726,879 55,787,730 Sales & Use Taxes 43,910,649 49,513,857 - - 61,163,162 66,286,160 - 61,163,162 66,286,160 - - 61,63,162 66,286,160 - 61,63,162 66,286,160 - 245,947,430 271,619,779 2,54,486 686,676 2,54,3964 4,566,445 5,086,621 General Government 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 245,949,914 99,143,086 - - 94,439,914 99,143,086 - - 24,693,914 99,143,086 - - 24,693,914 99,143,086 - - 24,656,332 27,469,791 - - 45,466,332 27,499,71 - - 45,466,332 <td< th=""><th>6</th><th>\$ 50,481,540</th><th>\$</th><th>57.540.769</th><th>\$ 117.545.540</th><th>\$ 124.969.083</th><th>\$</th><th>168.027.080</th><th>\$</th><th>182.509.852</th></td<>	6	\$ 50,481,540	\$	57.540.769	\$ 117.545.540	\$ 124.969.083	\$	168.027.080	\$	182.509.852
Operating Grants & Contributions 5,877,556 8,060,222 86,186 77,136 5,963,742 8,137,358 Ceneral Revenues Propert Taxes Leviet for General 54,726,879 55,787,730 - - 54,726,879 55,787,730 Purposes Sales & Use Taxes 43,910,649 49,513,857 - - 64,726,879 55,787,730 Unterstricted Investment Earnings 3,899,769 2,242,488 668,652 2,060,437 3,222,922 64,82,403 9,662,474 Miscellaneous 3,899,769 2,242,488 686,676 155,508,844 391,992,666 427,128,589 Program Expenses Government 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 245,914,30,96 44,31,086 Program Expenses Government 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 23,311 89,331 - 245,947,930 49,439,914 99,143,086 - - 36,064,021 - - 26,07,072 585,604 - - 36,064,021 <td></td> <td>•, - ,</td> <td>•</td> <td>- ,,</td> <td>• //</td> <td>• ,,</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>- ,,</td>		•, - ,	•	- ,,	• //	• ,,	•		•	- ,,
Capital Grants & Contributions 21,515,909 25,469,967 25,666,397 24,692,739 47,182,306 50,162,706 Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes 54,726,879 55,787,730 - - 54,726,879 55,787,730 Sales & Use Taxes 43,910,649 49,513,857 - - 43,910,649 49,513,857 Utility, Exoles, Lodging & Other Taxes 43,910,649 64,365,52 2,060,437 3,225,922 6,432,403 9,662,474 Miscellaneous 2,399,799 2,54,4288 686,676 2,54,3944 4,566,445 5,086,642 Total Revenues 245,947,430 271,619,745 146,045,236 155,508,844 391,992,666 427,128,589 Program Expenses General Government 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 43,490,413,086 - - 94,439,914 99,143,086 - - 94,439,914 99,143,086 - - 24,663,32 27,469,71 - - 45,663,22 7,469,71 - - 45,663,22 7,469,71 - - <td>Operating Grants & Contributions</td> <td>5,877,556</td> <td></td> <td>8,060,222</td> <td>86,186</td> <td>77,136</td> <td></td> <td>5,963,742</td> <td></td> <td>8,137,358</td>	Operating Grants & Contributions	5,877,556		8,060,222	86,186	77,136		5,963,742		8,137,358
General Revenues Forperty Taxes Leviel for General 54,726,879 55,787,730 - 54,726,879 55,787,730 Purposees A3,910,649 49,513,857 - 61,163,162 66,288,160 - 61,163,162 66,228,160 - 61,163,162 66,228,160 - 61,163,162 66,228,160 - 61,163,162 66,228,160 - 61,163,162 66,228,160 - 61,163,162 66,228,160 - 61,163,162 66,228,160 - 61,163,162 66,228,160 - 61,163,162 66,2474 391,992,666 427,128,589 - 24,32,488 50,066,452 - 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 243,313 89,531 - 23,331 89,531 - 23,331 89,531 - 23,331 89,531 - 23,670,072 555,664 - - 3,670,072 555,664 - - 3,670,072 555,664 - - 3,670,072 556,694 - -		, ,		, ,	,	,		, ,		, ,
Purposées 43,910,649 49,513,857 - 43,910,649 49,513,857 Uillity, Excise, Lodging & Other Taxes 61,163,162 66,288,160 - 61,163,162 66,288,160 Uillity, Excise, Lodging & Other Taxes 61,163,162 66,228,160 - 61,163,162 66,228,160 Total Revenues 245,947,430 271,619,745 146,045,236 155,508,844 391,992,666 4227,128,589 Program Expenses General Government 20,777,062 35,056,021 - 20,777,062 35,056,021 - 233,31 89,531 Transportation 45,456,332 27,487,911 - 45,456,332 27,489,791 - 23,570,72 555,508,944 - 13,300,235 13,514,444 - 13,670,072 556,604 - - 3,670,072 556,504 Culture & Rornation 11,347,659 16,400,568 - 11,347,659 16,940,568 - 11,347,659 16,940,568 - 2,620,128 2,206,372 2,620,128 2,206,372 2,620,128 2,620,128 2,6		,,		-,,	-,,	,,		, - ,		, -,
Ullity, Excise, Lodging & Other Taxes 61,163,162 66,268,160 - - 61,163,162 66,268,160 Unrestricted Investment Earnings 3,899,769 2,442,488 20,00,437 3225,922 6,432,403 9,662,474 Total Revenues 245,947,430 245,947,430 271,619,745 146,045,236 155,508,844 391,992,666 427,128,589 Program Expenses Governmental Activities: - - 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 203,331 89,531 - 293,331 89,531 - 293,331 89,531 - 293,331 89,531 - 233,51,444 - 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,306,69 6,39,292 5,689,948 - - 2,600,496 - - 13,47,659 16,640,568 - - 11,347,659 16,640,568 <td></td> <td>54,726,879</td> <td></td> <td>55,787,730</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>54,726,879</td> <td></td> <td>55,787,730</td>		54,726,879		55,787,730	-	-		54,726,879		55,787,730
Unrestricted Investment Earnings 4.371.966 6.436.552 2.06.437 3.225.922 6.432.403 9.662.474 Total Revenues 245.947.430 271.519.745 146.045.236 155.508.844 391.992.666 427.128,589 Program Expenses Governmental Activities: 301.992.666 427.128,589 425.927 5.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 94.439.914 99.143.086 - - 94.439.914 99.143.086 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.777.062 35.056.021 - - 20.778.04 27.66.032 77.662 35.056.021 - <	Sales & Use Taxes	43,910,649		49,513,857	-	-		43,910,649		49,513,857
Miscellaneous 3,893,769 2,542,488 686,676 2,543,964 4,586,445 5,086,452 Total Revenues 245,947,430 271,619,745 146,045,236 155,508,844 391,992,666 427,128,589 Program Expenses Governmental Activities: 0 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 243,331 89,531 Transportation 45,456,332 27,469,791 - - 45,466,332 27,469,791 - - 45,466,332 27,469,791 - - 45,466,332 27,469,791 - - 45,466,332 27,469,791 - - 45,466,332 27,469,791 - - 45,466,332 27,469,791 - - 45,646,332 27,469,791 - - 45,646,332 27,469,791 - - 45,646,332 27,469,791 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,323 13,514,444 - -<	Utility, Excise, Lodging & Other Taxes	61,163,162		66,268,160	-	-		61,163,162		66,268,160
Total Revenues 245,947,430 271,619,745 146,045,236 155,508,844 391,992,666 427,128,589 Program Expenses Governmental Activities: General Government Physical Environment 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 20,777,062 35,056,021 Sercurity/Persons & Propenty 94,439,914 99,143,086 - - 94,439,914 99,143,086 Physical Environment 293,331 89,531 - - 293,331 89,531 Transportation 45,456,332 27,469,791 - - 45,456,332 27,469,791 Mental & Physical Health 13,670,072 585,604 - - 3,870,072 588,604 Culture & Recreation 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Interest on Long-Term Debt 2,620,128 2,206,372 - 2,620,128 2,206,372 BusingensesType Activities: - - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	4,371,966		6,436,552	2,060,437	3,225,922		6,432,403		9,662,474
Program Expenses Governmental Activities: 20,777,062 35,056,021 - - 20,777,062 35,056,021 Sercurity/Persons & Propenty 94,439,914 99,143,086 - - 94,439,914 99,143,086 Physical Environment 293,331 89,531 - - 293,331 89,531 Transportation 45,456,332 27,469,791 - - 45,456,332 27,469,791 Mental & Physical Health 3,670,072 585,604 - - 3,670,072 585,604 Economic Environment 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 Intergovernmental Facilities - 5,698,948 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Culture & Recreation 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Vatere Sewer - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 Parking - - - 2,6372 - 2,220,128 2,303,41 <td>Miscellaneous</td> <td>3,899,769</td> <td></td> <td>2,542,488</td> <td>686,676</td> <td>2,543,964</td> <td></td> <td>4,586,445</td> <td></td> <td>5,086,452</td>	Miscellaneous	3,899,769		2,542,488	686,676	2,543,964		4,586,445		5,086,452
Governmental Activities: 20,777,062 35,066,021 - - 20,777,062 35,066,021 General Government 203,331 89,531 - - 203,331 89,531 Transportation 45,456,332 27,469,791 - - 45,456,332 27,469,791 Mental & Physical Health 3,670,072 585,604 - - 3,670,072 585,694 Economic Environment 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 Intergovernmental Facilities - 5698,948 - - 5698,948 Culture & Recreation 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Interest on Long-Term Debt 2,620,128 2,206,372 - 2,620,128 2,206,372 Water Sewer - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 Parking - - 2,679,318 2,303,7896 3,303,202 5688,006 6,359,292 5688,006 6,359,292	Total Revenues	245,947,430		271,619,745	146,045,236	155,508,844		391,992,666		427,128,589
Sercurity/Persons & Property 94,439,914 99,143,066 - - 94,439,914 99,143,066 Physical Environment 293,331 89,531 - - 293,331 89,531 Transportation 45,456,332 27,469,791 - - 45,466,332 27,469,791 Mental & Physical Health 3,670,072 585,604 - - 3,670,072 585,604 Economic Environment 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 Intergovernmental Facilities - 5,698,948 - 11,347,659 16,940,568 - 11,347,659 16,940,568 - 11,347,659 16,940,568 - 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 2,206,372 - 2,206,372 - 2,206,372 - 2,206,372 - 2,206,372 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 <td></td>										
Physical Environment 293,331 68,531 - - 293,331 68,531 Transportation 45,456,332 27,469,791 - - 45,456,332 27,469,791 Mental & Physical Health 3,670,072 585,604 - - 3,670,072 585,604 Economic Environment 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 Intergovernmental Facilities - 5,688,948 - - 5,689,448 Culture & Recreation 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Interest on Long-Term Debt 2,620,128 2,206,372 - - 2,620,128 2,206,372 Business-Type Activities: - - - 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832	General Government	20,777,062		35,056,021	-	-		20,777,062		35,056,021
Transportation 45,456,332 27,469,791 - - 45,456,332 27,469,791 Mental & Physical Health 3,670,072 585,604 - - 3,670,072 585,604 Economic Environment 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 Intergovernmental Facilities - 5,698,948 - - 5,698,948 Culture & Recreation 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Interest on Long-Term Debt 2,620,128 2,206,372 - 2,620,128 2,206,372 Business-Type Activities: - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 Parking - - 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 Building Inspection - - 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 Solid Waste - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 Transfers - Governmental <		94,439,914		99,143,086	-	-		94,439,914		99,143,086
Mental & Physical Health 3,670,072 585,604 - - - 3,670,072 585,604 Economic Environment 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 Intergovernmental Facilities - 5,689,948 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 Culture & Recreation 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Interest on Long-Term Debt 2,620,128 2,206,372 - 2,620,128 2,206,372 Business-Type Activities: - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 Parking - - 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 Building Inspection - - 2,779,319 2,230,304 2,779,319 2,230,304 Tennis Center - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 Transfers - Governmental (600,861) 999,053 - - (600,861) 999,053	Physical Environment	293,331		89,531	-	-		293,331		89,531
Economic Environment 13,300,235 13,514,444 - - 13,300,235 13,514,444 Intergovernmental Facilities - 5,698,948 - 5,698,948 - 5,698,948 Culture & Recreation 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Interest on Long-Term Debt 2,620,128 2,206,372 - 2,620,128 2,206,372 Business-Type Activities: - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 Parking - - 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 Building Inspection - - 5688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 Solid Waste - - 2,779,319 2,230,304 2,779,319 2,230,304 Tennis Center - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 9,00,853 Transfers - Governmental (600,861) 909,053 - - 600,861 (909,053) 600,861 <td></td> <td>45,456,332</td> <td></td> <td>27,469,791</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>45,456,332</td> <td></td> <td>27,469,791</td>		45,456,332		27,469,791	-	-		45,456,332		27,469,791
Intergovernmental Facilities - 5,698,948 - - 5,698,948 Culture & Recreation 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Business-Type Activities: 2,620,128 2,206,372 - - 2,620,128 2,206,372 Business-Type Activities: - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 Parking - - 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 Airport - - 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 Solid Waste - - 2,679,319 2,230,304 2,779,319 2,230,304 Tennis Center - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 Total Expenses 191,904,733 200,704,365 111,315,895 118,641,503 303,220,628 319,345,868 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over - - 600,861 909,053 - - 600,861 909,053		3,670,072		585,604	-	-				585,604
Culture & Recreation 11,347,659 16,940,568 - - 11,347,659 16,940,568 Interest on Long-Term Debt 2,620,128 2,206,372 - - 2,620,128 2,206,372 Water Sewer - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 Parking - - 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 Building Inspection - - 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,0359,292 5,688,006 6,0359,292 5,688,006 6,0359,292 5,688,006 6,0359,293 107,782,721 Transfers - Business-Type Actrestere - -		13,300,235			-	-		13,300,235		
Interest on Long-Term Debt 2,620,128 2,206,372 - - 2,620,128 2,206,372 Business-Type Activities: Water Sewer - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 Parking - - 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 Airport - - 893,541 691,335 893,541 691,335 Building Inspection - - 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 Solid Waste - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 Total Expenses 191,904,733 200,704,365 111,315,895 118,641,503 303,220,628 319,345,868 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over - - 600,861 (909,053) - - (600,861) 999,053 Transfers - Governmental (600,861) 909,053 - - 600,861 (909,053) 600,861 (909,053) Income (loss) before special & extra 53,441,836		-		, ,		-				, ,
Business-Type Activities: - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 90,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688 107,782,721 107,782,721 107,782,721					-	-				
Water Sewer - - 96,312,293 104,891,094 96,312,293 104,891,094 Parking - - 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 Airport - - 893,541 691,335 893,541 691,335 Building Inspection - - 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 Solid Waste - - 2,779,319 2,230,304 2,779,319 2,230,304 Tennis Center - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 Total Expenses 191,904,733 200,704,365 111,315,895 118,641,503 303,220,628 319,345,868 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over - - - 600,861 909,053 - - (600,861) 909,053 Transfers - Governmental (600,861) 909,053 - - (600,861) 909,053 Income (loss) before special & extra 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288		2,620,128		2,206,372	-	-		2,620,128		2,206,372
Parking - - 3,037,896 3,190,832 3,037,896 3,190,832 Airport - - 893,541 691,335 893,541 691,335 Building Inspection - - 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 Solid Waste - - 2,779,319 2,230,304 2,779,319 2,230,304 Tennis Center - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 Total Expenses 191,904,733 200,704,365 111,315,895 118,641,503 303,220,628 319,345,868 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over - - 600,861 909,053 - - (600,861) 909,053 Transfers - Governmental (600,861) 909,053 - - 600,861 (909,053) 600,861 (909,053) Income (loss) before special & extra 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288 88,772,038 107,782,721 Special Items: Remove pension liability due to - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - -										
Airport - - 893,541 691,335 893,541 691,335 Building Inspection - - 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 Solid Waste - - 2,779,319 2,230,304 2,779,319 2,230,304 Tennis Center - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 Total Expenses 191,904,733 200,704,365 111,315,895 118,641,503 303,220,628 319,345,868 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses 54,042,697 70,915,380 34,729,341 36,867,341 88,772,038 107,782,721 Transfers - Business-Type - - 600,861 909,053 - - (600,861) 909,053 Income (loss) before special & extra 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288 88,772,038 107,782,721 Special Items - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - Total Special Items 53,441,836 71,824,433 41,787,701 36,125,975 95,229,537 107,950,408 Net Position - Beginni		-		-						
Building Inspection - - 5,688,006 6,359,292 5,688,006 6,359,292 Solid Waste - - 2,779,319 2,230,304 2,779,319 2,230,304 Tennis Center - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 Total Expenses 191,904,733 200,704,365 111,315,895 118,641,503 303,220,628 319,345,868 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses 54,042,697 70,915,380 34,729,341 36,867,341 88,772,038 107,782,721 Transfers - Business-Type - - 600,861 (909,053) 600,861 (909,053) Income (loss) before special & extra 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288 88,772,038 107,782,721 Special Items: Remove pension liability due to change in operations - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 107,782,721 Total Special Items - - 6,457,499 167,687 6,457,499 167,687 Change in Net Position 53,441,836 <td< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-,,</td></td<>		-		-						-,,
Solid Waste Tennis Center - - 2,779,319 2,604,840 2,230,304 1,278,646 2,779,319 2,604,840 2,230,304 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 303,220,628 319,345,868 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses 54,042,697 70,915,380 34,729,341 36,867,341 88,772,038 107,782,721 600,861 909,053 600,861 909,053 600,861 909,053 107,782,721 167,687 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		-		-						
Tennis Center - - 2,604,840 1,278,646 2,604,840 1,278,646 Total Expenses 191,904,733 200,704,365 111,315,895 118,641,503 303,220,628 319,345,868 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses 54,042,697 70,915,380 34,729,341 36,867,341 88,772,038 107,782,721 Transfers - Governmental (600,861) 909,053 - - (600,861) 909,053 Transfers - Business-Type - 600,861 (909,053) 600,861 (909,053) Income (loss) before special & extra 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288 88,772,038 107,782,721 Special Items: - - 6,457,499 - - 6,457,499 - - Total Special Items - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - - Change in Net Position 53,441,836 71,824,433 41,787,701 36,125,975 95,229,537 107,950,408 Net Position - Beginning 790,730,951 <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		-		-						
Total Expenses 191,904,733 200,704,365 111,315,895 118,641,503 303,220,628 319,345,868 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses 54,042,697 70,915,380 34,729,341 36,867,341 88,772,038 107,782,721 Transfers - Governmental (600,861) 909,053 - - (600,861) 909,053 Income (loss) before special & extra 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288 88,772,038 107,782,721 Special Items: Remove pension liability due to change in operations - 64,57,499 - 64,457,499 - 64,457,499 - - 64,457,499 - - 64,457,499 - - 64,457,499 - - 64,457,499 - - 64,457,499 - - - 64,457,499 - - 64,457,499 - - 64,457,499 - - - 64,457,499 - - - 64,457,499 - - - - 64,457,499 - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		-		-						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses 54,042,697 70,915,380 34,729,341 36,867,341 88,772,038 107,782,721 Transfers - Governmental (600,861) 909,053 - - (600,861) 909,053 Income (loss) before special & extra Special Items: Remove pension liability due to change in operations 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288 88,772,038 107,782,721 Annexation - - 6(457,499) - 6(457,499) - - Total Special Items - - 6(457,499) 167,687 6(457,499) - Change in Net Position 53,441,836 71,824,433 41,787,701 36,125,975 95,229,537 107,950,408 Net Position - Beginning 790,730,951 807,591,339 454,134,700 495,922,401 1,244,865,651 1,303,513,740 Prior year adjustments - - - - 6,222,933 - - 6,765,225 Change in accounting principles (36,581,448) - - - - - 6,765,255				<u> </u>						
expenses 54,042,697 70,915,380 34,729,341 36,867,341 88,772,038 107,782,721 Transfers - Governmental (600,861) 909,053 - - (600,861) 909,053 Transfers - Business-Type - - 600,861 (909,053) 600,861 (909,053) Income (loss) before special & extra 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288 88,772,038 107,782,721 Special Items: Remove pension liability due to change in operations - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - - 6,457,499 - - 6,457,499 - - 6,457,499 - - 6,457,499 - - - 6,457,499 - - 6,457,499 - - - 6,457,499 - - - - - - - - - 6,457,499 - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>Total Expenses</td><td>191,904,733</td><td></td><td>200,704,365</td><td>111,315,895</td><td>118,641,503</td><td></td><td>303,220,628</td><td></td><td>319,345,868</td></td<>	Total Expenses	191,904,733		200,704,365	111,315,895	118,641,503		303,220,628		319,345,868
Transfers - Governmental Transfers - Business-Type (600,861) 909,053 - - (600,861) 909,053 Income (loss) before special & extra Special Items: Remove pension liability due to change in operations 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288 88,772,038 107,782,721 Special Items: Remove pension liability due to change in operations - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - Total Special Items - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - - Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning 53,441,836 71,824,433 41,787,701 36,125,975 95,229,537 107,950,408 Prior year adjustments - - 6,222,933 - 542,322 - 6,765,255 Change in accounting principles (36,581,448) - - - - -										
Transfers - Business-Type Income (loss) before special & extra Special Items: Remove pension liability due to change in operations Annexation - 600,861 (909,053) (909,053) (909,053) 600,861 (909,053) (909,053) (909,053) Total Special Items - - 6,457,499 - - 167,687 6,457,499 - - 6,457,499 - - - 167,687 -		, ,		, ,	34,729,341	36,867,341		, ,		, ,
Income (loss) before special & extra Special Items: Remove pension liability due to change in operations Annexation 53,441,836 71,824,433 35,330,202 35,958,288 88,772,038 107,782,721 Annexation - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - - 167,687 - 167,687 - 167,687 - - 167,687 - - - 6,457,499 - - - 6,457,499 - - - - 6,457,499 -		(600,861)		909,053	-	-				
Special Items: Remove pension liability due to change in operations - 167,687 167,687 Annexation - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - Total Special Items - - 6,457,499 167,687 6,457,499 - Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning 53,441,836 71,824,433 41,787,701 36,125,975 95,229,537 107,950,408 Net Position - Beginning 790,730,951 807,591,339 454,134,700 495,922,401 1,244,865,651 1,303,513,740 Prior year adjustments - 6,222,933 - 542,322 - 6,765,255 Change in accounting principles (36,581,448) - - - -		-		-						
change in operations Annexation - - 167,687 6,457,499 167,687 6,457,499 Total Special Items - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning Prior year adjustments Change in accounting principles 53,441,836 790,730,951 71,824,433 807,591,339 41,787,701 454,134,700 36,125,975 495,922,401 95,229,537 1,244,865,651 107,950,408 1,303,513,740		53,441,836		71,824,433	35,330,202	35,958,288		88,772,038		107,782,721
Annexation - - 6,457,499 - 6,457,499 - - 6,457,499 - - - - - 6,457,499 167,687 - - - - - 6,457,499 167,687 - <td></td>										
Total Special Items - - 6,457,499 167,687 6,457,499 167,687 Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning 53,441,836 71,824,433 41,787,701 36,125,975 95,229,537 107,950,408 Prior year adjustments - 6,222,933 - 542,322 - 6,765,255 Change in accounting principles (36,581,448) - - - (36,581,448)				-	0 457 400	167,687		0 457 400		167,687
Change in Net Position 53,441,836 71,824,433 41,787,701 36,125,975 95,229,537 107,950,408 Net Position - Beginning 790,730,951 807,591,339 454,134,700 495,922,401 1,244,865,651 1,303,513,740 Prior year adjustments - 6,222,933 - 542,322 - 6,765,255 Change in accounting principles (36,581,448) - (36,581,448) - -								, ,		
Net Position - Beginning 790,730,951 807,591,339 454,134,700 495,922,401 1,244,865,651 1,303,513,740 Prior year adjustments - 6,222,933 - 542,322 - 6,765,255 Change in accounting principles (36,581,448) - (36,581,448) - (36,581,448)	Total Special Items	-		-	6,457,499	167,687		6,457,499		167,687
Net Position - Beginning 790,730,951 807,591,339 454,134,700 495,922,401 1,244,865,651 1,303,513,740 Prior year adjustments - 6,222,933 - 542,322 - 6,765,255 Change in accounting principles (36,581,448) - (36,581,448) - (36,581,448)	Change in Net Position	53,441,836		71,824,433	41,787,701	36,125,975		95,229,537		107,950,408
Prior year adjustments - 6,222,933 - 542,322 - 6,765,255 Change in accounting principles (36,581,448) - (36,581,448) - (36,581,448)										
Change in accounting principles (36,581,448) (36,581,448) -		-			-			-		
Net Position - Ending \$ 807,591,339 \$ 885,638,705 \$ 495,922,401 \$ 532,590,698 \$ 1,303,513,740 \$ 1,418,229,403		(36,581,448)		-	-	-		(36,581,448)		-
	Net Position - Ending	\$ 807,591,339	\$	885,638,705	\$ 495,922,401	\$ 532,590,698	\$	1,303,513,740	\$	1,418,229,403

The following graphs illustrate the sources of revenue and the balance of governmental vs. business type expenses for 2019.



Governmental Activity Analysis

Governmental net position increased by \$78.0 million in 2019 from operations.

Revenues from Charges for Services, Fees, and Fines and Forfeitures saw a change from the prior year of \$7.1 million, or 14.0%; while revenues from Property Taxes changed by \$1.1 million, or 1.9%. A continued improving local economy is the driving force behind the tax increase. The Washington State Constitution limits the total regular property taxes to 1% of assessed valuation plus new constructions. Total governmental activities revenues changed by \$25.7 million, or 10.4%, including a change of \$5.1 million, or 8.3%, in revenues associated with Utility, Excise, Lodging and Other Taxes received by the City in 2019 compared to 2018.

Governmental activities expenses in total changed by \$8.8 million, or 4.6%. The major influencing factors of this increase are as follows:

- Security/Persons and Property expense increased due to increased personnel costs within the police and fire
 departments, along with an increase in supplies including protective clothing and minor tools and equipment, as well
 as in increase in the indirect cost allocation for police.
- The increase in Transportation expense was due to increased personnel costs, repairs and maintenance, operating supplies, and professional services related to construction projects.

Business-Type Activities Analysis

Business-type net position changed by \$36.7 million in 2019 from operations.

The Business-Type Activity revenue and expenses experienced an increase of \$9.5 million and \$7.3 million, respectively. As depicted in the graphs that follow, the Water/Sewer activity is the largest business-type activity in the City. As a result, the financial position of the City's business-type activities is strongly influenced by the Water/Sewer activity. This year, Water/Sewer had a change from prior year of \$4.5 million in operating revenue and a \$8.6 million in operating expenses. Revenue increased primarily from the increase in water and sewer rates, along with an increase in usage. Water and sewer expenses increased as a result of increase in taxes on utilities both at the state and local level, along with an increase in professional services relating to the increased cost of treatment plant operations and maintenance projects performed throughout the year.

Other business-type activities had changes in expenses, including the Building Inspection fund at \$671 thousand, and the Solid Waste fund at \$(549) thousand compared to last year due to increase in city-wide cost allocation and professional services.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS Governmental Funds Analysis

The City's governmental funds are categorized into four types consisting of General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Project Funds. Each fund type has a unique purpose. General Fund, Consolidated Fire Fund, Street Fund, Capital Improvement Fund and Park Impact Fees Fund are classified as major funds for the purposes of this report, based on criteria set forth by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The General Fund is the primary governmental fund. General Fund revenues experienced a change of 4.2% over the prior year due primarily to the change in Sales and Use taxes and Other Taxes for \$2.9 million and \$4.2 million, respectively. The change associated with Sales and Use taxes is based on changes to sales construction and sales activity, a direct result of an improving economy. The change to other taxes of is primarily due to an increase in taxes paid to the general fund from utilities operating within the city limits.

General Fund expenditures accounted for 48.6% of total governmental fund expenditures for the year, and experienced a change \$5.2 million or 5.0% from the prior year. Ending fund balance of the General Fund changed by \$14.6 million.

The Consolidated Fire Fund is a special revenue fund that encompasses both the operations and the equipment for the City's fire departments and Clark County Fire Protection District No. 5. Services provided by this fund include firefighting, emergency medical services, rescue, and public safety education. As reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, major funding for the Consolidated Fire Fund is Charges for Services and a transfer from the City's General Fund. The Consolidated Fire Fund in 2019 accounted for 20.8% of the governmental funds expenditures; a change of \$3.7 million from the prior year due primarily to personnel costs and supplies. The fund balance changed by \$3.2 million as expenses were slightly higher than revenues and transfers in.

The Street Fund is a special revenue fund established in accordance with State RCW 35A.37.010 for the administration of streetoriented maintenance and construction. Revenues have historically been derived from tax contributions distributed from the General Fund, state shared gasoline tax, an excise tax of ¼ of 1% of property value of transferred property and rents and royalties. In 2016, after the City spent a great deal of time finding a long-term solution to the street infrastructure funding, an intensive community engagement process took place resulting in a new revenue package to fund enhancements in the service level. A total of 12.5% of governmental fund expenditures was attributable to the Street fund in 2019; with a change due primarily to capital outlay, of \$3.2 million from last year. Fund balance changed by \$(21) thousand. The Capital Improvement Fund, established in 1977 to fund major capital projects in the City, is being reported as a major fund in 2019 due to the amount of capital projects during the year. Fund expenditures accounted for 1.59% of total governmental fund expenditures, a change of \$(16) thousand from 2018. Fund balance changed by \$8.65 million.

The Park Impact Fees Fund was established in 1995 to account for the accumulation and disposition of impact fees assessed against new development under the Growth Management Act of 1990. Fund expenditures accounted for 0.02%, less than 1% of total governmental operating expenditures. Fund balance changed by \$(1.1) million from last year due entirely to transfers out of fund resources.

All other non-major governmental operating, debt service and capital construction funds comprise the remaining governmental expenditures.

Business-Type Funds Analysis

Proprietary, or business-type, funds are those funds that account for government operations where the intent is for the costs to be primarily paid by user charges. Enterprise funds are those funds that provide services primarily to external users, and the internal service funds provide their services primarily within the City. The City has twelve business-type funds: six enterprise funds, and six internal service funds.

The Water/Sewer Fund is the largest business-type fund in the City, accounting for 95.24% of net position for the enterprise funds at \$507.2 million. This fund encompasses three legally consolidated utilities: water, sewer, and drainage operations. The Water/Sewer Fund's net position increased by \$32.9 million in 2019. This fund also reported operating income of \$5.1 million in 2019, a change of \$(3.75) million from 2018; of which operating revenue increased \$5.5 million or 5.3% over 2018 primarily due an increase in water and sewer rates, while operating expenses also increased \$9.3 million or 9.8% from 2018 related to an increase in taxes and professional services for maintenance. Additionally, Water/Sewer total net capital assets increased to \$406.7 million.

The Parking Services Fund reported a positive net position of \$9.5 million. Operating income totaled \$1.35 million and is attributed to parking permit rate increases and pay station rate increases in 2019, along with active enforcement.

The non-major business-type funds present a total operating income of \$247 thousand. The Building Inspection and Airport funds both reported operating income while the Tennis Center and Solid Waste funds had significant operating losses. The Tennis Center Fund reported a \$(416) thousand operating loss, which is less than the 2018 loss of \$1.3 million and due to a decrease in operating expenses related to supplies and contractual services. The Solid Waste fund presented an operating loss of \$(642) thousand, which is less than the \$1.1 million operating loss reported in 2018; a result of a decrease in operating expenses related to Supplies and Contractual services in 2019.

The Airport fund (formerly named the Airport fund) reported a \$0.5 thousand net operating income which was a \$228.1 thousand increase from 2018, primarily due to an decrease in Supplies and Contractual expenses.

The Building Inspection Fund had \$1.3 million in operating income, which was a change of \$824 thousand from 2018. The increase was primarily due to an increase in charges for services.

The non-major business-type funds represent \$1.1 million of the Net Pension Liability in 2019.

Internal Service Funds operate like the enterprise funds, but perform services primarily for other funds within the City. Because of the nature of these funds, they are charged with operating as close as possible to a break-even point. City Internal Service funds as reported in 2019 realized a net position increase of \$5.6 million. In total Internal Service funds reported an operating income of \$(3.0) million. The Internal Service Funds proportionate share of the Pension Liability is \$4.6 million at the end of 2019.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City has been enjoying several years of revenues in the General Fund coming in above forecasts mostly due to elevated levels of Sales Tax revenue. On an on-going basis, the budget anticipates an ongoing structural deficit each biennium that is a result of growth in on-going expenditures outpacing growth in on-going revenues. Contributing factors to this deficit include the following:

- Voters' passage of Initiative 695, which eliminated the motor vehicle excise tax in 2000.
- Initiative 747, which beginning in 2002 limited increases in property taxes to the lower of 1 percent or the implicit price deflator.
- The phase out and elimination of the city's Business and Occupation Tax beginning in 1993.
- Significantly greater City reliance on revenues that fluctuate with the economy.

The City has had relative financial stability from 2011 through 2018 fiscal year. There were no service-level or staffing reductions taken during this period of time. The City has taken this time to evaluate and reinforce its Financial Policies for the General Fund and other funds and re-build its General Fund balance to allow for future fluctuations of the economy. These polices are reviewed every two years during the budget development process. The policies ensure that the City maintains a healthy financial foundation into the future. These policies address such items as debt, future capital needs, and adequate reserves to build a stable and sustainable future and guide creation of City budgets.

Some significant changes between the original and final budget in 2019 include a total of 29 FTEs added during various budget actions of the City. Staffing has been added in Police, funded by fund the increased Business License Surcharge and Utility Tax revenues authorized by Council in response to recommendations from the extended community engagement process. A corresponding increase in purchases of police vehicles occurred in relation to the increase in staff.

The final 2019-2020 biennial budget totals \$1.26 billion in operating and capital expenditures, including 1,114 positions.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Vancouver's investment in capital assets, including construction in progress, for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2019, amounts to \$1.07 billion (net of accumulated depreciation).

The table that follows is a comparison of the summary information for year-end 2018 and 2019 capital assets.

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

	 Governmer	ntal A	Activities	 Business-typ	be A	ctivities		Total A	ctivi	ties
	 2018	2019		 2018		2019		2018		2019
Land	\$ 107,571,134	\$	123,344,999	\$ 40,696,567	\$	35,959,472	\$	147,592,701	\$	159,304,471
Capital artwork	-		96,920	-		-		-		96,920
Intangible - Easements	8,776,072		8,985,207	11,680,926		14,187,750		20,456,998		23,172,957
Buildings and systems	100,659,054		104,991,771	18,543,781		17,724,302		119,202,835		122,716,073
Machinery and equipment	18,408,921		23,902,767	2,906,152		2,339,205		21,315,073		26,241,972
Infrastructure	447,526,564		446,391,250	300,290,664		330,643,513		747,817,228		777,034,763
Intangible assets	538,987		7,870,139	1,311,604		946,970		1,850,591		8,817,109
Construction in progress	 16,491,886		13,808,826	 31,255,405		23,011,950		47,747,291		36,820,776
Total	\$ 699,972,618	\$	729,391,879	\$ 406,685,099	\$	424,813,162	\$	1,105,982,717	\$	1,154,205,041

Total net capital assets changed 4.4% from prior year. Land assets increased \$11.7 million, or 7.9%, Intangible assets \$7.0 million, or 376.4%, and infrastructure increased \$29.2 million or 3.9%. Some of the major capital projects and acquisitions that took place during the year include the Workday software system, continued development of the downtown waterfront, purchase of fleet vehicles, and infrastructure additions related to the City's utility funds. Additional information on City of Vancouver's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report. As of fiscal year end, the City had \$36.8 of capital projects in various stages of completion. Of this amount, 37.5% are related to Governmental Activities with the remaining 62.5% benefiting Business-type Activities.

Long-Term Debt

At December 31, 2019, the City of Vancouver had total bonded debt outstanding of \$68.9 million. Of this amount, \$60.5 million is General Obligation debt, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's debt of \$8.4 million represents bonds secured solely by specific revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds) of 3.8 and issuance premiums and discounts of 4.5. The below table is a comparison of the summary information for year-end 2018 and 2019 bonded debt. The City of Vancouver's total bonded debt decreased by \$(10.1) million, the result of scheduled principal payments made throughout 2019.

City of Vancouver Outstanding Bonded Debt

(in thousands)

	(Governmen	tal A	ctivities	E	Business-Ty	/pe A	Activities	Total Activities					
		2018 2019 5 59.997 \$ 54.3				2018		2019		2018		2019		
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Net Amounts for: Issuance premiums	\$	59,997 -	\$	54,367	\$	7,065 7,490	\$	6,120 3,840	\$	67,062 7,490	\$	60,487 3,840		
(discounts)		4,256		4,232		183		307		4,440		4,539		
Total	\$	64,253	\$	58,598	\$	14,738	\$	10,267	\$	78,991	\$	68,866		

The City of Vancouver maintains an "AA2"/"AA+" issuer rating from Moody's/Standard and Poor's (S & P) rating services, respectively. The City's LTGO bonds are rated AA3/AA+. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

At the end of 2019, revenue projections for 2020 indicate that revenues are anticipated to continue increasing over the projected time period, driven mostly by the economic stabilization. Some tempering in the rate of growth of sales tax is anticipated in 2020. Additionally, the City expects impacts as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Financial impacts will be dependent on the length of time social distancing and stay at home measures are necessary and in place. The City is working with its partners at the state, federal and local level to understand the potential economic impacts related to the pandemic. The City has enjoyed several years of stability and was able to set aside funding for several high priority capital projects, such as the Waterfront Park, Navigation Center and future Tower Mall redevelopment.

The City's management continues its commitment to seeking out and implementing new cost containment and service delivery options to ensure the most efficient and effective way of service delivery and savings over the long run. The City agencies have embarked on a process of developing their business plans and priorities at the same time as City Council is developing the vision and strategic plan for the City of Vancouver over the long term.

The City has had a very successful year in finding a long-term solution to the street infrastructure funding. An intensive community engagement process took place during 2015 resulting in a recommendation to Council on the desired service level in city street maintenance and a new revenue package to fund the enhancements in the service level. As the result of the process, a number of new funding sources and revenue increases was approved that would ultimately improve the City's roads from "fair" to "good" over the next 20-year period. A similar process took place in 2016 in relation to the service and staffing levels in Police. The outcome of this process was community support for additional staffing in Police, adding a total of 62 positions between 2016 and 2020. The staffing increase was funded by increases in the Utility tax revenue, and business license surcharge.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of City of Vancouver's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to Financial and Management Services, City of Vancouver, P.O. Box 1995, Vancouver, WA, 98668-1995.



Mayor Anne McEnerny-Ogle 2014-Present



Bart Hansen 2010-Present



Bill Turlay 2012-Present



Alishia Topper 2014-2018





Linda Glover 2018-Present



Laurie Lebowsky 2018-Present





Government-Wide Financial Statements

CITY OF VANCOUVER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2019

		at			
			Primary Governmer	Vancouver Downtown	Vancouver Public
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	e Total Primary Government	Redevelopment Authority	Facilities District
ASSETS	\$ 280.249.181	\$ 111.648.689	9 \$ 391,897,870	\$ 91,401 \$	\$ 156,236
Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal/escrow agents	\$ 280,249,181	\$ 111,648,689		\$ 91,401 3 8,499,981	\$ 156,236
Restricted assets				0,100,001	
Accrued interest receivable	-	16,989	16,989	-	-
Cash with fiscal/escrow agent	-	8,934,293		7,916,755	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts)	30,073,578	14,140,843		1,383,288	304,639
Inventories Prepaid items	580,212 279,179	936,863		48,402	-
Internal Balances	343,577	4,778 (343,577		130,719	-
Due from other governmental units	786,311	322,990		-	372,610
Noncurrent capital assets held for resale	846,035	4,386,993		-	-
Net pension asset	44,029,600		44,029,600	-	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)					
Land & land improvements	123,344,999	35,959,472		-	3,603,691
Capital artwork Easements	96,920 8,985,207	14,187,750	- 96,920) 23,172,957	-	-
Buildings	104,991,771	17,724,302	, ,	33,379,515	-
Machinery and equipment	23,902,767	2,339,205		2,298,837	-
Infrastructure	446,391,250	330,643,513		_,,	-
Intangible assets	7,870,139	946,970	8,817,109	-	-
Construction work in progress	13,808,826	23,011,950		93,784	-
Total assets	1,086,579,552	564,862,023	1,651,441,575	53,842,682	4,437,176
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unamortized loss on refunding	2,223,715	539,726	2,763,441	973,592	-
Amounts related to pension	9,028,876	2,315,022	11,343,898	-	-
Amounts Related to asset retirement obligation	450,000	325,000			-
Total deferred outflows of resources	11,702,591	3,179,748	14,882,339	973,592	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	17,142,054	10,914,853	28,056,907	1,223,005	-
Due to other governmental units	-			-	817,851
Accrued interest payable	195,410	29,018		1,206,031	-
Unearned revenue	10,612,215	177,834		557,448	-
Custodial accounts Noncurrent liabilities	251,470	96,471	347,941	-	-
Special assessment debt with governmental					
commitments due in more than one year	15,000		- 15,000	-	-
Pension liability	11,506,746	6,957,146		-	-
Total OPEB liabilities due in one year	935,196		- 935,196	-	-
Total OPEB liabilities due in more than one year	43,513,770		43,513,770	-	-
Asset retirement obligations	450,000	325,000		-	-
Due within one year Due in more than one year	21,012,638 88,180,324	7,547,360 5,431,024		2,067,117 60,026,999	-
Total liabilities	193,814,823	31,478,706		65,080,600	817,851
	100,011,020	01,110,100		00,000,000	017,001
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Amounts related to pension	18,828,615	3,972,367			-
Total deferred inflows of resources	18,828,615	3,972,367	22,800,982		-
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	659,169,955	415,085,644	1,074,255,599	(19,443,545)	3,603,691
Restricted for					
Capital purposes	28,192,857	4,204,211		347,138	-
Culture & recreation	28,223	4 700 400	- 28,223	-	-
Debt service Economic environment	48,645 21,475,163	4,732,460	4,781,105 - 21,475,163	7,569,617	-
Grants	7,531,970		- 7,531,970	-	-
Intergovernmental facilities	235		- 235	-	-
Pension and OPEB	60,057,851		60,057,851	-	-
Physical environment	9,491,434		9,491,434	-	-
Security of persons & property	1,569,227	100 500 555	- 1,569,227	-	-
Unrestricted	98,073,145	108,568,383		1,262,464	15,634 3.619.325
Total net position	<u>\$ 885,638,705</u>	\$ 532,590,698	\$ 1,418,229,403	<u>\$ (10,264,326)</u>	\$ 3,619,325

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

CITY OF VANCOUVER STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

					rog	ram Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position										
										Pri	ma	ry Government		Component Units					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	I Re	/ancouver Downtown development Authority		ancouver Public Facilities District	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT											-								
Governmental Activities:																			
General government	\$	35,056,021	\$	14,631,617	\$	119,939	\$	122,014	\$	(20,182,451)	\$	-	\$	(20,182,451)	\$	-	\$		
Security/persons & property		99,143,086		17,054,400		5,930,870		-		(76,157,816)		-		(76,157,816)		-			
Physical environment		89,531		138,463		-		1,012,000		1,060,932		-		1,060,932		-			
Transportation		27,469,791		9,420,191		1,637,793		20,554,340		4,142,533		-		4,142,533		-			
Social Services		585,604		-		-		-		(585,604)		-		(585,604)		-			
Economic environment		13,514,444		11,663,007		327,209		534,489		(989,739)		-		(989,739)		-			
Intergovernmental facilities		5,698,948		-		-		-		(5,698,948)		-		(5,698,948)		-			
Culture and recreation		16,940,568		4,633,091		44,411		3,247,124		(9,015,942)		-		(9,015,942)		-			
Interest/fiscal charges		2,206,372		-		-		-		(2,206,372)		-		(2,206,372)		-			
Total governmental activities		200,704,365		57,540,769		8,060,222		25,469,967		(109.633,407)				(109,633,407)		-			
-		200,101,000		01,010,100		0,000,222		20,100,001		(100,000,101)				(100,000,101)					
Business-type Activities: Water/Sewer		104,891,094		109,665,838		75,219		24,476,884				29,326,847		29,326,847					
Parking		3.190.832		4,497,140		75,219		24,470,004		-		1,306,308		1.306.308		-			
Airport		691,335		4,497,140 691,818		- 1,917		- 215,855		-		218,255		218,255		-			
•		6,359,292		7,663,325		1,917		215,655		-		1,304,033		1,304,033		-			
Building Inspection Solid Waste		2,230,304		1,588,283		-		-		-		(642,021)		(642,021)		-			
		1,278,646		862,679		-		-		-				(415,967)		-			
Tennis Center		1,278,040		802,079				-		-	-	(415,967)		(415,967)					
Total business-type activities	s	118,641,503	_	124,969,083		77,136		24,692,739		-		31,097,455		31,097,455		-			
Total Primary Government	\$	319,345,868	\$	182,509,852	\$	8,137,358	\$	50,162,706	= =	(109,633,407)	=	31,097,455	= ==	(78,535,952)					
COMPONENT UNITS																			
Downtown Redevelopment																(
Authority		20,393,313		20,293,517				-								(99,796)			
Public Facilities District	-	1,684,129	_	-	_	8,000	_	-			_					-		(1,676,12	
Total Component Units	\$	22,077,442	\$	20,293,517	\$	8,000	\$	-								(99,796)		(1,676,12	
	Ge	eneral Revenues:																	
		Taxes:																	
				vied for General F	Purp	oses				55,787,730		-	5	55,787,730		-		-	
		Sales and Use	e Tax	es						49,513,857		-		49,513,857	3,0	06,056	1,67	6,894	
		Utility Taxes								51,357,891		-		51,357,891		-		-	
				d Other Taxes						14,910,269		-		14,910,269		-		-	
		Unrestricted Inve Miscellaneous	stme	nt Earnings (loss)					6,436,552		3,225,922		9,662,474		63,783		1,213	
		Special Item - Ga	in or	ovtinguishmont	ofd	obt				2,542,488		2,543,964		5,086,452		15,180 07,813		-	
		Special Item - Re					erati	ons		-		167,687		167,687		-		-	
	_	Extraordinary Iter	m - B	ankruptcy settler	nent					-		-		-		3,753		-	
	Tra	ansfers						-		909,053		(909,053)						-	
				enues, Special Ite s and Transfers	ems,					181,457,840		5,028,520	18	36,486,360	3,3	96,585	1,67	8,107	
		Change in Net						-		71,824,433		36,125,975	1(07,950,408	3,2	96,789		1,978	
		et Position - Begin								807,591,339		495,922,401	1,30	03,513,740	(13,5	61,115)	3,61	7,348	
		ior period adjustm						-		6,222,933 885,638,705 \$		542,322 532,590,698 \$		6,765,255 18,229,403 \$	(40.0	- 64,326) \$	0.04	- 9,326	
	INE	et Position - Endin	U D					3		000.038.705 \$		532.590.698 \$	1.4	18.229.403 \$	(10.2)	04.1/b) h	3 61	4 3/h	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
Fund Financial Statements

General Fund

In the City of Vancouver, this fund accounts for all receipt and disbursement transactions that are not specifically accounted for in other funds and which are generally considered to represent the ordinary operations of a municipality. This fund is both tax and general revenue supported. Expenditures are budgeted bi-annually on the modified accrual basis and its appropriations lapse at year-end.

The primary sources of revenues for the General Fund are: property tax, sales tax, utility taxes, licenses and permits, the state shared liquor and vehicle excise tax, court fines, and reimbursements from other funds of the City for pro-rating the costs of management and overhead.

Consolidated Fire Fund

This fund was established as a result of an agreement between the City of Vancouver and Fire District 5 to provide fire services. Two fire departments were consolidated and are now under the direction of the City. The fund will account for money received and expenditures made in providing fire services to the combined City and Fire District 5 service area.

Street Fund

This is a general government service fund established in accordance with State <u>RCW 35A.37.010</u> for the administration of street-oriented maintenance and construction. Revenues are derived from tax contributions distributed from the General Fund, state shared gasoline tax, an excise tax of 1/4 of 1% of property value of transferred property, fines and fees.

Capital Improvement Fund

This fund was created in 1977 to fund major capital improvement projects. Funding came primarily from Revenue Sharing monies until 1987. Current revenues are interest earning, grants, and contributions from the general fund.

Parks Impact Fees Funds

The Transportation/Parks Impact Fees funds were established in 1995 to account for the accumulation and disposition of impact fees assessed against new development under the Growth Management Act of 1990. Each is shown in separate legal funds.

Water/Sewer Fund

Water/Sewer Fund receives its revenue from service charges and from the sales of materials and supplies. Expenditures are for maintenance and extensions of drainage, water and sewer service facilities, operating a water supply system, maintaining sewer treatment plants, and operating a water drainage system. This fund also reflects the operation of revenue bonds outstanding, the funds available for redemption bonds, accumulative reserve, and construction funds.

Parking Services Fund

The Parking Services Fund was created in October 1981. It receives revenues from operations of City owned or operated public parking lots. Its expenses are directly related to the operation and maintenance of those facilities.

CITY OF VANCOUVER BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2019

						Major Funds				
		General Fund	С	onsolidated Fire Fund		Street Fund	Im	Capital provement Fund	Pa	arks Impact Fees
ASSETS	<u>^</u>			17 000 704	<u></u>	10 500 101			<u> </u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	94,501,240	\$	17,693,701	\$	13,598,421	\$	34,830,323	\$	10,747,189
Receivables (net) Taxes/assessments		13.401.930				1.004.907				
Accounts		786,381		- 132,979		1,004,907		472,177		-
Interest		183,586		33,828		25,970		66,319		20,524
Notes		103,300		33,020		25,970		00,319		20,524
Due from other funds		428,920		- 101,184		43,715		2 704 909		26,882
		,		101,164		43,715		2,704,808		20,002
Due from interfund advances		1,373,672		-		-		-		-
Due from other governmental units		266,793		2,646		-		-		-
Prepaid items		170,716		-		-		-		-
Inventory		774		-				-		-
Total assets		111,114,012	·	17,964,338		14,835,580		38,073,627		10,794,595
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	·	-		-				-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS										
OF RESOURCES	\$	111,114,012	\$	17,964,338	\$	14,835,580	\$	38,073,627	\$	10,794,595
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	2.545.027	\$	144.252	\$	940.652	\$	330.021	\$	-
Due to other funds	+	3,152,407	*	41,874	+	115,275	*		*	10.770
Due to interfund advances				-				-		1.292.391
Due to other governmental units		2.513.377		1,914		_		-		-
Accrued interest payable		28,380		-		-		-		-
Accrued liabilities		4,583,471		742,718		125,846				-
Custodial accounts		207.502		1.493		4,493				_
Unearned revenue		929,776		104,955		2,919		9,493,071		-
Total liabilities		13,959,940	·	1,037,206	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,189,185		9,823,092		1,303,161
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue-property taxes		578,658						_		
Total deferred inflows of resources		578,658								
Total deferred innows of resources		576,000	·	-		-				-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		1,463,880		-		-		-		-
Restricted		16,098,889		-		-		-		9,491,434
Committed		17,882,109		14,211,240		1,358,208		1,326,360		-
Assigned		1,147,744		2,715,892		12,288,187		26,924,175		-
Unassigned		59,982,792		-		-		-	_	-
Total fund balances		96,575,414		16,927,132		13,646,395		28,250,535		9,491,434
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	111,114,012	\$	17,964,338	\$	14,835,580	\$	38,073,627	\$	10,794,595

Receivables (net) 949,433 15,356,270 Taxes/assessments 949,433 15,356,270 Accounts 1,511,490 3,065,594 Interest 108,618 438,845 Notes 10,833,525 10,833,525 Due from other funds 1,419,272 4,724,781 Due from other governmental units 516,872 786,311 Prepaid items 8,463 179,179 Inventory - 1,774 Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 6,144,587 Due to interfund advances 81,281 1,373,672 <			Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Receivables (net) Yaxes/assessments 949,433 15,356,270 Accounts 1,511,490 3,065,594 Interest 108,618 438,845 Notes 10,833,525 10,833,525 Due from other funds 1,419,272 4,724,781 Due from other governmental units 516,872 786,311 Prepaid items 8,463 179,172 Inventory - 774 Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,804 Due to other funds 81,281 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accounts payable 1,281 1,373,672	ASSETS				· · · · ·
Accounts 1,511,490 3,065,594 Interest 108,618 438,845 Notes 10,833,525 10,833,525 Due from other funds 1,419,272 4,724,781 Due from other governmental units 516,872 786,311 Prepaid items 8,463 179,172 Inventory - 774 Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS \$ 72,204,742 \$ Counts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 1,373,672 Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,804 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued interest 6,470,461 18,426 5,470,461 Unearmed revenue		\$	56,857,069	\$	228,227,943
Accounts 1,511,490 3,065,594 Interest 108,618 438,845 Notes 10,833,525 10,833,525 Due from other funds 1,419,272 4,724,781 Due from interfund advances - 1,373,672 Due from other governmental units 516,872 786,311 Prepaid items 8,463 179,179 Inventory - 774 Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS \$ 72,204,742 \$ OF RESOURCES \$ - - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - - - LIABILITIES \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 A	Taxes/assessments		949,433		15,356,270
Notes 10,833,525 10,833,525 Due from other funds 1,419,272 4,724,781 Due from other governmental units 516,872 786,311 Prepaid items 8,463 179,173 Inventory - 774 Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS \$ 72,204,742 \$ Due to interfund advances - - - Due to other funds 81,281 1,373,672 \$ Due to interfund advances 81,281 1,373,672 \$ Due to other funds 81,281 1,373,672 \$ Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 \$ Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 30,481 Accrued itabilities 18,426 5,470,461 235,651 Unearmed revenue 22,163 235,651 10,581,933	Accounts				3,065,594
Due from other funds 1,419,272 4,724,781 Due from interfund advances - 1,373,672 Due from other governmental units 516,872 786,311 Prepaid items 8,463 179,173 Inventory - 774 Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS \$ 72,204,742 \$ 264,986,894 LIABILITIES - - - - - - Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to other funds 1,373,672 Due to other funds 81,281 1,373,672 204,986,894 1,373,672 204,986,894 2,104,475 4,704,804 Due to other funds 81,281 1,373,672 204,986,894 2,104,475 4,704,804 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 4,704,804 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units<	Interest		108,618		438,845
Due from interfund advances 1,373,672 Due from other governmental units 516,872 786,311 Prepaid items 8,463 179,179 Inventory - 774 Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS \$ 72,204,742 \$ OF RESOURCES - - - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS \$ 72,204,742 \$ 264,986,894 LIABILITIES - - - - - - Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 - - Due to other funds 1,373,672 326,987 2,842,278 - - - Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 - - - - Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 - 2,362,276 - - <td>Notes</td> <td></td> <td>10,833,525</td> <td></td> <td>10,833,525</td>	Notes		10,833,525		10,833,525
Due from other governmental units 516,872 786,311 Prepaid items 8,463 179,179 Inventory - 774 Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS - - OF RESOURCES - - Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933	Due from other funds		1,419,272		4,724,781
Due from other governmental units 516,872 786,311 Prepaid items 8,463 179,179 Inventory - 774 Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - Total deferred outflows of resources - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS - - OF RESOURCES - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS - - OF RESOURCES - - LIABILITIES \$ 6,144,587 Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued interest payable 2,163 235,651 Unearmed revenue 22,163 235,651	Due from interfund advances		-		1,373,672
Inventory Total assets 774 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total deferred outflows of resources - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - LIABILITIES \$ 72,204,742 Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 Due to other funds 1,384,475 Due to interfund advances 81,281 Due to other governmental units 326,987 Accrued interest payable 2,101 Accrued interest payable 2,101 Accrued interest payable 2,101 Sof,887 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 Sof,817 2,842,178 Sof,817 2,163 <td>Due from other governmental units</td> <td></td> <td>516,872</td> <td></td> <td>786,311</td>	Due from other governmental units		516,872		786,311
Inventory Total assets 774 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total deferred outflows of resources - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES - LIABILITIES \$ 72,204,742 Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 Due to other funds 1,384,475 Due to interfund advances 81,281 Due to other governmental units 326,987 Accrued interest payable 2,101 Accrued interest payable 2,101 Accrued interest payable 2,101 Sof,887 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 Sof,817 2,842,178 Sof,817 2,163 <td>Prepaid items</td> <td></td> <td>8,463</td> <td></td> <td>179,179</td>	Prepaid items		8,463		179,179
Total assets 72,204,742 264,986,894 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total deferred outflows of resources - - - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 72,204,742 \$ 264,986,894 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to other funds \$ 1,373,672 1,373,672 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units \$ 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearmed revenue 51,212 10,581,933			-		774
Total deferred outflows of resources - TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 72,204,742 \$ 264,986,894 LIABILITIES \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to sther funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 Due to interfund advances 81,281 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933			72,204,742	_	264,986,894
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 72,204,742 \$ 264,986,894 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 Due to other fund advances 81,281 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933					
OF RESOURCES \$ 72,204,742 \$ 264,986,894 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 2235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933	Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-
LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 Due to interfund advances 81,281 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933		¢	72 204 742	¢	264 086 804
Accounts payable \$ 2,184,635 \$ 6,144,587 Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 Due to interfund advances 81,281 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933		ψ	12,204,142	ψ	204,300,034
Due to other funds 1,384,475 4,704,801 Due to interfund advances 81,281 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933					
Due to interfund advances 81,281 1,373,672 Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933	Accounts payable	\$	2,184,635	\$	6,144,587
Due to other governmental units 326,987 2,842,278 Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933	Due to other funds		1,384,475		4,704,801
Accrued interest payable 2,101 30,481 Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933					1,373,672
Accrued liabilities 18,426 5,470,461 Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933			326,987		2,842,278
Custodial accounts 22,163 235,651 Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933					30,481
Unearned revenue 51,212 10,581,933					5,470,461
					235,651
Total liabilities 4,071,280 31,383,864					10,581,933
	Total liabilities		4,071,280		31,383,864
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes 68,370 647,028	Unavailable revenue-property taxes		68,370		647,028
	Total deferred inflows of resources	_		_	647,028
FUND BALANCES					
			8 464		1,472,344
			,		84,036,006
					35,201,610
					52,263,250
5	6		5,107,252		59,982,792
			68,065,092		232,956,002
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
		\$	72,204,742	\$	264,986,894

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 232,956,002
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	705,581,225
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds Bonds Payable Plus: Issuance (Premium)/Discount (to be amortized as interest income) Special assessment debt Accrued interest payable Government loans Compensated absences for non-Internal Service Funds Impact fee credits Lease Payable Net OPEB obligation Net Pension Liability Mult-Employer Plan	(54,366,500) (4,231,816) (15,000) (195,410) (3,539,908) (8,976,973) (17,074,039) (11,352,034) (44,448,966) (6,881,174)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the funds, or other long-term assets of the City Deferred amounts eliminated for government-wide Net Pension Assets Multi-Employer Plan Net pension Asset - Single Employer Plan - Police Net pension Asset - Single Employer Plan - Fire Noncurrent retired capital assets held for sale	647,028 36,543,509 1,861,130 5,624,961 846,035
Deferred outflows/(inflows) required to be recognized on government-wide Deferred outflows - unamortized loss on refunding (to be amortized as interest expense) Deferred outflows - related to pensions Deferred inflows - related to pensions Some transactions occur internally between funds. ctivity between governmental funds reported together as	2,223,715 7,489,696 (16,187,522)
governmental activity must be eliminated, in addition to those with internal service funds reported in the government-wide. Elimination of amounts due from other related funds Elimination of amounts due to other related funds Elimination of interfund loans payable Elimination of interfund loans receiveable Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of	 (4,647,082) 4,646,766 1,373,672 (1,373,672) 59,135,062
the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 885,638,705

CITY OF VANCOUVER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

						Major Funds				
		General Fund	С	onsolidated Fire Fund		Street Fund	Imp	Capital rovement Fund	Pa	rks Impact Fees
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	49,897,847	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Sales and use taxes		46,853,479		-		-		-		-
Business & Occupation Taxes		51,357,891		-		-		-		-
Excise Taxes		663,919		-		4,749,199		-		-
License and permits		2.703.134		882,492		1,467,970		-		-
Intergovernmental		5,569,824		468,580		5,834,285		168,976		-
Charges for services		8,756,366		10,927,528		939,547		765,761		2,028,032
Fines and penalties		1,583,422		44.075				-		_,,
Investment earnings		2,087,580		475,238		352,801		829,518		277,955
Rents and royalties		3,858,242		110,200		339,847		472,177		211,000
Contributions/donations		119.937		14,725		000,047		472,177		
Prior period cost allocation adjustment		4,539,109		6,618				55,110		
Miscellaneous		, ,				- F 001		55,110		-
		258,972		27,811		5,001		-		-
Total revenues	_	178,249,722		12,847,067		13,688,650		2,291,542		2,305,987
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government		11,003,675		-		-		847,515		-
Security of persons & property		63,279,398		44,790,789		-		465,207		-
Physical environment		-		-		-		· -		26.613
Transportation		-		-		17,506,650		-		-
Economic environment		7,346,895		-		-		-		-
Social services		585,604		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		13,874,276				_				_
Intergovernmental facilities		10,011,210				_		_		
Capital outlay		11,797,263		1,335,605		10,247,528		2,219,221		_
Debt service		11,737,203		1,555,005		10,247,320		2,213,221		
Principal retirement										
		-		-		-		-		-
Interest/fiscal charges Total expenditures		107,887,111		46,126,394		27,754,178		3,531,943		26,613
		101,001,111		10,120,001		21,104,110		0,001,010		20,010
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		70 000 044		(00.070.007)		(11.005.500)		(4.0.40.404)		0.070.074
over (under) expenditures		70,362,611		(33,279,327)		(14,065,528)		(1,240,401)		2,279,374
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of capital assets		-		36,742		2,384		-		-
Capital Lease Issuance		11,352,034		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		573,798		37,310,474		14,960,898		9,893,652		-
Transfers out		(67,733,293)		(853,332)		(918,963)		-		(3,355,482)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(55,807,461)		36,493,884	_	14,044,319		9,893,652		(3,355,482)
Net change in fund balances		14,555,150		3,214,557		(21,209)		8,653,251		(1,076,108)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		79,774,377		13,670,238		13,667,604		19,597,284		10,567,542
Prior Period Adjustment		2,245,887		42,337						
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	96,575,414	\$	16,927,132	\$	13,646,395	\$	28,250,535	\$	9,491,434
	<u> </u>	, · · · ·		, ,	: <u>–</u>	, ,		, .,	<u> </u>	, . ,

CITY OF VANCOUVER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 5,977,473	\$	55,875,320
Sales and use taxes	2,660,378		49,513,857
Business & Occupation Taxes	-		51,357,891
Excise Taxes	9,557,744		14,970,862
License and permits	2,528,304		7,581,900
Intergovernmental	5,328,744		17,370,409
Charges for services	8,348,124		31,765,358
Fines and penalties	45,136		1,672,633
Investment earnings	1,332,932		5,356,024
Rents and royalties	350,757		5,021,023
Contributions/donations	1,470,314		1,604,976
Prior period cost allocation adjustment	477,495		5,078,332
Miscellaneous	 508,157		799,941
Total revenues	 38,585,558		247,968,526
EXPENDITURES Current			
General government	1,183,869		13,035,059
Security of persons & property	133,454		108,668,848
Physical environment	62,800		89,413
Transportation	3,460,197		20,966,847
Economic environment	5,536,323		12,883,218
Social services	-		585,604
Culture and recreation	893,134		14,767,410
Intergovernmental facilities	5,698,948		5,698,948
Capital outlay	11,088,005		36,687,622
Debt service			
Principal retirement	5,991,471		5,991,471
Interest/fiscal charges	 2,524,534		2,524,534
Total expenditures	 36,572,735	_	221,898,974
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,012,823		26,069,552
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of capital assets	861,474		900,600
Capital Lease Issuance	-		11,352,034
Transfers in	17,686,864		80,425,686
Transfers out	 (11,202,617)		(84,063,687)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 7,345,721		8,614,633
Net change in fund balances	9,358,544		34,684,185
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	54,803,170		192,080,215
Prior Period Adjustment	 3,903,378		6,191,602
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 68,065,092	\$	232,956,002

CITY OF VANCOUVER RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net Change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 34,684,185
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay and capital lease issuance Depreciation expense	15,225,533 (24,630,318)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) not reported in governmental funds.	21,995,029
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Earned taxes Earned special assessments Earned revenue considered available at fund level Contributions related to impact fee credits Contributions related to pension	(87,590) (60,593) (425,482) 1,637,793 1,152,003
Long-term liabilities, including the issuance of bonds, provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt/ loans consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the result of the differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. General obligation debt payments Governmental loan payments Special assessment debt payments	5,630,000 341,471 20,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Compensated absences OPEB Cost Pension - single employer plan Pension Cost - multiple employer plan Accrued Interest Amortization of deferred amount on refunding Amortization of discounts/premiums	(509,656) 513,751 2,623,551 7,758,551 14,968 278,711 24,483
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment, insurance and printing to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	5,638,043
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	71,824,433
Prior period adjustments that are related to transactions that are only reported under full accrual and therefore appear only on the governmentwide statements. Prior period adjustments for internal service funds that are related to governemntal activities.	358,648 (327,313)

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES COMPARED TO BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budget	t Amo	ounts	Actual			
		Original		Final		Biennium		
		2019-20		2019-20		To-Date		Variance
		Biennium		Biennium		Thru 12/31/19		Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	100,082,469	\$	100,082,469	\$	49,897,847	\$	(50,184,622)
Sales and use taxes		91,211,686		91,211,686		46,853,479		(44,358,207)
Business & Occupation Taxes		108,326,265		108,326,265		51,357,891		(56,968,374)
Excise Taxes		1,315,802		1,315,802		663,919		(651,883)
License and permits		4,415,516		4,415,516		2,703,134		(1,712,382)
Intergovernmental		9,260,804		9,485,792		5,569,824		(3,915,968)
Charges for services		18,470,215		18,470,215		8,756,366		(9,713,849)
Fines and penalties		3,045,500		3,045,500		1,583,422		(1,462,078)
Investment earnings		1,775,000		1,775,000		2,087,580		312,580
Rents and royalties		6,015,751		6,047,951		3,858,242		(2,189,709)
Contributions/donations		8,887		183,487		119,937		(63,550)
Prior period cost allocation adjustment		-		-		4,539,109		4,539,109
Miscellaneous		9,880,530	-	9,880,530		258,972		(9,621,558)
Total revenues		353,808,425		354,240,213		178,249,722		(175,990,491)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		220,411,444		222,211,794		11,003,675		211,208,119
Security of persons & property		6,554,174		6,554,174		63,279,398		(56,725,224)
Economic environment		0,004,174		0,004,174		7,346,895		(7,346,895)
Social services		_				585,604		(585,604)
Culture and recreation		_				13,874,276		(13,874,276)
Capital outlay		30,000		336,962		11,797,263		(11,460,301)
Total expenditures		226,995,618		229,102,930		107,887,111		121,215,819
Total experiatores		220,995,018		229,102,930		107,007,111		121,213,019
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		126,812,807		125,137,283		70,362,611		(54,774,672)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Capital Lease Issuance		-		-		11,352,034		11,352,034
Transfers in		1,831,469		3,035,068		573,798		(2,461,270)
Transfers out		(125,644,008)		(126,321,963)		(67,733,293)		58,588,670
Total other financing sources (uses)		(123,812,539)		(123,286,895)		(55,807,461)		67,479,434
Net change in fund balance		3,000,268		1,850,388		14,555,150		12,704,762
ner change in rund balance		3,000,200		1,000,000		14,000,100		12,104,102
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING RESTATED		79,774,377		79,774,377		79,774,377		-
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-		2,245,887		2,245,887
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	82,774,645	\$	81,624,765	\$	96,575,414	\$	14,950,649

CONSOLIDATED FIRE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES COMPARED TO BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year ended December 31, 2019

	Budge	t Am	ounts	Actual			
	 Original		Final		Biennium		
	2019-20		2019-20		To-Date		Variance
	 Biennium		Biennium		Thru 12/31/19		Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES							/
License and permits	\$ 1,390,500	\$	1,390,500	\$	882,492	\$	(508,008)
Intergovernmental	112,000		450,611		468,580		17,969
Charges for services	24,963,729		25,012,090		10,927,528		(14,084,562)
Fines and penalties	70,000		70,000		44,075		(25,925)
Investment earnings	215,000		215,000		475,238		260,238
Rents and royalties	66,954		66,954		-		(66,954)
Contributions/donations	32,000		34,725		14,725		(20,000)
Prior period cost allocation adjustment	-		-		6,618		6,618
Miscellaneous	 -	·	-		27,811		27,811
Total revenues	 26,850,183		27,239,880		12,847,067		(14,392,813)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Security of persons & property	89,768,082		90,668,579		44,790,789		45,877,790
Capital outlay	5,069,019		5,389,284		1,335,605		4,053,679
Total expenditures	 94,837,101		96,057,863	_	46,126,394	_	49,931,469
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(67,986,918)		(68,817,983)		(33,279,327)		35,538,656
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of capital assets	-		-		36,742		36,742
Transfers in	70,792,094		70,537,133		37,310,474		(33,226,659)
Transfers out	 (4,521,265)		(4,517,835)		(853,332)		3,664,503
Total other financing sources and uses	 66,270,829		66,019,298		36,493,884		(29,525,414)
Net change in fund balances	(1,716,089)		(2,798,685)		3,214,557		6,013,242
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	13,670,238		13,670,238		13,670,238		-
Prior Period Adjustment	 -		-		42,337		42,337
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 11,954,149	<u>\$</u>	10,871,553	\$	16,927,132	\$	6,055,579

STREET FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES COMPARED TO BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year ended December 31, 2019

		Budget	Am	ounts	Actual			
		Original		Final		Biennium		
		2019-20		2019-20		To-Date		Variance
		Biennium		Biennium		Thru 12/31/19		Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES					_		_	
Excise Taxes	\$	6,100,000	\$	6,100,000	\$	4,749,199	\$	(1,350,801)
License and permits		2,795,000		2,795,000		1,467,970		(1,327,030)
Intergovernmental		8,250,000		9,918,000		5,834,285		(4,083,715)
Charges for services		1,557,346		1,557,346		939,547		(617,799)
Investment earnings		310,000		310,000		352,801		42,801
Rents and royalties		842,500		842,500		339,847		(502,653)
Miscellaneous		-		-		5,001		5,001
Total revenues		19,854,846		21,522,846	_	13,688,650	_	(7,834,196)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Transportation		35,726,214		37,358,738		17,506,650		19,852,088
Capital outlay		13,150,124		18,460,276		10,247,528		8,212,748
Total expenditures		48,876,338		55,819,014		27,754,178		28,064,836
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(00.004.400)		(04 000 400)				00 000 040
over (under) expenditures		(29,021,492)		(34,296,168)		(14,065,528)		20,230,640
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets		-		-		2,384		2,384
Transfers in		30,681,370		30,704,463		14,960,898		(15,743,565)
Transfers out		(4,971,927)		(3,555,461)		(918,963)		2,636,498
Total other financing sources and uses		25,709,443		27,149,002		14,044,319		(13,104,683)
Net change in fund balances		(3,312,049)		(7,147,166)		(21,209)		7,125,957
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		13,667,604		13,667,604		13,667,604		-
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-				-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	10,355,555	\$	6,520,438	\$	13,646,395	\$	7,125,957

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Ľ	ecem	ber (31,	201	9

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									(Governmental
		Maj	or Fur	nds					Activities)	
	Water/Sewer			Parking Services		Non-Major Enterprise Funds		Total		Internal Service Funds
ASSETS										
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	95,786,892	\$	4,288,351	\$	11,573,446	\$	111,648,689	\$	52,021,238
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments:										
Cash and cash equivalents		8,934,293		-		-		8,934,293		-
Accrued interest receivable		16,989		-		-		16,989		-
Receivables (net)										
Accounts		8,982,824		669,865		100,865		9,753,554		280,109
Interest		182,771		8,177		22,075		213,023		99,235
Due from other funds		200,026		-		-		200,026		465,903
Due from other governmental units		146,617		-		176,373		322,990		-
Inventory		936,863		-		-		936,863		579,438
Prepaid expenses		500		-		4,278		4,778		100,000
Total current assets	_	115,187,775		4,966,393		11,877,037		132,031,205		53,545,923
Noncurrent assets										
Contracts receivable		4,174,269		-		-		4,174,269		-
Noncurrent capital assets held for resale		4,386,993		-		-		4,386,993		-
Capital assets										
Land and improvements		35,006,613		468,657		484,202		35,959,472		-
Intangible - Easements		14,187,750		-		-		14,187,750		-
Construction in progress		22,174,911		-		837,039		23,011,950		1,726,939
Other improvements		612,776,721		78,938		2,395,161		615,250,820		-
Buildings		7,867,941		16,984,573		9,517,252		34,369,766		-
Intangible assets		9,930,732		128,712		1,837,338		11,896,782		7,744,372
Machinery and equipment		24,780,141		2,053,216		324,321		27,157,678		39,338,208
Accumulated depreciation		(319,979,419)		(8,485,946)		(8,555,691)		(337,021,056)		(24,998,863)
Capital assets (net)		406,745,390		11,228,150		6,839,622		424,813,162		23,810,656
Total noncurrent assets		415,306,652		11,228,150		6,839,622		433,374,424		23,810,656
Total assets		530,494,427		16,194,543		18,716,659	_	565,405,629		77,356,579
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred Out Flows Related to Asset Retirement										
Obligations		175,000		-		150,000		325,000		450,000
Deferred charge on refunding		510,922		28,804		-		539,726		-
Amounts related to pension		1,889,115		74,396		351,511		2,315,022		1,539,180
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,575,037		103,200		501,511		3,179,748		1,989,180
		_,;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;		. 50,200		291,011		2, 10,110		.,

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2019

		ts	(Governmental		
	Maio	or Funds	vities - Enterprise Fund		Activities)
	Water/Sewer	Parking Services	Non-Major Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	9,350,591	110,139	872,437	10,333,167	2,297,120
Claims and judgments payable	-	-	-	-	2,251,696
Due to other funds	491,253	1,117	51,543	543,913	141,990
Accrued interest payable	16,000	13,018	-	29,018	-
Accrued liabilities	459,021	16,051	106,307	581,379	357,127
Custodial accounts	12,518	18,224	65,729	96,471	15,819
Unearned revenues	14,012	132,375	31,447	177,834	30,282
Bonds, notes and loans payable	3,840,000	960,000	-	4,800,000	-
Total current liabilities	14,183,395	1,250,924	1,127,463	16,561,782	5,094,034
Noncurrent liabilities					
Bonds, notes and loan payable	307,238	5,160,000	-	5,467,238	-
Claims and judgments	-	-	-	-	5,804,790
Accrued employee benefits	2,269,848	64,031	377,267	2,711,146	1,595,208
Net pension liability	5,677,201	223,577	1,056,368	6,957,146	4,625,572
Asset Retirement Obligations	175,000		150,000	325,000	450,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,429,287	5,447,608	1,583,635	15,460,530	12,475,570
Total liabilities	22,612,682	6,698,532	2,711,098	32,022,312	17,569,604
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Amounts related to pension	3,241,549	127,657	603,161	3,972,367	2,641,093
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,241,549	127,657	603,161	3,972,367	2,641,093
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	403,109,070	5,136,953	6,839,621	415,085,644	23,810,655
Restricted for capital purposes	4,204,211	-	-	4,204,211	330,000
Restricted for debt	4,732,460	-	-	4,732,460	-
Unrestricted	95,169,492	4,334,601	9,064,290	108,568,383	34,994,407
Total net position	\$ 507,215,233	\$ 9,471,554	\$ 15,903,911	\$ 532,590,698	\$ 59,135,062

CITY OF VANCOUVER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								(Governmental	
	_	Maj Water/Sewer	or Fun	ds Parking Services	<u> </u>	Non-Major Enterprise Funds		Total		Activities) Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	•		•	==.	•	0 000 7 10	•		•	
Charges for services Fines and penalties	\$	107,958,902	\$	7,671	\$	9,902,742 250	\$	117,869,315	\$	64,002,639
Rents and rovalties		783,131 814,144		1,062,454		902.540		1,845,835 5.032,422		- 8.177.923
Prior period cost allocation adjustment		1,389,195		3,315,738 531,129		902,540 180,838		5,032,422 2,101,162		2,428,782
Miscellaneous		138,211		111,277		573		2,101,102		11,825
Total operating revenues	_	111,083,583		5,028,269		10,986,943		127,098,795		74,621,169
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Personnel services		21,281,537		927,939		4,169,550		26,379,026		20.489.518
Supplies and contractual services		23,105,302		742,413		3,353,807		27,201,522		41,213,850
Interfund services		13,903,059		717,892		2,669,204		17,290,155		10,337,190
Intergovernmental payments		32,277,805		88,768		3,875		32,370,448		154,159
Depreciation		14,027,029		667,005		363,141		15,057,175		2,980,770
Total operating expenses	_	104,594,732		3,144,017	_	10,559,577	_	118,298,326	_	75,175,487
Operating income (loss)		6,488,851		1,884,252		427,366		8,800,469		(554,318)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Investment earnings		2,863,122		93,053		269,747		3,225,922		1,343,563
State and federal capital grants		577,528		-		217,772		795,300		-
Interest and fiscal charges		(296,362)		(46,815)		-		(343,177)		-
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets		46,669		-		-		46,669		115,898
Non-capital insurance recoveries		-		-		-		-		165,277
Miscellaneous revenue (expense)		32,275		-		410,527		442,802		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		3,223,232		46,238		898,046		4,167,516		1,624,738
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		9,712,083		1,930,490		1,325,412		12,967,985		1,070,420
Capital contributions		23,899,356		-		-		23,899,356		20,569
Transfers in		-		-		37,000		37,000		5,357,785
Transfers out		(711,305)		(30,841)		(203,907)		(946,053)		(810,732)
Change in net position before special item		32,900,134		1,899,649		1,158,505		35,958,288		5,638,042
Special item - Remove Pension Liability due to Change in Operations		-		-		167,687		167,687		-
Change in net position		32,900,134		1,899,649		1,326,192		36,125,975		5,638,042
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING		473,780,900		7,571,905		14,569,596		495,922,401		54,105,738
Prior Period Adjustment		534,199		-		8,123		542,322		(608,718)
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	507,215,233	\$	9,471,554	\$	15,903,911	\$	532,590,698	\$	59,135,062

CITY OF VANCOUVER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Bus	(Governmental			
	<u>Major</u>	Parking	Non-Major Enterprise		Activities)
	Water/Sewer	Services	Funds	Total	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers	\$ 105,024,455	\$ 3,264,274	\$ 10,881,724	\$ 119,170,453	\$ 72,777,306
Cash received from other operating activities	924,719	1,171,187	(11,872)	2,084,034	25,628
Cash payments for goods and services	(53,312,983)	(692,378)	(3,044,401)	(57,049,762)	(40,308,546
Internal activity - payments from other funds	(87,543)	4,446	4,811	(78,286)	(10,000,010
Internal activity - payments to other funds	(12,052,311)	(185,646)	(2,445,260)	(14,683,217)	(8,358,841
Cash payments to employees	(20,749,391)	(985,480)	(4,481,237)	(26,216,108)	(19,632,501
Net cash provided by operating activities	19,746,946	2,576,403	903,765	23,227,114	4,503,046
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			0.40 50 4	004 655	
Receipt of grant funds	577,528	-	246,534	824,062	-
Unrestricted funds received	32,275	-	3,400	35,675	-
Non-capital insurance recoveries	-	-	-	-	165,277
Contracts receivable	(400,302)	-	-	(400,302)	-
Contributions from contracted service provider	-	-	407,127	407,127	-
Transfers from other funds	- (744.005)	-	37,000	37,000	5,357,785
Transfers to other funds	(711,305)	(30,841)	(203,907)	(946,053)	(810,732)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	(501,804)	(30,841)	490,154	(42,491)	4,712,330
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND					
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(0.500.000)	(070.004)		(4,400,000)	
Principal paid on capital debt	(3,526,029)	(973,804)	-	(4,499,833)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(271,459)	(97,415)	-	(368,874)	(7 000 500
Purchase of capital assets	(36,820,777)	(29,773)	(862,480)	(37,713,030)	(7,828,502
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	46,669	-	-	46,669	115,898
Capital contributions	23,899,356			23,899,356	20,569
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(16,672,240)	(1,100,992)	(862,480)	(18,635,712)	(7,692,035)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
	2,649,335	46,006	278,214	2,973,555	1,383,697
Investment earnings (losses)	2,649,335				
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,649,335	46,006	278,214	2,973,555	1,383,697
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	E 000 007	1 400 570	800 650	7 500 460	0.007.000
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,222,237	1,490,576	809,653	7,522,466	2,907,038
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	99,498,948	2,797,775	10,763,793	113,060,516	49,114,200
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ 104,721,185	\$ 4,288,351	\$ 11,573,446	\$ 120,582,982	\$ 52,021,238
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 95,786,892	\$ 4,288,351	\$ 11,573,446	\$ 111,648,689	\$ 52,021,238
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	8,934,293	-	-	8,934,293	-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 104,721,185	\$ 4,288,351	\$ 11,573,446	\$ 120,582,982	\$ 52,021,238
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. ,,	. ,,		,. ,

CITY OF VANCOUVER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

					vities - Enterprise Funds				(Governmental	
	v	Major	Fun	d Parking Services		Non-Major Enterprise Funds		Total		Activities) ernal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used by operating activities:										
Net operating income (loss)	\$	6,488,851	\$	1,884,252	\$	427,366	\$	8,800,469	\$	(554,318)
Adjustments to reconcile net										
operating income (loss) to net										
cash provided by operations:										
Depreciation expense		14,027,029		667,005		363,141		15,057,175		2,980,770
Decrease (increase) in receivables		(3,981,122)		(61,704)		(77,906)		(4,120,732)		82,135
Decrease (increase) in deposits		3,038		(2,544)		(17,247)		(16,753)		-
Decrease (increase) in inventories		(167,616)		-		-		(167,616)		(140,385
Decrease (increase) in prepaid assets		(500)		-		-		(500)		-
Increase (decrease) in current payables		4,616,664		27,820		463,499		5,107,983		627,740
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		247,841		128,073		69,548		445,462		1,398,500
Decrease (increase) in receivable from other funds		(87,543)		4,446		4,811		(78,286)		41,341
Decrease (increase) in receivable from other government		339		-		-		339		-
Increase (decrease) in payables due to other funds		461,553		1,117		43,106		505,776		(491,759
Increase (decrease) in payable to other government		-		-		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments payable		-		-		-		-		269,486
Increase (decrease) in pension liability		(1,861,588)		(72,062)		(372,553)		(2,306,203)		289,536
Total adjustments		13,258,095		692,151		476,399		14,426,645		5,057,364
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	19,746,946	\$	2,576,403	\$	903,765	\$	23,227,114	\$	4,503,046
Noncash, investing, financing and capital activities										
Capital assets donated	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fair value of investments	\$	(9,332)	\$	2,847	\$	4,694	\$	(1,791)	\$	13,613
Capital assets financed with accounts payable	\$	3,902,456	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,902,456	\$	-

Page 2 of 2

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

December 31, 2019

	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,260,749		
Receivables:			
Accounts	-		
Taxes	185,146		
Interest	2,404		
Due from other governmental units	43,517		
Total assets	1,491,816		
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and accrued employee payables	5,079		
Due to other governmental units	63,838		
Total liabilities	68,917		
NET POSITION			
Restricted for:			
Restricted for intergovernmental contracts	1,422,899		
Total net position	\$ 1,422,899		

CITY OF VANCOUVER STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	A T (0.070
Licenses & Permits	\$ 743,273
Net increase in fair value of investments	3,688
Investment Interest	30,675
Total additions	777,636
DEDUCTIONS	
Repair & maintenance	975
Intergovernmental services	783,730
Total deductions	784,705
Change in net position	(7,069)
Net position - beginning	-
Change in Accounting Principle	1,429,968
Net position - ending	\$ 1,422,899

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Vancouver (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City was incorporated January 23, 1857 and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. Services are provided per its charter adopted February 10, 1952, as last amended November, 2019.

As required by the generally accepted accounting principles the financial statements present City, the primary government, and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Vancouver Public Facilities District (PFD) is a special purpose government established to participate in the development of the Hotel/Convention Center in downtown Vancouver. The PFD board is comprised of five (5) members appointed by the City Council of Vancouver. The City is able to impose its will on the district; however, PFD's services do not exclusively or almost exclusively benefit the City of Vancouver. Therefore, financial statements are discretely presented as a business-type activity in the City's annual financial report on the government-wide statements.

The Downtown Redevelopment Authority (DRA) is a special purpose government established in 1997 to plan, design, finance, acquire, construct, equip, own, maintain, operate, repair, remodel, expand, and promote the Vancouver Convention Center and Hotel Project. The DRA Board is composed of seven (7) members who are appointed by the City Council of Vancouver to four-year terms. The City is able to impose its will on the authority; however, the DRA's services do not exclusively or almost exclusively benefit the City of Vancouver. Therefore, financial statements are discretely presented as a business-type activity in the City's annual financial report on the government-wide statements.

The *City Center Redevelopment Authority* (CCRA) is an independent legal entity, and is a discretely presented component unit of the City. On February 27, 2006, the Vancouver City Council passed Ordinance M-3739 creating the CCRA. The CCRA board is responsible for overseeing downtown redevelopment consistent with the Vancouver City Center Vision (VCCV) plan. The board advises the mayor and city council on public-private partnerships, public assistance to private developments, and the business aspects of redevelopment projects and agreements in downtown Vancouver. However, since it has no employees, is overseen by a board of volunteers and only provides advisory services, it does not have any reportable assets or operational transactions.

The Culture, Arts and Heritage Commission was created in September 2019. Its purpose is to undertake and facilitate the development and promotion of a cultural, arts and heritage environment in the City of Vancouver through programs, community partnerships and ownership of physical assets including buildings and public art. It is managed by a nine member board appointed by the City Council. During 2019, the commission did not have any reportable assets, operational transactions nor a separate fund.

Blended Component Unit

The Vancouver Transportation Benefit District (TBD) is presented as a blended component unit of the City and reported as a special revenue fund. On November 2, 2015, the Vancouver City Council passed Ordinance M-4139 creating the TBD. Boundaries for TBD are identical to the City limits. TBD is a separate legal entity, but has the same governance as the City of Vancouver. Through an Interlocal agreement, funds generated from a vehicle registration fee will be passed to the City and used for transportation improvements that construct, reconstruct, preserve, maintain and operate the existing transportation infrastructure of the City of Vancouver consistent with the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 36.73.

Unless noted otherwise in this report, the accounting policies of the component units are consistent with those described for the primary government. PFD, DRA and TBD issue separate financial statements which can be obtained from the City of Vancouver, Financial and Management Services, PO Box 1995, Vancouver, WA 98668-1995, or electronically by contacting Mike Anderson, Accountant at michael.anderson@cityofvancouver.us.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Our policy is to allocate indirect costs to specific functions. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Consolidated Fire Fund* accounts for money received and the expenditures made in providing fire services to the combined City fire departments and Clark County Fire Protection District No. 5 service area. The significant resources accounted for in this fund are intergovernmental revenue from Fire District No. 5, charges for services, licenses and permits and an operating transfer from the City's General Fund.

The *Street Fund* is a general government service fund established in accordance pursuant to Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 35A.37.010 for the administration of street-oriented maintenance and construction. Revenues are derived from tax contributions distributed from the General Fund, state shared gasoline tax, an excise tax of ¼ of 1% of property value of transferred property, fines and fees.

The Capital Improvement Fund is to fund major capital improvement projects. Funding is currently derived from interest income, grants and contributions from the General Fund.

The Parks Impact Fees fund was established in 1995 to account for the accumulation and disposition of impact fees assessed against new development under the Growth Management Act of 1990.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water/Sewer Fund* accounts for the City's utility activities. Revenues are received from water and sewer services provided. Expenses are comprised of maintenance and extensions of drainage, water and sewer service facilities, operating a water supply system, maintaining sewer treatment plants and operating a water drainage system. This fund also encompasses the accounting for revenue bonds outstanding, the funds available for redemption of bonds, cumulative reserve and construction funds.

The *Parking Services Fund* accounts for revenues received from operations of City owned or operated public parking spaces. Expenses are directly related to the operations and maintenance of those facilities.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for and payments of general long-term debt principal and interest, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital project funds account for the acquisition or development of capital facilities for governmental activities. Their major sources of revenues are from proceeds from general obligation bonds, grants from other agencies and contributions from other funds.

Internal service funds account for services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service funds account for the activities of health insurance for employees, fleet, facilities replacement, mail distribution, liability insurance, workers' compensation insurance, and technology services.

Fiduciary funds represent assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and do not report results of operations. The City acts as the collection and disbursing agent for the PEG Capital Support Fund.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-wide and Governmental Funds

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The City considers property taxes available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a

liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and full-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water/Sewer and non-major enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

1. Scope of Budget

Biennially appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds on the accrual basis of accounting. Budgets for debt service and capital project funds are adopted at the level of the individual debt issue or project and for fiscal periods that correspond to the lives of debt issues or projects.

Other budgets are adopted at the level of the fund, except in the general (current expense) fund, where expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department level and the budgets constitute the legal authority for expenditures at that level.

Appropriations for general and special revenue funds lapse at year-end (except for appropriations for capital outlays, which are carried forward from year to year until fully expended or the purpose of the appropriation has been accomplished or abandoned).

Encumbrances accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservation of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

2. Amending the Budget

The City Manager or his designee is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that increase the total expenditures of a fund, or that affect the number of authorized employee positions, salary ranges, or other conditions of employment must be approved by the City Council.

When the City Council determines that it is in the best interest of the City to increase or decrease the appropriation for a particular fund or department, it may do so by ordinance approved by one more than the majority after holding public hearings.

The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year.

The financial statements contain the original and final budget information. The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable for the fiscal year.

3. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The City has not had any occurrences of excesses of expenditures over appropriations as of December 31, 2019.

4. Deficit Fund Net Position

At December 31, 2019, Vancouver Downtown Redevelopment Authority (DRA), a component unit of the City, had a deficit in the fund net position of \$(10.26) million. The DRA activities involve the operation of a hotel and convention center in the City's central downtown area. This is a cashflow based project and the negative net position balance is primarily attributed to accumulated depreciation, a non-cash item. Additionally, during the recession the economic environment had a negative impact on the convention and lodging business which is also reflected in the net position change. Deep cost-cutting measures have been put in place now for many years. The Board and the management of the DRA as well as the project monitor activities monthly. A series of revenue generating guidelines and on-going expense reductions have been implemented. The fund continues to improve slightly, while still remaining in a deficit position.

At December 31, 2019, the Vancouver Tennis Center Fund had a deficit in fund net position of \$(56,007). Starting September 2018, the tennis center is managed by a contracted service provider who will cover operational losses with their own resources.

At December 31, 2019, the Grounds and Facilities Services Fund, an internal-service fund established in 2019, had a deficit in fund net position of \$(363,652). The primary cause for this deficit is pension related liabilities. This deficit will be eliminated by adjusting the inter-fund billing rates in 2020 and future years.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

It is the City's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. At December 31, 2019, the treasurer was holding \$392.1 million for the primary government and component units in short-term residual investments of surplus cash. This amount is classified on the balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents in various funds. The interest on these investments is prorated to the various funds and component units.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

See Note 3, Deposits and Investments

3. Receivables

Taxes receivable consists of property taxes and related interest and penalties (See Note 14, *Property Tax*). Accrued interest receivable consists of amounts earned on investments, notes, and contracts at the end of the year.

Special assessments are recorded when levied. Special assessments receivable consists of current and delinquent assessments and related interest and penalties. As of December 31, 2019, \$4,451 of special assessments receivable were delinquent.

Customer accounts receivable consist of amounts owed from private individuals or organizations for goods and services including amounts owed for which billings have not been prepared. Notes and contracts receivable consist of amounts owed on open account from private individuals or organizations for goods and services rendered. Unbilled utility service receivables and special assessments that are liens against property are recorded at year end.

4. Amounts Due to and from Other funds and Government's, Interfund Loans and Advances Receivable

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either interfund loans receivable/payable or advances to/from other funds. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances. A separate schedule of interfund loans receivable and payable is furnished in Note 5, *Interfund Balances and Transfers.*

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

5. Inventories

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. The reserve for inventory is equal to the ending amount of inventory to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for future expenditures. A comparison to market value is not considered necessary. Inventories in proprietary funds are valued by the weighted average method (which approximates the market value).

6. Restricted Assets and Liabilities

Reported in *Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments* and *Restricted accrued interest receivable,* these accounts contain resources for construction and debt service, including current and delinquent special assessments receivable. The specific debt service reserve requirements, restricting the assets, are described in Note 7, *Long-Term Debt.*

As of the financial statement presentation date, the proprietary funds' restricted assets consist of \$8.93 million restricted cash and equivalents, \$16,989 in restricted interest receivable. These funds are restricted for debt service.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment (PP&E) and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 for PP&E, \$100,000 for infrastructure and \$5,000 for federally funded assets that have an estimated useful life in excess of one (1) year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Costs for additions or improvements to capital assets are capitalized when they increase the effectiveness or efficiency of the asset. However, buildings are not componentized.

The costs for normal maintenance and repairs are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

PP&E of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Category	Useful Life
Buildings	40
Infrastructure	15-40
Structures	20
Leasehold Improvements	5
Utility Improvements	5-60
Other Improvements	5-30
Rolling Stock	5-15
Information Tech Equipment	4
Equipment	5-15
Software (Intangibles)	5

For additional detail, see Note 4, Capital Assets.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The purpose of deferred items is shown on the face of the financial statements.

9. Compensated absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid upon resignation and/or retirement or death, such as vacation leave. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements.

Depending on the bargaining unit or exempt status and years of service, City employees can accumulate certain amounts of earned but unused absence time. They payoff amount for PTO and vacation at separation is limited by schedule based on longevity of the incumbent. The City also reports a liability for certain types of sick leave accrual equal to 50% of the accrued balance. Sick leave that is payable is limited to 50% of their accrual or 25% depending on their standing when they leave the City. See Note 8, *Changes in Long Term Liabilities*.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of all state sponsored pension plans and additions to/deductions from those plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Accrued Liabilities

These accounts consist of accrued wages and employee related benefits and liabilities.

12. Long-term Debt,

See Note 8, Changes in Long Term Liabilities.

13. Unearned revenues

This includes amounts recognized as receivables but not revenues in governmental funds because the revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

14. Miscellaneous revenues

Reported on several statements, miscellaneous revenues represent operating and nonoperating immaterial revenues that have not been separately identified on the face of the statements. For the City, these mostly represent employer trust contributions, contracted contributions towards debt service from external parties, sale of non-capital surplus, confiscated and forfeited property, small judgements and settlements, unclaimed money and property, nonsufficient funds (NSF) fees, and cashier over/short adjustments

15. Fund Balance Classification

Governmental funds report fund equity as fund balance where proprietary funds and government-wide statements report fund equity as net position. Fund balance is either the net investment in capital assets, nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned.

Net investment in capital assets represents total capital assets plus deferred outflows of unamortized amounts on refunding less accumulated depreciation less debt directly related to capital assets less unspent bond proceeds.

Restricted net position/fund balance represents resource whose use is *not* subject solely to the government's own discretion. Restrictions may be placed on net position by an external third party that provided the resources, by laws or regulations of other governments, by enabling legislation, by endowment agreements, or by the nature of the asset.

Unrestricted net position represents amounts not included in other net position categories and is shown as either surplus or a deficit.

Nonspendable fund balance represents resources that are either in a nonspendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as inventories and prepaid items.

Restricted fund balance represents resources that are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents resources that can be used only for specific purposes with constraints imposed by resolutions and ordinances approved by the highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts not included in other fund balance categories for all funds except the General Fund. For the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents surplus remaining that is intended for a specific use but has not been committed as described above. Per the City's fund balance administrative policy, the City Manager, Assistant City Manager and the Finance Director have the authority to assign amounts.

Unassigned fund balance represents the deficient balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for all funds except the General Fund. For the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents amounts not included in other fund balance categories and is shown as a surplus or deficit.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, restricted monies are applied to the cost first in the calculation of net position. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned fund balance are available, monies are applied to the cost in that order for the calculation of ending fund balance.

16. Fund Balance Details

The specific purpose of the restricted, committed and assigned governmental fund balances is presented below:

Fund Balance Classifications	General Fund	Consolidated Fire Fund	Street Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Park Impact Fee Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable	ф 77 4	•	٠	۴	٠	•	ф 77 4
Inventory	\$ 774	\$- \$-	\$- \$-	\$ -	\$- \$-	\$ -	\$ 774
Long-term Receivables	\$ 1,292,391	*		\$ -	+	\$ -	\$ 1,292,391
Prepaids	\$ 170,716	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 8,464	<u>\$ 179,180</u>
	1,463,881		-		-	8,464	1,472,345
Restricted							
Federal grants	70,638	-	-	-	-	7,461,332	7,531,970
Capital purposes		-	-	-	-	26,362,880	26,362,880
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	-	15,226,297	15,226,297
Security/safety services	16,028,251	-	-	-	-	1,569,229	17,597,480
Debt service		-	-	-	-	48,645	48,645
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	9,491,434	7,777,303	17,268,737
	16,098,889	-			9,491,434	58,445,686	84,036,009
	· · ·						
Committed							
Working capital	83,124	14,211,240	-	-	-	-	14,294,364
Capital purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Emergency reserves	13,425,374	-	-	-	-	-	13,425,374
Revenue stabilization	4,373,612	-	-	-	-	-	4,373,612
Cemetery	-	-	-	-	-	423,693	423,693
Street-oriented					-		
Maintenance and					-		
construction	-		1,358,208	1,326,360			2,684,568
	17,882,110	14,211,240	1,358,208	1,326,360		423,693	35,201,611
Assigned							
Federal grants	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital purposes	_	-	-	26,924,175	-	3,154,556	30,078,731
Debt service	_	_	_	20,324,173	_	3,189	3,189
Economic development	_	_	_	_	_	792,490	792,490
Cemetery	_	_	_	_	_	25,024	25,024
Security/safety services	294,772	2,715,892	-	-	-	106,440	3,117,104
Street-oriented	204,112	2,710,002			-	100,440	0,117,104
maintenance and					_		
construction	_	-	12,288,187	-	-	3,416,830	15,705,017
Culture and recreation	852,972	-	12,200,107	-	_	1,688,727	2,541,699
Compensated absences		-	_	-	_		2,011,000
	1,147,744	2,715,892	12,288,187	26,924,175		9,187,256	52,263,254
Unassigned	59,982,787	2,710,002		20,024,110		0,107,200	59,982,787
Total	\$ 96,575,411	\$ 16,927,132	\$ 13,646,395	\$ 28,250,535	\$ 9,491,434	\$ 68,065,099	\$ 232,956,006
10(d)		ψ 10,021,102	ψ 10,0+0,090	ψ 20,200,000	ψ 0,701,404	ψ 00,000,099	φ 202,000,000

*Minor differences may exist due to rounding.

Additionally, the reported General Fund is composed of the general fund from the ledger and several smaller funds. The following table shows the breakout of the general fund from the other funds of the reported fund on the statements:

Fund Balance	General fund from ledger	Other funds included in roll- up	Total
Nonspendable	1,403,880	60,000	1,463,880
Restricted	70,638	16,028,251	16,098,889
Committed	17,798,986	83,124	17,882,110
Assigned	852,972	294,771	1,147,744
Unassigned	59,983,203	(415)	59,982,787
	\$ 80,109,679	\$ 16,465,731	\$ 96,575,411

17. Minimum Fund Balance

The City has a minimum target policy for operating funds, equal to 60-90 days of the cost of operations.

18. Stabilization Arrangements

The city reports two stabilization arrangements, both as General Fund committed fund balances, emergency reserves and revenue stabilization. These reserves were committed by Council Resolution M-3370 and adopted on May 7, 2012. The Financial Policies are reviewed with City Council every two years, during the budget adoption process, and are re-affirmed at budget adoption.

The emergency reserve is specifically to be used for large-scale events where damage in excess of \$1 million is incurred, and immediate, remedial action must be taken to protect the health and safety of residents (e.g. major flood, earthquake, etc.).

Revenue stabilization funds are specifically used to provide funding to temporarily offset the cost of unexpected external mandates and/or reductions in City revenues to ensure the City has adequate time to restructure its operations in a deliberate manner to ensure continuance of critical city activities.

19. Use of Estimates

These financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

NOTE 2. ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING CHANGES

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, the City implemented the following GASB Pronouncements:

- GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued and were effective during the current fiscal year, however they did not apply to the City:

- GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Payments
- GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria (paragraphs 4 and 5 only)

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued, but are not yet effective as of December 31, 2019, some as a result of GASB 95 postponement of certain effective dates:

- GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements
- GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements.
- GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

The City of Vancouver will implement the new GASB pronouncements in the fiscal year no later than the required effective date. The City has not yet determined if the above listed new GASB pronouncements will have a significant financial impact to the City or in issuing its financial statements.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's deposits, including certificates of deposit, was \$6,616,906 and the bank balance was \$6,890,166.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the City would not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The City's deposits are covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) and by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC). The City has a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. All of the City's funds as of fiscal yearend are held within insured bank accounts.

B. Investments

Investments are subject to the following risks.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk the City may face should interest rate variances affect the fair value of investments. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by keeping the average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than two years.

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
			amounts in	thousands			
	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10		
Investment Type							
Debt Securities							
U.S. Agencies	180,971	-	180,971	-	-		
Municipals	715	715	-		-		
Total Debt Securities	\$ 181,686	\$ 715	\$ 180,971	-	-		
Other Securities							
Local Government Investment Pool	213,943	213,943					
Total Investments	\$ 395,629	\$ 214,658	\$ 180,971				

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To limit risk, Washington State law and the City of Vancouver's investment policy limits the amount of the portfolio invested in commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and corporate bonds. It is the City's policy to limit its credit risk by only investing in commercial paper or banker's acceptances with a credit rating of A1 or P1, and investing in corporate bonds for the pension fund, with a credit rating of "A" or better (or equivalent) by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

At December 31, 2019, the City's investments (in thousands) had the following credit quality distribution for securities with credit exposure:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Not Rated	AAA	AA	А
U.S. Government Agencies	180,971	-	180,971	-	-
Municipal Bonds	715	-	-	715	-
State Pool	213,943	213,943	-	-	-
Total	\$ 395,629	\$ 213,943	\$ 180,971	\$ 715	-

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The City places limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer depending on the security type of the investment. At the end of 2019, the City's portfolio had the following concentration of securities in it: 6.32% of Federal Home Loan Bank, 3.79% of Federal National Mortgage Association, 17.69% of Federal Farm Credit Bank, 2.53% of US Treasury N/B, 0.18% Portland Community College, 54.08% of Washington State LGIP, and 15.42% of Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. The City has several investments in government-sponsored enterprises which are not explicitly backed by the federal government. However, the federal government has provided significant support by increasing its investments in Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and stated they would not allow these enterprises to fail.

Investments in Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)

The City is a participant in the Local Government Investment Pool was authorized by Chapter 294, Laws of 1986, and is managed and operated by the Washington State Treasurer. The State Finance Committee is the administrator of the statute that created the pool and adopts rules. The State Treasurer is responsible for establishing the investment policy for the pool and reviews the policy annually and proposed changes are reviewed by the LGIP advisory Committee.

Investments in the LGIP, a qualified external investment pool, are reported at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The LGIP is an unrated external investment pool. The pool portfolio is invested in a manner that meets the maturity, quality, diversification and liquidity requirements set forth by the GASBS 79 for external investments pools that elect to measure, for financial reporting purposes, investments at amortized cost. The LGIP does not have any legally binding guarantees of share values. The LGIP does not impose fees on participant withdrawals.

The Office of the State Treasurer prepares a stand-alone LGIP financial report. A copy of the report is available from the Office of the State Treasurer, PO Box 40200, Olympia, Washington 98504-0200, online at http://www.tre.wa.gov.

Investments Measured at Fair Value

The Washington State Investment Pool operates within the parameters outlined in GASB 79, and qualifies to report investments at amortized cost. The City measures and records its other investments at fair value using the valuation input hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: These are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are not observable. The values are provided by US Bank, the City's trust bank.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability. Securities are valued using the rates and values provided by the State of Washington LGIP.

٠

At December 31, 2019, the City had the following recurring fair value and amortized cost measurement investments (in thousands):

				Amortized	
Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Cost	Total Value
State Pool	-	-	-	213,943	213,943
Federal Agency Coupon Securities	-	180,971	-	-	180,971
Municipal Bonds		715		-	715
Total Fair Value	-	\$ 181,686	-	\$ 213,943	\$ 395,629

* Fair value of pooled investments does not include adjustments made for accrued interest distributed to pooled participants.

		Amortized		Weighted Average Maturity	Percent of
Investment Type	Fair Value	Cost	Total Value	(Years)	Portfolio
State Pool	-	213,943	213,943	0.002778	54.08%
Federal Agency Coupon Securities	180,971	-	180,971	1.890000	45.74%
Municipal Bonds	715		715	0.422222	0.18%
Total Fair Value	\$ 181,686	\$ 213,943	\$ 395,629		100.0%
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity				2.315000	

* Fair value of pooled investments does not include adjustments made for accrued interest distributed to pooled participants

C. Summary of Deposits and Investment Balances

The City's deposit and investment statement balances of the fiscal year end reconcile to the balances on the financial statements as follows. For financial reporting, investments in the State and Clark County Investment Pool are classified as cash equivalents.

Bank Statement Balances

Account	Balance as of FYE
Investments	395,603,672
Bank of America	6,616,906
Key Bank	34,438
DRA Operating Aaccount	54,198
DRA Petty cash	20,000
Equipment services	2,500
Change funds	23,025
Utility postage	40,000
USB DRA	16,362,538
Total	418,757,277

Government-wide Financial Statement Balances

Account	Balance as of FYE
Cash and equivalents - City & Fiduciary	393,158,619
Cash and equivalents - DRA	91,401
Cash and equivalents - PFD	156,236
Cash with fiscal/escrow agent - City	-
Cash with fiscal/escrow agent - DRA	8,499,981
Cash with fiscal/escrow agent - PFD	-
Restricted Cash - City	8,934,293
Restricted cash with fiscal/escrow agent - DRA	7,916,755
Тс	otal 418,757,285

Note 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Capital Assets - Governmental Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, is as follows:

	Restated Beginning Balance 01/01/19	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 12/31/19
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land and land improvements	\$ 107,202,536	\$ 16,944,922	\$ 1,169,098	\$ 122,978,360
Construction in progress	16,491,886	32,175,046	34,858,106	13,808,826
Intangible - easements and right of way	8,776,071	209,136	-	8,985,207
Intangible - Artwork	-	96,920	-	96,920
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	132,470,493	49,426,024	36,027,204	145,869,313
Capital assets, being depreciated/depleted:				
Cemetery land	1,101,047	-	-	1,101,047
Buildings	144,396,816	8,423,209	101,571	152,718,454
Machinery and equipment	59,940,367	10,762,292	4,615,122	66,087,537
Computer and IT equipment	4,415,521	505,527	848,343	4,072,705
Intangible - Software	7,116,024	7,761,308	2,727,753	12,149,579
Intangible - Other	1,974,976	-	-	1,974,976
Improvements other than buildings	43,043,359	2,547,779	484,274	45,106,864
Infrastructure	673,599,736	16,094,220	312,041	689,381,915
Total capital assets, being depreciated/depleted	935,587,846	46,094,335	9,089,104	972,593,077
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Cemetery land	732,450	1,958	_	734,408
Buildings	43.737.764	4.090.492	101.571	47,726,685
Machinery and equipment	42,958,491	3,648,280	2,980,671	43,626,100
Computer and IT equipment	2,988,476	491,241	848,343	2,631,374
Intangible - Software	6,577,038	320,869	2,618,467	4,279,440
Intangible - Other	1,974,976	-		1,974,976
Improvements other than buildings	18,113,445	557,846	77,251	18,594,040
Infrastructure	251,003,087	18,500,402		269,503,489
Total accumulated depreciation	368,085,727	27,611,088	6,626,303	389,070,512
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	567,502,119	18,483,247	2,462,801	583,522,565
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 699,972,612	\$ 67,909,271	\$ 38,490,005	729,391,878
eerenning adamies dapiar assets, het	<i>ϕ</i> 000,012,012	φ 01,000,211	Ψ 00,400,000	120,001,010

B. Capital Assets – Business-Type Activities

	Restated Beginning Balance 01/01/19	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 12/31/19
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and land improvements	40,696,567	-	4,737,095	35,959,472
Construction in progress	31,255,405	24,801,651	33,045,106	23,011,950
Intangible - easements and right of way	11,680,926	2,506,824	-	14,187,750
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	83,632,898	27,308,475	37,782,201	73,159,172
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and system	34,369,767	-	-	34,369,767
Machinery and equipment	26,698,165	-	33,407	26,664,758
Computer and IT equipment	492,921	-		492,921
Intangible - software	11,255,387	-	-	11,255,387
Intangible - other	641,396	-	-	641,396
Improvements other than buildings	2,418,886	-	194,748	2,224,138
Infrastructure	569,289,417	43,737,264	-	613,026,681
Total capital assets, being depreciated	645,165,939	43,737,264	228,155	688,675,048
Less accumulated depreciation for:		. <u></u> .		
Buildings and system	15,802,929	842,538	_	16,645,467
Machinery and equipment	23,821,734	558,510	33,407	24,346,837
Computer and IT equipment	463,199	8,438	-	471.637
Intangible - software	9,943,783	364,634	-	10,308,417
Intangible - other	641,396	-	-	641,396
Improvements other than buildings	1,834,778	523,901	116,443	2,242,236
Infrastructure	269,605,916	12,759,157	-	282,365,073
Total accumulated depreciation	322,113,735	15,057,178	149,850	337,021,063
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	323,052,204	28,680,086	78,305	351,653,985
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 406,685,102	\$ 55,988,561	\$ 37,860,506	\$ 424,813,157

The beginning balances of business-type activities were restated due to prior period corrections found during the year ending December 31, 2019. A parcel of land acquired by the City in 2013 for \$675,000 had not been recorded as an asset. Beginning balances were restated as follows:

Business-type activities:	As Previously Reported 12/31/18	Prior Period Adjustment Net	As Restated 1/1/2019
Land and improvements	40,021,567	675,000	40,696,567
Net capital assets subject to adjustment	\$ 40,021,567	\$ 675,000	\$ 40,696,567

<u>C. Noncurrent Capital Assets Held for Resale</u> Retired capital assets that have been surplused by the City Council are recorded separately on the statements. The reclassification to this category will cause decreases on the capital asset tables. As of December 31, 2019 these amounts totaled:

	Amount
Governmental activities	846,035
Business-type activities	4,386,993
TOTAL	\$ 5,233,028

Parcels designated as surplus for governmental activities were mostly land assets originally acquired for future transportation purposes and for the waterfront development project. These parcels are no longer needed due to project completion and progression, respectively. Additionally, the land and building assets of the original fire stations one and two were surplused previously and remain outstanding, after they were replaced with new fire stations in other locations. All of these assets were reported at the net book value at the time of retirement.

Assets as surplus for business-type activities were land parcels acquired during 2006, in anticipation of constructing a new operations center in east Vancouver. In 2019, the City cancelled its planned construction of the east-side Operations Center in favor of a larger, more centrally located Operations Center. Consequently, the land parcels were designated as surplus. All of these assets were reported at the net book value at the time of retirement.

D. Depreciation by Function

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	1,206,387
Security of persons & property	2,421,581
Transportation, including depreciation of general infrastructure	17,954,288
Physical Environment	11,253
Economic Environment	671,648
Culture and recreation	2,365,161
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to various functions based on their usage of the assets	2,980,770
Total depreciation expense - Governmental Act	ivities \$27,611,088
Business-type Activities:	
Water/Sewer	14,027,029
Airport	242,662
Building Inspection	110,263
Solid Waste	10,216
Parking	667,005
Total depreciation expense - Business-type Act	ivities \$ 15,057,175

E. Discretely Presented Component Units

A summary of capital asset activity for component units for the year ended December 31, 2019, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance 01/01/19	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 12/31/19
Vancouver Downtown Redevelopment Author	rity			
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	33,154	477,671	417,041	93,784
Conital accesta, haing depressioned:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:	F4 F44 004	00.000	400 405	
Buildings and system	51,514,291	98,099	132,495	51,479,895
Machinery and equipment	7,737,469	319,958	198,125	7,859,302
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	59,251,760	418,057	330,620	59,339,197
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and system	16,445,397	1,702,496	47,513	18,100,380
Machinery and equipment	5,240,711	509,166	189,412	5,560,465
Total accumulated depreciation	21,686,108	2,211,662	236,925	23,660,845
Total capital assets, being, depreciated,				
net	37,565,652	(1,793,605)	93,695	35,678,352
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 37,598,806	\$(1,315,934)	\$ 510,736	\$ 35,772,136

The Vancouver Downtown Redevelopment Authority (DRA) for the year ending December 31, 2019 had depreciation expense of \$2,211,662.

	Beginning Balance 01/01/19	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 12/31/19
Vancouver Public Facilities District Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land and improvements	\$ 3,603,691			\$ 3,603,691

The Vancouver Public Facilities District (PFD) does not have any depreciable assets.

Note 5. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

A Interfund Balances

Interfund transactions represent activity other than transfers and loans that happen between funds after the cash function in the general ledger is frozen at year-end. These can be for any types of internal service transactions, adjustments, or other activity where a due-to or due-from are recorded instead of moving cash. The due-to/from balances will be cleared immediately the following year. Interfund balances at December 31, 2019 were as follows:

		Due from Other Funds								
_		Capital Improv.	Consol. Fire	General	Internal Service Funds	Nonmajor Govt'l Funds	Parks Impact Fees	Street	Water/ Sewer	Total Due To
	Consolidated Fire			5,260	36,615					41,875
	General	2,704,808	30,025		173,835			43,714	200,025	3,152,407
	Internal Service Funds		15,529	38,815	86,504	1,143				141,991
Due to	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		7,187		44,357					51,544
Other Funds	Nonmajor Govt'l Funds			2,700	37,246	1,317,649	26,882			1,384,477
runus	Parks Impact Fees					10,770				10,770
	Street		24,221		1,654	89,399				115,274
	Water/Sewer		24,221	382,145	84,575	311				491,252
	Parking Services				1,117					1,117
	Total Due From	2,704,808	101,183	428,920	465,903	1,419,272	26,882	43,714	200,025	5,390,707

*Minor differences may exist due to rounding.

B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers at December 31, 2019 were as follows:

		Transfer In							
		Capital Improv.	Consol. Fire	General	Internal Service Funds	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Govt'l Funds	Street	Total Transfers Out
	Consolidated Fire	539,540		11,242			302,550		853,332
	General	9,254,808	37,216,315		3,297,088	37,000	4,081,313	13,846,770	67,733,294
	Internal Service Funds			42,754	767,978				810,732
	Nonmajor Enterprise								
Transfer	Funds		7,187	11,242	96,193			89,285	203,907
Out	Nonmajor Govt'l Funds	99,304		493,907	205		9,584,356	1,024,843	11,202,615
	Parking Services			4,653	26,188				30,841
	Parks Impact Fees						3,355,481		3,355,481
	Street		24,221	10,000	521,579		363,163		918,963
	Water/Sewer		62,751		648,554				711,305
	Total Transfers In	9,893,652	37,310,474	573,798	5,357,785	37,000	17,686,863	14,960,898	85,820,470

*Minor differences may exist due to rounding.

C. Interfund Loans/Advances

Interfund loans/advances at December 31, 2019 were as follows:

		Due Fre		
_		Nonmajor Govt'l Funds	Total Due To	
Due To	General	81,281	1,292,391	1,373,672

*Minor differences may exist due to rounding.

NOTE 6. LEASES

A. Operating Leases

The City leases the office building and other equipment under noncancelable operating leases. Total cost for such leases was \$548,232 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
2020	208,569	6,000
2021	146,654	3,500
2022	100,413	-
2023	103,174	-
2024	106,011	-
2025-2029	575,424	-
2030-2034	589,493	-
	\$ 1,829,738	\$ 9,500
-		

The City is the lessor for some non-cancelable operating leases for facilities and property located within the City limits. Expiration dates range between 2020 and 2056.

The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income required under these leases:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
2020	1,502,874.00	53,537
2021	674,450	6,453
2022	189,468	-
2023	178,684	-
2024	157,054	-
2025-2029	1,901,880	-
2030-2034	144,285	-
2035-2039	144,283	-
2040-2044	144,283	-
2045-2049	144,283	-
2050-2054	144,283	-
2055-2059	57,716	-
	\$ 5,383,543	\$ 59,990

B. Capital Leases

The City has entered into a lease agreement for leasing the new police headquarters building with a purchase option after three years of \$10.46 million.

The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes. It has been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Asset	Governmental Activities
Police HQ	\$ 11,352,034
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 33,510
Total	\$ 11,318,524

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2019 were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Go	vernmental Activities
2020	\$	587,062
2021		640,872
2022		10,124,100
Total Minimum Lease Payments		11,352,034
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments		11,352,034

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Long-Term Debt

The City issues general obligation and revenue bonds to finance the acquisition or construction of major capital projects. Bonded indebtedness has also been entered into (currently and in prior years) to advance refund several general obligation and revenue bonds. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and business-type activities and are being repaid from the applicable resources. The revenue bonds are being repaid by proprietary fund revenues. In addition, the City entered into a lease agreement for leasing the new police headquarters building with a purchase option after three years of \$10.46 million. See Note 6 for additional information.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding (in thousands) are as follows:

						G	ov't	Busi	ness
		Original	Issuance	Maturity	Interest	D	ebt	De	bt
Name of Issuance	Purpose	Debt	Date	Date	Rate	Outst	anding	Outsta	Inding
2010 LTGO Bond	Governmental Activities	13,410	12/1/2010	12/1/2035	2.0%-5.125%		7,990		-
2011 LTGO Bond	Governmental Activities	10,515	6/1/2011	12/1/2035	2.0%-5.125%		8,030		-
2012A LTGO Bond	Governmental Activities Refunding	15,945	1/12/2012	12/1/2029	2.0%-3.75%		11,670		-
2012B&C LTGO Bond	Governmental Activities Refunding and	9,515	12/12/2012	12/1/2025	0.61%-2.89%		685		6,120
	Business Type Activities Refunding								
2015A LTGO Bond	Governmental Activities	1,297	6/15/2015	12/1/2028	3.64%-4.7%		1,297		-
2015B LTGO Bond	Governmental Activities & Refunding	23,100	6/15/2015	12/1/2034	2.0%-5.0%		17,660		-
2016 LTGO Bond	Governmental Activities Refunding	7,810	6/22/2016	12/1/2028	2.0%-4.0%		7,035		-
Total General Obligation	on Bonds	\$ 81,592				\$	54,367	\$	6,120

The annual debt service requirements (in thousands) to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

_	Gov	vernmental Acti	vities	Bus	iness Type Act	ivities
			Total			Total
_	Principal	Interest	Requirements	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2020	5,020	2,268	7,288	960	156	1,116
2021	4,675	2,126	6,801	985	135	1,120
2022	4,875	1,919	6,794	1,010	112	1,122
2023	5,085	1,717	6,802	1,025	88	1,113
2024	5,247	1,560	6,807	1,055	61	1,116
2025-2029	20,395	4,826	25,221	1,085	31	1,116
2030-2034	7,690	1,441	9,131	-	-	-
2035	1,380	67	1,447			-
	\$ 54,367	\$ 15,924	\$ 70,291	\$ 6,120	\$ 583	\$ 6,703

Revenue bonds currently outstanding as follows (in thousands):

			Issuance	Maturity		De	ebt
Name of Issuance	Orig	ginal Debt	Date	Date	Interest Rate	Outsta	anding
2004 Water Sewer Refunding		26,250	2/26/2004	6/1/2020	2%-5%		3,840
Total Revenue Bonds	\$	26,250				\$	3,840

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are (in thousands) as follows:

				Total
	Principal	Interest	Req	uirements
2020	3,840	96		3,936
	\$ 3,840	\$ 96	\$	3,936

In proprietary funds, unamortized debt issue costs for insurance are recorded as an asset and bonds are displayed net of premium or discount; annual interest expense is decreased by amortization of debt premium and increased by the amortization of debt issue costs and discount.

Water/Sewer revenue bond covenants require that revenue available for debt service (defined as operating and non-operating revenues less expenses requiring payment to outside entities) exceed the annual debt payment of both principal and interest by a ratio of 1.3 to one. The City remains in compliance with that provision with a current ratio of 5 to 1 coverage. There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

At December 31, 2019, the City had \$0 available in debt service funds to service the general bonded debt. Several other funds are responsible for payment of the GO bonded debt. Through the budget appropriation process, arrangements are made for transfers from those funds to the debt service funds prior to payment of the debt. The reserve and redemption accounts of the Water/Sewer enterprise funds have \$4,744,546 available to service the revenue debt.

B. Governmental Loans

The City is also liable for notes that were entered into for the construction of capital projects. These notes are considered obligations of the general government and are being repaid with general governmental revenue sources. Governmental loans outstanding (in thousands) at year-end are as follows:

Name of Issuance	Purpose	Original Debt	Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Debt Outstanding
2006 PWTF	Governmental- Type Activities	2,200	11/30/2006	7/1/2026	1%	815
Section 108 HUD Loan	Governmental- Type Activities	5,419	7/7/2010	8/1/2029	0.28%- 3.70%	2,535
Clark County- Annexation Obligation	Governmental- Type Activities	344 \$ 7,963	8/1/2017	4/1/2022	0%	190 \$3,540

Governmental loan debt service requirements to maturity (in thousands) are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
	Pr	incipal	Interest Total					
2020		410		76		486		
2021		415		71		486		
2022		414		65		479		
2023		356		59		415		
2024		366		51		417		
2025-2029		1,578		134		1,712		
	\$	3,539	\$	456	\$	3,995		

C. Special Assessments

The City also issues special assessment debt to provide funds for the construction of street safety improvements in connection with a train noise quiet zone. Special assessment bonds are created by ordinance, adopted by the City Council, and financed by assessments on property owners within the special assessment area. Special assessment bonds are serial bonds and are called yearly based on assessments received. The amount of delinquent receivables at December 31, 2019, was \$4,451. A separate guarantee fund is available to cover most outstanding delinquencies at the end of the assessment period.
Special assessment debt with a governmental commitment reported at year end (in thousands) is as follows:

			Issuance	Maturity		D	ebt
Name of Issuance	Origi	anl Debt	Date	Date	Interest Rate	Outst	tanding
LID 545 Assessment Bond	\$	312	9/23/2014	9/23/2036	3.45%	\$	15
Total Assessment Debt	\$	312				\$	15

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are (in thousands) as follows:

	Go	Governmental Activities							
	Principal	Interest	Total						
2020	\$-	\$1	\$1						
2021	-	1	1						
2022	-	1	1						
2023	-	1	1						
2024	-	1	1						
2025-2029	-	3	3						
2030-2034	-	3	3						
2035-2036	15	1	16						
	\$ 15	\$ 12	\$ 27						

The City is not required, but has the authority, to call them annually if deemed financially prudent to do so. The City is recording a \$15,000 current portion on the special assessment debt in 2020 since the City anticipates calling up to that amount during the 2020 fiscal year.

The City has a Local Improvement District (LID) Guarantee Fund to finance any uncollectible special assessment debt. The LID 545 assessment is secured by a pledge of the assessments levied by the City against the benefited properties within LID 545 and is not a general obligation of the City. The LID Service Fund and the LID Guaranty Debt Service Fund have cash balances of \$6,495 and \$35,004, respectively, to service the local improvement district bonds.

The first required principal payment for the LID debt is due in 2036. Payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds is, dependent on the ability of property owners within LID 545 to pay the Assessments levied on their properties. The City does not and cannot make any representations as to the ability of the current or subsequent property owners in LID 545 to pay their Assessments. Bondholders' remedies against the City are confined to mandating City officials to perform their statutory duties in enforcing the assessments and applying the proceeds thereof and, if necessary, any money on deposit in the Guaranty Fund to the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds.

D. Impact Fee Credits

In 1995, the City of Vancouver adopted an impact fee ordinance to ensure that adequate facilities are available to serve new growth and development. An impact fee is charged at the issuance of a building permit. In addition, the developer may be entitled to a nonrefundable "credit" against the applicable impact fee component for the fair market value of appropriate dedications of land, improvements or new construction of system improvements provided by the developer. In the event that the amount of the "credit" is calculated to be greater than the amount of the impact fee due, the developer may apply the excess "credit" toward future impact assessment on other developments within the same service district.

As of December 31, 2019, the amount of credits that may be applied against future impact fees is \$17,074,038. This is recorded as a governmental activity in the government-wide financial statements.

E. Debt Of Discretely Presented Component Units

In 2003, the DRA issued bonds in which it pledged income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The revenue bonds were authorized by resolution adopted by the DRA Board, and financed from operating revenues. The revenue bonds were issued to finance construction of the Conference Center and Hotel capital project. In June 2013, the remaining outstanding balance of \$63,105,000 of the 2003 DRA Revenue bonds were refunded by issuing two series of revenue refunding bonds.

DRA Revenue Refunding bonds outstanding at year-end are as follows:

Name of Issuance	Original Debt	Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Debt Outstanding
2013 DRA Conference Center Project Refunding Revenue Bonds 2013 DRA Conference Center Project Sales & Lodging Tax Refunding Revenue	\$ 41,185,000	6/27/2013	1/1/2044	4.38%	\$ 39,625,000
Bonds Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 18,045,000 \$ 59,230,000	6/27/2013	1/1/2034	4.05%	\$ 14,715,000 \$ 54,340,000

In order to make the 2013 refunding economically viable, ACA contributed \$4,000,000 to the Authority, \$1,430,555 of which is in consideration of the execution of a Note issued by the Authority to ACA, and the balance of which is in consideration for the elimination of any exposure ACA may have in respect to the Series 2003A Bonds. This Note is subordinate to the Project Revenue and Tax Revenue Bonds. There is a note associated with this contribution. Depending on the cash flows of the project, payments may start on 1/1/2033.

DRA 2013 Project Revenue Bonds and the DRA 2013 Tax Revenue Bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

_	2013 Projec	t Revenue Refun	ding Bonds	2013 Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds				
			Total			Total		
	Principal	Interest	Requirements	Principal	Interest	Requirements		
2020	895,000	1,737,037	2,632,037	1,035,000	635,725	1,670,725		
2021	920,000	1,700,612	2,620,612	1,130,000	581,600	1,711,600		
2022	965,000	1,653,487	2,618,487	1,230,000	522,600	1,752,600		
2023	1,015,000	1,603,988	2,618,988	1,340,000	458,350	1,798,350		
2024	1,070,000	1,551,863	2,621,863	1,455,000	395,750	1,850,750		
2025-2029	6,180,000	6,908,563	13,088,563	6,025,000	1,119,775	7,144,775		
2030-2034	7,610,000	5,466,294	13,076,294	2,500,000	317,800	2,817,800		
2035-2039	9,345,000	3,681,750	13,026,750	-	-	-		
2040-2044	11,625,000	1,353,938	12,978,938					
=	\$ 39,625,000	\$ 25,657,532	\$ 65,282,532	\$ 14,715,000	\$ 4,031,600	\$ 18,746,600		

The subordinate note to ACA, as described above, debt service requirements to maturity are estimated as follows:

	Other long-t	erm	loans and n	otes	payable
					Total
	 Principal		Interest	Re	equirements
2020	-		-		-
2021	-		-		-
2022	-		-		-
2023	-		-		-
2024	-		-		-
2025-2029	-		-		-
2030-2034	114,501		102,875		217,376
2035-2039	400,477		426,280		826,757
2040-2044	 915,577		1,163,451		2,079,028
	\$ 1,430,555	\$	1,692,606	\$	3,123,161

NOTE 8. CHANGES IN LONG TERM LIABILITIES

A. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

Governmental actvities	 Balance 1/1/19	 Additions	F	Reductions	 Balance 12/31/19	 Due Within One Year
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Issuance premiums Issuance discounts	\$ 59,996,500 4,279,653 (23,353)	\$ 372,983	\$	5,630,000 397,467	\$ 54,366,500 4,255,169 (23,353)	\$ 5,020,000 573,574
Total GO bonds payable Special assessment debt with	 64,252,800	 372,983		6,027,467	 58,598,316	 5,593,574
governmental commitment Governmental loans	35,000 3,945,208	-		20,000 405,301	15,000 3,539,907	15,000 409,988
Claims and judgements Total OPEB Liability	7,787,000 44,962,718	269,486 3,347,318		- 3,861,069	8,056,486 44,448,967	2,251,696 935,196
Net Pension Liability Compensated absences	15,225,401 9,578,966	993,212		3,718,655 -	11,506,746 10,572,178	- 9,514,960
Asset Retirement Obligations Capital Lease Payable Impact Fee Credit	- - 18,711,831	450,000 11,352,034 3,372,670		- - 5,010,462	450,000 11,352,034 17,074,039	- 232,215 3,010,204
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 164,498,924	\$ 20,157,703	\$	19,042,954	\$ 165,613,673	\$ 21,962,832
Business-type activities Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Issuance premiums (discounts)	\$ 7,065,000 7,490,000 183,267	\$ 437,433	\$	945,000 3,650,000 313,462	\$ 6,120,000 3,840,000 307,238	\$ 960,000 3,840,000 307,328
Total bonds payable Net Pension Liability	 14,738,267 9,411,168	 437,433		4,908,462 2,454,022	 10,267,238 6,957,146	 5,107,328
Compensated absences Asset Retirement Obligations	 2,571,568	 139,578 325,000		-	 2,711,146 325,000	 2,440,032
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$ 26,721,003	\$ 902,011	\$	7,362,484	\$ 20,260,530	\$ 7,547,360

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. For the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by operating funds, such as the General Fund, Consolidated Fire and the Street funds. The General Fund provides funding for the payment of benefits related to OPEB.

B. Compensated Absences

Accumulated amounts of vacation leave are accrued as expenses when incurred in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements. At year end, the compensated absences liability was \$10,572,178 in governmental activities and \$2,711,146 in business-type activities. At year-end, \$1,595,208 of the internal service funds' related compensated absences values were included in the above amounts. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by operating funds, such as the General Fund and Consolidated Fire funds. See additional details about compensated absences in Note 1.

C. Discretely Presented Component Units

The following is a summary of long-term debt changes of DRA for the year:

	Beginning alance 1/1/19	Additions	I	Reductions	Er	iding Balance 12/31/19	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 56,025,000	\$ -	\$	1,685,000	\$	54,340,000	\$ 1,930,000
Premiums (disounts)	448,022	-		29,304		418,718	29,304
Total bonds payable	 56,473,022	 -		1,714,034		54,758,718	1,959,304
Due to other governments	6,998,705	1,740,003		3,211,210		5,527,498	-
Other long-term loans and notes	1,430,555	-		-		1,430,555	-
Subordinate management fee	485,158	-		107,813		377,345	107,813
Component units long term liabilities	\$ 65,387,440	\$ 1,740,003	\$	5,033,327	\$	62,094,116	\$ 2,067,117

NOTE 9. CONTINGENCIES AND LITIGATIONS

The City has recorded in its financial statements all material liabilities, including an estimate for situations which are not yet resolved but where, based on available information, management believes it is probable that the City will have to make payment. In the opinion of management, the City's insurance policies and/or self-insurance reserves are adequate to pay all known or pending claims.

The City is contingently liable in pending litigation claims which are not yet resolved but where, based on available information, management believes it is reasonably possible that a liability has been incurred but cannot be estimated and so are not reflected in the financial statements.

The City participates in a number of federal- and state-assisted programs. These grants are subject to audit by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. City management believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 10. OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Related Party Commitments

1. Commitment to Downtown Redevelopment Authority (DRA), with respect to the Vancouver Conference Center

The City signed an agreement on December 1, 2003, to participate in the construction and operation of the Vancouver Conference Center, using tourism funds. In June 2013 DRA refinanced the debt associated with the Center with a guarantee from the City.

If the DRA has insufficient funds in their debt service and reserve accounts to cover a principal and interest payment, the City has guaranteed to cover the insufficient amount, if prior notice is provided. Any coverage the City provides shall be construed as an interest-bearing loan to the DRA.

During 2019, the City made no payments under its contingent payment obligation. The City has no current expectation of having to make any such payments, as it expects project revenues and tax revenues to be sufficient for such purposes, unless the pandemic related business shut downs continue to impact project revenues for a period longer than 12 months.

2. Commitment to Clark County, with respect to the Exhibition Hall

Per a 2004 interlocal agreement, the City supports the Clark County Exhibition Hall, a tourism-related facility. The agreement will be terminated once the bonds that financed the building are redeemed or defeased - no later than 2027.

If the County has insufficient funds from its dedicated revenue stream to cover its semi-annual debt service obligation, the City has pledged to cover the insufficient amount, if prior notice is provided. The contract has various maximum limits on City contributions depending on the year. Since 2017 through termination, the maximum is \$150,000. Under the terms of the interlocal agreement, the City's pledge is reduced by the amount of any rental reduction the County grants to the amphitheater lessee. Since July 2008, the County reduced the rental rates for the amphitheater to such an extent that this commitment has been reduced to zero.

To date, the City has made no payments under its contingent payment obligation.

3. Commitment to Hilton Hotel, with respect to the Subordinate and Super-subordinate Management Fees

Since 2003, DRA, the City's component unit, operates the Vancouver Conference Center, using a contracted manager, Hilton Hotels. Between 2009 and 2013 DRA was obligated to pay Hilton Hotels a subordinate management fee for its services, as funds were available in the Subordinate Management Fee Fund, but was unable to pay the fee since funds were not available.

In June 2013, DRA and Hilton Hotels revised their agreement, allowing for the forgiveness of the 2009-2013 subordinate fees. The amount will be forgiven gradually over a ten year period. DRA reports the forgiveness as a Special Item, Gain on Extinguishment of Debt, calculated on a straight-line basis.

During 2019, \$107,813 was recorded as forgiven with an outstanding obligation reported on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 11. JOINT VENTURES & JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Joint Ventures

Clark Regional Emergency Services Agency (CRESA)

The City is involved in a joint venture with ongoing financial responsibilities with other governmental entities in the establishment and operation of the CRESA. CRESA was created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act (RCW 39.4) by agreement between the City and other governmental units and political districts. Its purpose is to provide a consolidated public safety communications service to participating cities, political districts, and Clark County. Participating governmental entities have representation on the CRESA board. Clark County maintains the accounting records for CRESA. Detailed financial statements for this entity can be obtained from Clark Regional Emergency Services Agency at 710 W 13th St, Vancouver, WA 98660-2810.

In October 2017, Clark County passed Ordinance 2017-10-08 which created Clark Regional Emergency Services Agency Public Authority (CRESA-PA) under RCW35.21.730-759. That agreement is not currently valid and the City and CRESA continue to operate under their interlocal agreement.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Council for the Homeless

The City, Clark County, and the Vancouver Housing Authority entered into an Intergovernmental Cooperation Act (RCW 39.4) on December 20, 1989, for the establishment of the Council for the Homeless (Council) as a collaborative effort to address issues of homelessness. Each jurisdiction appoints one board member. The remaining 12 members of the Council are selected by the Council's bylaws. Clark County and Vancouver Housing Authority provides annual fiscal support for operations. The City only provides funding to the Council as a grant subrecipient if applicable. For the year ending December 31, 2019, the City made subrecipient grant payments to the Council totaling \$66,500. The relationship between the City and the Council does not create an ongoing financial interest or financial responsibility.

Related Organizations

Vancouver Housing Authority

Vancouver Housing Authority is a municipal corporation created under Washington State Chapter 35.82 RCW in 1942 by the City of Vancouver and governed by a six member Board appointed by the Mayor of the City of Vancouver.

NOTE 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

DRA, a component unit of the City of Vancouver, constructed the Vancouver Conference Center and a hotel in downtown Vancouver. The project was funded by proceeds from the sale of tax exempt bonds issued by the DRA. The bonds were secured by project revenues, together with a credit from the State of Washington equal to 0.033% of 1% of the sales and use tax collected within the City and Clark County, and a dedication of 50% of the lodging taxes collected within the City.

During 2019, the City recognized \$1,329,162 in expenditures associated with lodging tax revenues dedicated to the project.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City self-insures for general liability, property, certain employees' healthcare coverage, workers' compensation, and unemployment coverage as a qualified self-insurer. The City maintains self-insurance internal service funds to account for and finance its insured and uninsured risks of loss. The City does not include non-incremental claims adjustment expenses in the reported accrued claims liabilities. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

A. General Liability and Property

The self-insurance cost for liability claims and claims administration through December 31, 2019, is \$1,836,557, an increase of \$1.775 million from 2018. The fund pays the majority of claims involving general liability, but has other liability coverage through specific policies. Currently, specific policies include the airport liability. Coverage totals \$10,000,000 for liability and \$10,000,000 for hangar keepers legal, which is a 100% increase from 2018. In addition, the City purchases excess liability insurance for all City operations including auto, for a limit of \$10,000,000 plus \$10,000,000. The excess policy provides \$1,000,000 for self-insured retention, this is unchanged from 2018. The City also purchases liability on specific vehicles up to \$1,000,000 and inland marine coverage for the equipment fleet. The deductible for fleet physical damage is 5% subject to \$10,000 minimum.

Property claim costs in 2019 were \$76,088, a decrease of 6.4% from 2018, with new first party property and vehicle claims reported in 2018. The City carries fire damage insurance (buildings and business personal property), earth movement, equipment breakdown, valuable papers, computer virus, accounts receivable and flood insurance coverage. Policy coverage for property damage is up to \$550 million, 10% higher than 2018, with adjustable deductibles based on specific event types. This represents replacement cost for City buildings and contents.

B. Workers' Compensation

The cost for claims and claims administration was \$1,571,757 in 2019, an 11% reduction from 2018, with new claims processed. In addition to self-insurance, the City also maintains an excess coverage policy with a \$1,000,000 deductible.

C. Self-Insured Workers' Compensation and Liability Fund

Both workers' compensation and liability self-insurance are reported in the same fund. The City contributions to the fund are determined using information from the contributing funds past claims experience and loss exposures. The claims liability reported in the fund totaled \$8,056,486 at December 31, 2019.

The claims liability, as reported in the fund, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The following was prepared based on an actuarial analysis by Bickmore. These are actuarial estimated amounts reflecting expected losses - actual losses may vary. Changes in the fund's liabilities from claims in 2019, 2018, and 2017 are as follows:

Year		Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability		Current Year Claims		Change in Estimates for Claims of Prior Periods		Claim Payments		Balance at Fiscal Year End	
2019 2018 2017	\$ \$	7,787,000 6,836,000 5,464,000	\$ \$	3,450,324 2,065,258 1,968,630	\$ \$	195,000 773,000 1,317,000	\$ \$	3,375,838 1,887,258 1,913,630	\$ \$	8,056,486 7,787,000 6,836,000	

D. Employee Healthcare

Beginning January 2015, the City established an internal service fund for the purpose of self-insuring employee medical costs. The City pays claims and expenses for employees choosing this plan and contracts with a third-party administrator to process claims. The plan carries reinsurance coverage with a \$250,000 individual stop loss, and an aggregate stop loss of 125% of claims, with one named covered person with a \$275,000 deductible. Any outstanding claims liabilities existing at the end of the fiscal year were deemed immaterial and were not booked in the financial statements.

The City is obligated to establish and has maintained a 16 week contingency reserve for the internal service fund. As of December 31, 2019, net position for the self-insured health insurance fund is \$5,745,933.

NOTE 14. PROPERTY TAX

The Clark County Treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities.

Property Tax Calendar	
January 1	Taxes are levied and become an enforceable lien against properties.
February 14	Tax bills are mailed.
April 30	First of two equal installment payments is due.
May 31	Assessed value of property established for next year's levy at 100 percent of market value.
October 31	Second installment is due.

Property tax is recorded as a receivable and revenue when levied. Property tax collected in advance of the fiscal year to which it applies is recorded as a deferred inflow and recognized as revenue of the period to which it applies. The balance of taxes receivable includes related interest and penalties. No allowance for uncollectible tax is established because delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible. Prior year tax levies were recorded using the same principal, and delinquent taxes are evaluated annually.

The City may levy up to \$3.10 and \$0.225 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental services and local Fire Pension Funds respectively, for a maximum levy rate of \$3.325/\$1,000.

For 2019, the City's regular tax levy was \$2.114 per \$1,000 on a total taxable assessed valuation of \$23.659 billion for a total regular levy of \$50,021,774

Special levies approved by the voters are not subject to the limitations above. In 2019, the City levied an additional \$0.253 per \$1,000 for the Affordable Housing Levy resulting in a total additional levy of \$6,000,000.

Washington State Constitution and Washing State Law, RCW 84.55.010, limit the rate.

NOTE 15. TAX ABATEMENT

Multifamily Tax Exemption Program

Washington State RCW 84.14 and Vancouver Municipal Code Chapter 3.22 allow for multiple-family residential building property tax exemptions. The program's purpose is to increase residential opportunities, including affordable housing, in designated urban centers. The City may grant abatements up to eight, 10 or 12 years for newly constructed or rehabbed residential units, depending on eligibility and City Council approval.

Program eligibility includes:

- An eight year exemption is available for market-rate projects with an approved development agreement.
- Three tax exemption options are available for housing projects with an affordability component:
 - Eight-year exemption for projects with 20% of units affordable to households earning up to 100% of area median income (AMI).
 - 10-year exemption for projects with 20% of units affordable to households earning up to 80% AMI.
 - 12-year exemption for projects with 20% of units affordable to households earning up to 60% AMI.
- Additionally, households in income-restricted units must pay no more than 30% of their income for rent and utilities.

Property owners have three years from the agreement date to obtain an occupancy permit and a Certificate of Tax Exemption. Exemptions begin January 1 of the year following the issuance of the Final Certificate of Tax Exemption. The new residential improvements are not added to the tax rolls until the exemption expires. Land and other non-residential improvements remain subject to property taxes.

The City completes annual or more frequent compliance reviews of all approved tax exemption projects. Non-compliance may result in the cancellation of the exemption.

As of December 31, 2019, there are 16 approved, ongoing agreements under this program. 12 of the projects have completed construction and are currently renting. Nine projects were in the abatement period for which the City abated approximately \$199,800 in property taxes.

High Unemployment County Sales & Use Tax Deferral for Manufacturing Facilities

The state administers this tax deferral program under Washington State RCW 82.60. The purpose of the program is to promote economic stimulation, create new employment opportunities in distressed areas, and reduce poverty in certain distressed counties in the state. During the year ended December 31, 2019 the state issued tax deferrals which reduced the City's revenue of \$178,000 under this program.

Multi-unit Urban Housing Exemption

The state administers this tax deferral program under Washington State RCW 84.14.020. During the year ended December 31, 2019 the state issued tax deferrals which reduced the City's revenue of \$141,000 under this program.

NOTE 16 . PENSION PLANS

The following table represents the aggregate pension amounts for all plans for the year 2019:

Aggregate Pension Amounts - All Plans

Pension Liabilities	\$ 18,463,892
Dension Assets	44.000.000
Pension Assets	44,029,600
Deferred ouflows of resources	11,343,898
Deferred inflows of resources	22,800,984
Pension expense/expenditures	4,180,913

A. State Sponsored Pension Plans

Substantially all City full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, under cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. The state Legislature establishes, and amends, laws pertaining to the creation and administration of all public retirement systems.

The Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS CAFR may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Retirement Systems Communications Unit P.O. Box 48380 Olympia, WA 98540-8380

Or the DRS CAFR may be downloaded from the DRS website at www.drs.wa.gov.

B. Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

PERS members include elected officials; state employees; employees of the Supreme, Appeals and Superior Courts; employees of the legislature; employees of district and municipal courts; employees of local governments; and higher education employees not participating in higher education retirement programs. PERS is comprised of three separate pension plans for membership purposes. PERS plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans, and PERS plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service. Members retiring from active status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. Retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. The plan was closed to new entrants on September 30, 1977.

C. Contributions

The **PERS Plan 1** member contribution rate is established by State statute at 6 percent. The employer contribution rate is developed by the Office of the State Actuary and includes an administrative expense component that is currently set at 0.18 percent. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 1 employer contribution rates. The PERS Plan 1 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2019 were as follows:

PERS Plan 1 Actual Contribution Rates:	Employer	Employee*
January - June 2019		
PERS Plan 1	7.52%	6.00%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	5.13%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	12.83%	6.00%
July - December 2019		
PERS Plan 1	7.92%	6.00%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.76%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	12.86%	6.00%

* For employees partcipating in JBM, the contribution rate was 12.26%

PERS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and 1 percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. PERS Plan 2/3 members who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a benefit that is reduced by a factor that varies according to age for each year before age 65. PERS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions:

- With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or
- With a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

PERS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service credit. PERS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other PERS Plan 2/3 benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the CPI), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. PERS 2 members are vested after completing five years of eligible service. Plan 3 members are vested in the defined benefit portion of their plan after ten years of service; or after five years of service if 12 months of that service are earned after age 44.

PERS Plan 3 defined contribution benefits are totally dependent on employee contributions and investment earnings on those contributions. PERS Plan 3 members choose their contribution rate upon joining membership and have a chance to change rates upon changing employers. As established by statute, Plan 3 required defined contribution rates are set at a minimum of 5 percent and escalate to 15 percent with a choice of six options. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution benefits. PERS Plan 3 members are immediately vested in the defined contribution portion of their plan.

Contributions

The **PERS Plan 2/3** employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2 and the defined benefit portion of Plan 3. The Plan 2/3 employer rates include a component to address the PERS Plan 1 UAAL and an administrative expense that is currently set at 0.18 percent. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates and Plan 3 contribution rates.

The PERS Plan 2/3 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2019 were as follows:

PERS Plan 2/3		
Actual Contribution Rates	Employer 2/3	Employee 2*
January – June 2019		
PERS Plan 2/3	7.52%	7.41%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	5.13%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Employee PERS Plan 3		Varies
Tot	al 12.83%	7.41%
July – December 2019		
PERS Plan 2/3	7.92%	7.90%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.76%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Employee PERS Plan 3		Varies
Tot	al 12.86%	7.90%

* For employees participating in JBM, the contribution rate was 18.53% to 19.75%

The City's actual PERS plan contributions were \$2.60 million to PERS Plan 1 and \$4.05 million to PERS Plan 2/3 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

C. Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF)

LEOFF membership includes all full-time, fully compensated, local law enforcement commissioned officers, firefighters, and as of July 24, 2005, emergency medical technicians. LEOFF is comprised of two separate defined benefit plans.

LEOFF Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined per year of service calculated as a percent of final average salary (FAS) as follows:

- 20+ years of service 2.0% of FAS
- 10-19 years of service 1.5% of FAS
- 5-9 years of service 1% of FAS

The FAS is the basic monthly salary received at the time of retirement, provided a member has held the same position or rank for 12 months preceding the date of retirement. Otherwise, it is the average of the highest consecutive 24 months' salary within the last ten years of service. Members are eligible for retirement with five years of service at the age of 50. Other benefits include duty and nonduty disability payments, a cost-of living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. LEOFF 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. The plan was closed to new entrants on September 30, 1977.

Contributions

Starting on July 1, 2000, **LEOFF Plan 1** employers and employees contribute zero percent, as long as the plan remains fully funded. The LEOFF Plan I had no required employer or employee contributions for fiscal year 2019. Employers paid only the administrative expense of 0.18 percent of covered payroll.

LEOFF Plan 2 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the final average salary (FAS) per year of service (the FAS is based on the highest consecutive 60 months). Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 53 with at least five years of service credit. Members who retire prior to the age of 53 receive reduced benefits. If the member has at least 20 years of service and is age 50, the reduction is three percent for each year prior to age 53. Otherwise, the benefits are actuarially reduced for each year prior to age 53. LEOFF 2 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the CPI), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. LEOFF 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service.

Contributions

The **LEOFF Plan 2** employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2. The employer rate included an administrative expense component set at 0.18 percent. Plan 2 employers and employees are required to pay at the level adopted by the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board.

Effective July 1, 2017, when a LEOFF employer charges a fee or recovers costs for services rendered by a LEOFF 2 member to a non-LEOFF employer, the LEOFF employer must cover both the employer and state contributions on the LEOFF 2 basic salary earned for those services. The state contribution rate (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) was 3.44% as of July 1, 2019.

The LEOFF Plan 2 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2019 were as follows:

LEOFF Plan 2 Actual Contribution Rates January - June 2019	<u>Employer</u>	Employee
State and local governments Administrative fee	5.25% 0.18%	8.75%
Total	5.43%	8.75%
Ports and Universities Administrative Fee	8.75% 0.18%	8.75%
Total	8.93%	8.75%
July - December 2019		
State and local governments Administrative fee	5.15% 0.18%	8.59%
Total	5.33%	8.59%
Ports and Universities	8.59%	8.59%
Administrative Fee	0.18%	0.50%
Total	8.77%	8.59%

The City's actual contributions to the plan were \$2.59 million for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The Legislature, by means of a special funding arrangement, appropriates money from the state General Fund to supplement the current service liability and fund the prior service costs of Plan 2 in accordance with the recommendations of the Pension Funding Council and the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. This special funding situation is not mandated by the state constitution and could be changed by statute. For the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the state contributed \$72.96 million to LEOFF Plan 2. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of this amount is \$1.66 million.

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (TPL) for each of the DRS plans was determined using the most recent actuarial valuation completed in 2019 with a valuation date of June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the Office of the State Actuary's (OSA) 2007-2012 Experience Study and the 2017 Economic Experience Study.

Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2018 actuarial valuation report. The TPL was calculated as of the valuation date and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. Plan liabilities were rolled forward from June 30, 2018, to June 30, 2019, reflecting each plan's normal cost (using the entry-age cost method), assumed interest and actual benefit payments.

- Inflation: 2.75% total economic inflation; 3.50% salary inflation
- Salary increases: In addition to the base 3.50% salary inflation assumption, salaries are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
- Investment rate of return: 7.4%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 report's Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table, published by the Society of Actuaries. The OSA applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis; meaning, each member is assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year throughout his or her lifetime.

There were changes in methods and assumptions since the last valuation.

 OSA updated modeling to reflect providing benefit payments to the date of the initial retirement eligibility for terminated vested members who delay application for retirement benefits.

 OSA updated COLA programming to reflect legislation signed during the 2018 legislative session that provides PERS and TRS Plan 1 annuitants who are not receiving a basic minimum, alternate minimum, or temporary disability benefit with a one-time permanent 1.5% increase to their monthly retirement benefit, not to exceed a maximum of \$62.50 per month.

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for all DRS plans was 7.4 percent.

To determine that rate, an asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.5 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contribution rate requirements. (All plans use 7.5 percent except LEOFF 2, which has assumed 7.4 percent). Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.4 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue being made at contractually required rates (including PERS 2/3, PSERS 2, SERS 2/3, and TRS 2/3 employers, whose rates include a component for the PERS 1, and TRS 1 plan liabilities). Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.4 percent was used to determine the total liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the DRS pension plan investments of 7.4 percent was determined using a building-blockmethod. In selecting this assumption, the Office of the State Actuary (OSA) reviewed the historical experience data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered capital market assumptions and simulated expected investment returns provided by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). The WSIB uses the capital market assumptions and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

Estimated Rates of Return by Asset Class

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the table below. The inflation component used to create the table is 2.2 percent and represents the WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

		% Long-Term
		Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return Arithmetic
Fixed Income	20%	2.2%
Tangible Assets	7%	5.1%
Real Estate	18%	5.8%
Global Equity	32%	6.3%
Private Equity	23%	9.3%
	100%	

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability

The table below presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate.

	19	% Decrease 6.4%	Current Rate 7.4%	1% Increase 8.4%
PERS 1	\$	17,452,297	\$ 13,935,990	\$ 10,885,130
PERS 2/3	\$	34,727,205	\$ 4,527,901	\$ (20,252,623)
LEOFF 1	\$	(3,802,215) \$	\$ (4,647,882)	\$ (5,278,035)
LEOFF 2	\$	(5,930,743) \$	\$ (31,895,627)	\$ (53,088,915)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the State's pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS financial report.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a total pension liability of \$18.46 million for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities and \$36.54 million for its proportionate share of net pension assets as follows:

Plan	
PERS 1	\$ 13,935,990
PERS 2/3	\$ 4,527,901
Total liabilities	\$ 18,463,891
LEOFF 1	\$ 4,647,882
LEOFF 2	\$ 31,895,627
Total (assets)	\$ 36,543,509

The amount of the asset reported above for LEOFF Plans 1 and 2 reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension asset, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension asset that was associated with the City were as follows:

	LEOFF 1 Asset		LE	OFF 2 Asset
LEOFF - Employer's proportionate share	\$	(4,647,882)	\$	(31,895,627)
LEOFF - State's proportioante share of the net				
pension associated with the employer		(31,438,160)		(20,887,362)
TOTAL	\$	(36,086,042)	\$	(52,782,989)

At June 30, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities was as follows:

	Proportionate Share 6/30/18	Proportionate Share 6/30/19	Change in Proportionate
PERS 1	0.37145%	0.36241%	(0.00904)%
PERS 2/3	0.47133%	0.46615%	(0.00518)%
LEOFF 1	0.23739%	0.23514%	(0.00224)%
LEOFF 2	1.45236%	1.37677%	(0.07559)%

Employer contribution transmittals received and processed by the DRS for the fiscal year ended June 30 are used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share of the collective pension amounts reported by the DRS in the Schedules of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations for all plans except LEOFF 1.

LEOFF Plan 1 allocation percentages are based on the total historical employer contributions to LEOFF 1 from 1971 through 2000 and the retirement benefit payments in fiscal year 2019. Historical data was obtained from a 2011 study by the Office of the State Actuary (OSA). In fiscal year 2019, the state of Washington contributed 87.12 percent of LEOFF 1 employer contributions and all other employers contributed the remaining 12.88 percent of employer contributions. LEOFF 1 is fully funded and no further employer contributions have been required since June 2000. If the plan becomes underfunded, funding of the remaining liability will require new legislation. The allocation method the plan chose reflects the projected long-term contribution effort based on historical data.

In fiscal year 2019, the state of Washington contributed 39.30 percent of LEOFF 2 employer contributions pursuant to RCW 41.26.725 and all other employers contributed the remaining 60.70 percent of employer contributions.

The collective net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the actuarial valuation date on which the total pension liability (asset) is based was as of June 30, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

Pension Expense

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense as follows:

Pension Expense	
PERS 1	\$ 226,427
PERS 2/3	1,344,617
LEOFF 1	(206,178)
LEOFF 2	 528,504
TOTAL	\$ 1,893,370

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following:

PERS 1		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	(931,041)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,276,520		-
TOTAL	\$	1,276,520	\$	(931,041)
PERS 2/3				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,297,254	\$	(973,474)
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		(6,590,780)
Changes of assumptions		115,945		(1,899,757)
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,340,975		(147,339)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,113,249		-
TOTAL	. \$	4,867,423	\$	(9,611,350)
LEOFF 1				
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	(481,846)
TOTAL	\$	-	\$ \$	(481,846)
LEOFF 2				
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	2,295,175	\$	(573,568)
Net difference between projected and actual investment	Ψ	2,200,170	Ψ	(070,000)
earnings on pensionplan investments		-		(6,539,600)
Changes of assumptions		52,545		(3,589,279)
Changes in proportion and differences between		02,010		(0,000,210)
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		988,132		(1,074,239)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,267,326		-
TOTAL	\$	4,603,178	\$	(11,776,686)
TOTAL ALL PLANS				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,592,429	\$	(1,547,042)
Net difference between projected and actual investment	Ψ	0,002,420	Ψ	(1,047,042)
earnings on pension plan investments		_		(14,543,267)
Changes of assumptions		168,490		(5,489,036)
Changes in proportion and differences between		100,100		(0, 100,000)
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,329,107		(1,221,578)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,657,095		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL	\$	10,747,121	\$	(22,800,923)

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	 PERS 1	 PERS 2/3	LEOFF 1		 LEOFF 2
2020	\$ (205,533)	\$ (1,752,569)	\$	(111,919)	\$ (1,802,602)
2021	(486,847)	(3,135,414)		(246,681)	(3,358,325)
2022	(173,736)	(1,252,946)		(89,513)	(1,498,988)
2023	(64,926)	(555,664)		(33,733)	(805,459)
2024	-	(198,146)		-	(281,465)
Thereafter	 -	 37,501		-	 (693,995)
Total	\$ (931,042)	\$ (6,857,238)	\$	(481,846)	\$ (8,440,834)

Police Officers and Firefighters' Pension Funds

Plan Description

<u>Plan administration</u>. The City administers the Fire and Police Pension Funds single-employer defined benefit pension plans. These funds were established by the City in compliance with requirements of the Revised Code of Washington 41.20 and 41.18. The plans are limited to police officers, firefighters and their beneficiaries for individuals employed before March 1, 1970, the effective date of LEOFF. The LEOFF laws were subsequently amended by the Pension Reform Act, which took effect October 1, 1977. Through the LEOFF Act, the state undertook to provide the bulk of police and fire pensions; however, the municipalities continue to be responsible for all or part of pension benefits for employees hired before March 1, 1970, as discussed later. The plans are closed plans that provide pension and medical benefits, some of which can be in excess of LEOFF benefits.

The Policemen's' Pension Board is composed of seven members as follows: The mayor or his designate; the mayor pro-tem; the City clerk who acts as secretary; the City treasurer; and three police members who may be either active or retired City employees.

The Firemen's' Pension Board is composed of five members as follows: The mayor or his designate; the City clerk who acts as secretary; the City treasurer; and two fire members who may be either active or retired City employees.

The financial activity of the Police and Fire Pension Trust Funds are presented in the General Fund. No separate stand-alone financial reports are issued for the plans.

<u>Plan membership</u>. At December 31, 2019, pension plan membership consisted of only inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits. Of the 46 members, 32 are fire members and 14 are police members. The police and fire plans entitle the employees to the greater of the state pension plan or City pension plan benefit. If the City plan benefit exceeds the state benefit, the City must pay the benefit difference. The City benefit amount changes based on current police and fire salaries and other factors.

Benefit Provisions

The LEOFF Act requires a varying obligation of the City for benefits paid to police officers and firefighters.

- Pension and medical expenses for police officers and firefighters retired prior to March 1, 1970, continue to be paid in their entirety by the City under the old pension laws.
- Police officers and firefighters hired before, but not retired on March 1, 1970, received at retirement the greater of the
 pension benefit provided under the old pension laws and under the LEOFF Act. Any excess of the old benefit over the
 LEOFF benefit is provided by the City. The City also pays the reasonable cost of necessary medical expenses of the
 retiree for life.
- For police officers and firefighters hired on or after March 1, 1970, and prior to October 1, 1977, the City is obligated for lifetime medical expenses only. The LEOFF system pays the entire retirement allowance.
- Police officers and firefighters hired on or after October 1, 1977, are covered entirely by the LEOFF system with no City obligation for either retirement allowance or medical expenses.
- The benefits are directly correlated to the salaries of active employees. Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) provided at
 the state level do not impact the total pension benefits provided to the members. The City's obligation under the Plan
 consists of paying the difference between pension and medical benefits provided by LEOFF and those provided by the
 City's Plan. There were no changes in benefit provisions in the current year.

Contributions

Firemen Plan contributions are required by RCW 41.18, while Policemen Plan contributions are required by RCW 41.20. These Plans are closely tied to the LEOFF plan contributions. Any increases to the LEOFF plans decreases the contributions required by the City's Police and Firemen Pension Plan. Any decreases to the LEOFF plan increase the contributions required by the Plans. Retirement benefit provisions are established in state statute and may only be amended by the State Legislature. Amendments to each of the Plans are authorized by the separate Police and Fire Pension Boards.

Funding for the Police Pension Fund comes from annual transfers from the General Fund that are budgeted and approved by the City Council. Sources of funding for the Firefighters Pension Fund include donations, distributions from the state from fire insurance premium collections, and a property tax levy of up to \$.225 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Contributions are determined on a pay-as-you-go basis. Milliman Consultants and Actuaries completed actuarial studies of the two funds as of December 31, 2019; however, no actuarially determined contributions are provided. The General Fund is responsible for the costs of administering the plans, however the valuations assume this is coming from plan assets. If assets are depleted, the General Fund is responsible for the costs. There have been no required employee contributions to the plans since March 1, 1970 because the plan is closed to new entrants. For the year ended December 31, 2019, contributions made by the general fund to the Police and Fire Pension Funds were \$2.79 million and \$2.08 million, respectively.

The state contributes 25% of taxes on fire insurance premiums to the Fire Pension Fund and is considered a non-employer contributing entity. The amount contributed in 2019 to the Fire Pension Fund was \$201,501.

As of December 31, 2019, the Firefighters Pension Fund and the Police Pension Fund reported net position held in trust for pension and OPEB benefits of \$12,628,289 and \$3,751,197, respectively.

Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the City Council. It is the policy of the City Council to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans City Council reviews the investment policy as part of the financial policies adopted as part of the biennial budget process.

As of December 31, 2019, the Firefighters Pension fund had an investment portfolio with fair value of \$1,721,917 which was invested in Corporate Bonds, and in Municipal Bonds on behalf of the Firemen's Pension Fund. In addition to these investments, the Firefighters Pension fund had cash and cash equivalents invested in the City's internal investment pool totaling \$10,850,484. Investments in the City's internal investment pool are invested in the Washington State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which operates within the parameters outlined in GASB 79, and qualifies to report investments at amortized cost. The State Investment Pool's investment objective is to effectively maximize the yield while maintaining liquidity and a stable share price of \$1. The State Pool portfolio's average maturity was 51 days on December 31, 2019. The State Investment Pool in an unrated fund. The City's internal investment pool also invests in the Clark County Local Government Investment Pool, which is unrated, and in US Agencies and Municipal Bonds. All investments are valued at fair value. The average maturity of the Clark County Local Government Investment Pool is 16.7 months. The fair value of the investment portfolio is obtained using the market approach. Pricing is obtained through the City's third-party safekeeping custodian, US Bank Corporate Trust Services, who obtains pricing on Federal Agencies and Corporate Bonds through IDC Institutional Bond Quotes, and uses Standard & Poor's for pricing Municipal Bonds. Investments are reported at fair value or amortized costs as described above.

The Police Pension fund reported no investments at December 31, 2019, but did have \$3,378,868 invested in the City's internal investment pool.

The City does not hold an investment in any one corporation or organization exceeding 5% of net position available for benefits. Additionally, the City does not have any long-term contract for contributions and any amounts outstanding at the report date.

Rate of return. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was as follows:

	Net Money-
	Weighted Rate of
Year ending December 31, 2019	Return
Fire Pension Trust Fund	2.54%
Police Pension Trust Fund	0.00%

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the City at December 31, 2019, were as follows:

	 Fire	 Police
Total pension liability	\$ 7,003,328	\$ 1,890,067
Plan fiduciary net position	 12,628,289	 3,751,197
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (5,624,961)	\$ (1,861,130)
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	180.32%	198.47%
Covered payroll	0	0
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	N/A	N/A

Changes in net pension liability for each plan are as follows:

FIRE PENSION TRUST FUND

Observes in Nat Dansier, Liskility (Asset)	Increase (Decrease)							
Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	То	otal Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Asset		
Balances as of December 31, 2018:	\$	6,029,055	\$	10,502,321	\$	(4,473,266)		
Changes for the year:								
Prior period adjustment		-		17,090		(17,090)		
Interest on total pension liability		230,500		-		230,500		
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		597,719		-		597,719		
Effect of assumptions, changes or inputs		684,420		-		684,420		
Benefit payments		(538,366)		(538,366)		-		
Medical payments from fund		-		(582,694)		582,694		
Employer contributions		-		2,791,527		(2,791,527)		
Contributions from state fire insurance premium tax		-		201,501		(201,501)		
Net investment income		-		291,141		(291,141)		
Administrative expenses		-		(54,231)		54,231		
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$	7,003,328	\$	12,628,289	\$	(5,624,961)		

POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND

	Increase (Decrease)					
Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	То	otal Pension Liability		an Fiduciary let Position		Net Pension Asset
Balances as of December 31, 2018:	\$	2,204,182	\$	2,575,929	\$	(371,747)
Changes for the year:						
Prior period adjustment		-		12,451		(12,451)
Service cost		-		-		-
Interest on total pension liability		83,496		-		83,496
Effect of plan changes		-		-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(323,186)		-		(323,186)
Effect of assumptions, changes or inputs		161,419		-		161,419
Benefit payments		(235,844)		(235,844)		-
Medical payments from fund		-		(681,493)		681,493
Employer contributions		-		2,083,738		(2,083,738)
Police auction income		-		35,828		(35,828)
Net investment income		-		94		(94)
Administrative expenses		-		(39,506)		39,506
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$	1,890,067	\$	3,751,197	\$	(1,861,130)

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>. The total pension liability for each plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward to the measurement date. There were no significant changes during this period. The following actuarial assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount rate	2.75%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	2.75%
Municipal bond rate	2.75%
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table (combined healthy) with generational projection using 100% of Projection Scale BB, with ages set back one year for males and forward one year for females (set forward two years for disabled members). The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by combining expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are per Milliman's investment consulting practice as of December 31, 2019.

The Police and Fire Pension plans are separately invested, but assume the same expected rate of real return. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Index	Long-term Expected Rate of Real Return
Cash	BAML 90 day T-bills	0.09%
Short-term bonds	Barclays 1-3 Year Gov/Cred	0.77%
Long-term bonds	Barclays Long Gov/Cred	2.09%
Assumed inflation - Mean		2.25%
Long-term expected rate of return		2.75%

<u>Discount rate</u>. GASB 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 67 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values.

The assumption of 2.75% as of December 31, 2019 is an appropriate long-term expected rate of return on investments such as those in the City's trust. The Bond Buyer General Obligation municipal bond index for bonds that mature in 20 years is 2.74% as of December 26, 2019. Rounding this to the nearest 1/4% results in a discount rate of 2.75%. Using 2.75% for both the long-term expected rate of return and the bond index will mean that 2.75% could be used as the single discount rate. This will need to be re-evaluated as of later valuation dates. External cash flows are determined on a monthly basis and are assumed to occur at the beginning of each month.

The discount rate as of December 31, 2019 was 2.75%. The discount rate at December 31, 2019 represents a 1.25% decrease in the rate from December 31, 2018 which was 4.0%.

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u>. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Net pension liability (asset)			
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase	
	1.75%	2.75%	3.75%	
Fire	(4,981,951)	(5,624,961)	(6,181,875)	
Police	(1,711,733)	(1,861,130)	(1,992,271)	

Pension Expense

Pension expense recognized related to the City's own pension trust funds for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

		Pension
Plan		 expense
Fire Pension Trust Fund		 1,697,042
Police Pension Trust Fund		590,500
	Total	\$ 2,287,542

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The City does not report deferred outflows or inflows on fiduciary fund statements. The following information is provided in accordance with GASB 67/68 criteria. At December 31, 2019, the deferred outflows of resources related to pension trust funds were from the following sources:

Source of Deferred Outflows of Resources	Fire Pension Trust Fund	P	Police Pension Trust Fund
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 396,017	\$	200,759

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	Fire Pension Trust Fund	Police Pension Trust Fund
2020	\$ 172,381	\$ 73,812
2021	123,435	59,207
2022	67,075	42,448
2023	33,126	25,292
2024	-	-
Thereafter	-	-

NOTE 17. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLANS - NO QUALIFYING TRUST

Fire and Police OPEB Plans

The City administers the Fire and Police Pension Funds single-employer defined benefit pension plans that are reported together with an OPEB component within the General Fund. These funds do not meet any of the requirements of GASB 75.

- Contributions do not meet the irrevocable definition because they are not in a separate bank account from the City.
- The pension and OPEB components are not accounted for separately.
- Funds are not in a qualifying trust.
- Plan assets are not legally protected from creditors.

The following table represents the aggregate OPEB amounts the Fire and Police plans for the year 2019:

Aggregate OPEB Amounts - All Plans				
OPEB liabilities	\$	44,448,966		
OPEB assets	\$	-		
Deferred ourflows of resources	\$	-		
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	-		
OPEB expenditures	\$	(513,751)		

OPEB Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, the City administers two single employer defined benefit plans covering postretirement healthcare and long term care in accordance with state statute to retired police and fire employees who are eligible under the Police Relief and Pension Fund and Firefighter's Pension Fund through Law Enforcement Officers & Fire Fighters Plan 1(LEOFF-1). The activity of the plan is reported in the City's Police and Fire Pension Trust Funds. LEOFF retirement benefit provisions are established in state statute and may be amended only by the State Legislature. A separate audited GAAP-basis Postemployment benefit plan report is not available.

Funding Policy

The City reimburses 100 percent of the amount of validated claims for medical and hospitalization costs incurred by eligible retirees. The City pays for the retiree's monthly insurance premium and also picks up the balance owing after insurance and Medicare payments are made. The pension board performs an annual survey to determine the limit of optical and chiropractic care to be covered. The City also reimburses a monthly fixed amount equal to the Medicare premium for each retiree eligible for Medicare. The methods used to determine the contribution rates are established under state statute in accordance with chapters 41.26 and 41.45 of the RCW.

Under RCW law, medical, hospital, and nursing care are covered as long as a disability exists for any active fire fighter or police hired prior to March 1, 1970.

Membership

Membership in this program includes Plan 1 participants of LEOFF who joined the system by September 30, 1977. This is considered a closed group with two new members. There were no active employees, and no retired employees not yet receiving a benefit, as of December 31, 2019.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits			
Fire	59		
Police	40		
Total	99		

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and there are no assets accumulated in a qualifying trust. Total expenditures for postretirement health in 2019 were \$1,264,187.

Assumptions and Other Inputs

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2019, OPEB actuarial valuations include techniques that are designed to estimate the future experience of the members, reduce short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long term perspective of the calculations. In the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The assumptions included a 2.75% discount rate, 2.75%% investment rate of return, 2.25% inflation rate, and 3.25% salary increase rate, which includes inflation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, service retirement, disability, mortality and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the OPEB liability are subject to continual revision, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents the results of OPEB valuations as of December 31, 2019, and looking forward, the schedule will eventually provide multiyear trend information about the actuarial values of OPEB liability. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and the plan members to that point.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City for each plan calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate.

Fire OPEB				
		Current Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 23,910,987	\$ 27,231,538	\$ 31,177,907	
Police OPEB				
		Current Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 15,297,687	\$ 17,217,428	\$ 19,465,669	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City for each plan calculated using the discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.0%) or 1-percentage point higher (5.0%) that the current rate.

Fire OPEB				
		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	1.75%	2.75%	3.75%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 31,472,094	\$ 27,231,538	\$ 23,773,122	

Police OPEB				
		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	1.75%	2.75%	3.75%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 19,650,114	\$ 17,217,428	\$ 15,203,461	

Г

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Fire OPEB	
Total OPEB Liability at 01/01/2019	\$ 26,968,904
Service cost	-
Interest	1,062,364
Changes of benefit terms	-
Economic/demographic gains and losses	(1,296,988)
Changes of assumptions	1,324,998
Benefit Payments	(827,740)
Other Changes	-
Total OPEB Liability at 12/31/2019	\$ 27,231,538
Police OPEB	
Total OPEB Liability at 01/01/2019	\$ 17,993,813
Service cost	-
Interest	706,603
Changes of benefit terms	-
Economic/demographic gains and losses	(1,072,328)
Changes of assumptions	253,353
Benefit Payments	(664,013)
Other Changes	-
Total OPEB Liability at 12/31/2019	\$ 17,217,428

The following presents a schedule of changes for each plan's total OPEB Liability during 2019.

The Valuation Date, or the date as of which the actuarial evaluation was performed, was January 1, 2019. The Measurement Date, or date as of which the total OPEB liability and schedule of changes to the total OPEB liability under GASB 75 was determined, was December 31, 2019.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate and investment rate of return decreased from 4.0% to 2.75%. No other significant changes were made to the assumptions or other inputs. No changes of benefits that affected the measurement of the total OPEB liability occurred since the prior measurement date.

Total OPEB expenditures for the City were a \$(513,751) adjustment for 2019, largely due to the recognition of assumption changes or inputs noted previously.

At December 31, 2019, the City did not have any reportable deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. Therefore, there are no outflows of resources resulting from payments subsequent to the measurement date to recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability and in future years.

NOTE 18. SPECIAL AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS

Special Item: Tennis Center

The Tennis Center Fund, reported as a nonmajor enterprise fund in the combining statements, reported a special item. During 2019 the Tennis Center became fully operated by a third-party contractor and it no longer had any employees. As a result, the net pension liability carried forward from 2018 needed to be removed without reporting an offsetting expense due to the change in operations.

Special item: Forgiveness of Debt (Component Unit)

As part of the refinancing of the DRA debt in June 2013, a new agreement was signed with Hilton, the Manager of the Vancouver Conference Center hotel that provides for forgiveness of the subordinate management fee over a 10-year period, on a straight-line basis. The forgiveness of this fee is recorded as a Special Item, Forgiveness of Debt, on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. During December 31, 2019, \$107,813 had been forgiven. The outstanding obligation recorded on the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2019, is \$377,345. If the Operating Agreement is terminated early, then the amount owing at the time becomes fully payable.

Extraordinary item: Bankruptcy settlement (Component Unit)

On January 2, 2009, Lehman Brothers Special Finance Inc. failed to tender for sale to the Downtown Redevelopment Authority the Qualified Securities pursuant to the terms of the Forward Purchase Agreement (FPA) and did not correct the issue in the Cure Period. Based on this, the Authority reinvested the investment balance held with the Trustee for 6-months in qualified investments, which matured on July 1, 2009, and was reinvested thereafter with maturities to coincide with the semi-annual interest and principal payments. The rate of return on the reinvestment was substantially below the 5.05% guaranteed by Lehman Brothers. The Authority pursued a claim with the Bankruptcy Court against Lehman Brothers Inc., and Lehman Brothers Special Finance Inc. for the difference between the fixed rate of 5.05% and the rate that alternative investments would generate. During 2019, the Authority received a distribution in the amount of \$3,753 as a result of the bankruptcy claim. If the Lehman bankruptcy estate receives additional funds, more distributions are possible.

NOTE 19. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS/ RESTATEMENTS

The City reported the following prior period adjustments on the fund-level statements:

Purpose of Adjustment	Effect on Prior Year Change in Net Position	Reported Fund	Net Increase or (Decrease) to PY Net Position
Add land parcel which was not previously recorded in the City's general ledger when GASB 34 was implemented.	This adjustment increases the beginning fund balance to correspond with the increase in prior year capital assets.	Water/Sewer	675,000
Capitalizable amounts from prior year were recorded as expenses rather than increases to CIP.	This adjustment increases the beginning fund balance to reflect the conversion of prior year expenses into assets.	Water/Sewer	452,757
Change in compensated absence liabilities.	This adjustment increases the prior year fund balance from a decrease in liabilities.	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	21,018
Correct supplier expenditures recorded in the incorrect fund in the prior year.	This adjustment reduces the prior year expenses in the corrected fund and increases the prior	Consolidated Fire	42,336
	expenses of the other fund.	General	(42,336)
During the prior year some customer receipts incorrectly increased revenues rather than decreasing accounts receivable.	This adjustment reduces prior year fund balances to reflect the decrease in prior year revenues.	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	(12,895)
Non-capitalizable amounts from prior year were recorded as increases to CIP rather than expenses.	This adjustment decreases the beginning fund balance to reflect the conversion of prior year assets into expenses	Water/Sewer	(643,869)
Record additional/adjusted capital assets from the 2018 annexation.	This adjustment increases beginning fund balance to reflect the increase in prior year assets.	Water/Sewer	50,311
Reduce the CIP balance for a project that was cancelled during 2019 and will not result in a capital asset.	This adjustment decreases the beginning fund balance to reflect the conversion of prior year assets into expenses	Internal Service Funds	(327,313)
The City identified loans issued in previous years which were recorded in the loan module but not in the general ledger.	This adjustment increases beginning fund balance to reflect the increase in prior year loans receivable.	Nonmajor Govt'l Activities	3,903,378
The Grounds and Facilities fund is a new fund starting 2019. Its beginning balance for this liability was reported in the General fund previously and now needs to be shown in the internal service funds.	This adjustment decreases the beginning balance to reflect the addition of liabilities.	Internal Service Funds	(281,405)
Almost annually, the City estimates the outstanding costs for the county jail operations if bills have not been received from the county. In previous years the estimated liability was not reduced to actual, once the bills were received, overstating liabilities.	This adjustment increases beginning fund balance to reflect the reduction in prior year liabilities.	General	2,288,221

*Minor differences from the statements due to rounding may exist.

On the government-wide statements, the same adjustments identified above are reported in addition to the following adjustment:

Purpose of Adjustment	Effect on Prior Year Change in Net Position	Reported Fund	Net Increase or (Decrease) to PY Net Position
Capitalizable amounts from prior year were recorded as expenses rather than increases to CIP.	This adjustment increases the beginning fund balance to reflect the conversion of prior year expenses into assets.	Governmental Activities	358,644

*Minor differences from the statements due to rounding may exist.

NOTE 20. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPAL

The following were reported as changes in accounting principals, which are presented as a direct change to the beginning fund balance:

Purpose of Adjustment	Effect on Prior Year Change in Net Position	Reported Fund	Net Increase or (Decrease) to PY Net Position
In prior years, as an off book adjustment, the ending balance of this fund was reclassified as a liability due to other governments to reduce the reported ending fund balance to zero. This was done to represent that the ending balance was owed to the fund recipient. Per the new GASB 84, the ending balance should be reported as restricted rather than a liability.	This adjustment increases the beginning fund balance to correspond with the reclassification of liabilities back to fund balance in prior years.	Custodial	1,429,968

NOTE 21: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Vehicle Tab Revenues

I-976 is an initiative, passed in the November 2019 election, which repeals or lowers certain vehicle registration fees and taxes. It's commonly referred to as the \$30 car tab initiative. The Washington State Supreme Court has agreed to hear an appeal of the King County Superior Court ruling that the initiative is constitutional. The Superior Court's injunction order prohibiting implementation of I-976 will remain in effect until the Supreme Court issues a ruling, and the Department of Licensing (DOL) will continue to collect all vehicle fees and taxes unless directed by the court to do otherwise.

Vancouver Transportation Benefit (TBD) revenues are generated from a \$40 Vehicle License Fee that went into effect July 1, 2018. All revenues are being deposited in a separate fund, TBD Fund, Fund 634. Initiative 976 (I-976) was recently passed by Washington voters. I-976 removes the ability for all TBDs to implement a vehicle license fee. I-976 took effect on December 5, 2019. Litigation is ongoing about the constitutionality of I-976. While litigation is ongoing staff recommends any revenues collected after December 5, 2019 and receipted in 2020, be set aside in case the money is required to be refunded at a later date. Remittances received by the State of Washington for December collections were received in January 2020, and this money and TBD fees received monthly after that are being recorded in fund 634 in a liability account, until the Supreme Court issues a ruling.

New Operations Center Purchase

The City of Vancouver has decided that the current Operation Center needs to be replaced with a new, larger facility. A currently undeveloped 35-acre site has been located that meets the geographical demands for a new Operations Center facility. The City has negotiated an acceptable price of \$7,020,000. The purchase has been approved by Council in November of 2019. The parcel will be purchased by the General Fund (40%) and the Water Fund (60%).

Bond Reissuance

The City has two current bond issues that are eligible for refunding at lower rates. In July of 2020, the City Council approved the refinance the two bond issues, one of them with the delivery date in 2020 and the second one with the delivery date in 2021. In December 2010, the City issued \$13,410,000 in LTGO and Refunding bonds to partially refinance the 2001 LTGO bonds and to provide funding to purchase City Hall. The bonds have an average interest rate of 4.502%, and currently \$7.99 million is outstanding. Of this, approximately \$7.65 million in existing bonds will be refunded by issuing approximately \$6.9 million in refunding bonds. Overall, by refinancing the bond issue, the City will realize more than \$2 million in debt service savings over the life of the bond issue, or about \$132,000 per year. General tax revenues in the General Fund support the debt service payments for this bond issue. The final maturity of this bond issue is December 1, 2035.

Block 10 Sale

The City has been working with the developer over the last two year time period to build a development that includes residential and office space on a parcel of land that was owned by the General Fund. City Council approved a developer agreement to that effect on October 25, 2019. It was further amended by a Second Amendment to Land Disposition and Development Agreement dated February 3, 2020, a Third Amendment to Land Disposition and Development Agreement dated May 18, 2020, and Fourth Amendment to Land Disposition and Development Agreement dated May 18, 2020, and Fourth Amendment to Land Disposition and Development Agreement dated May 18, 2020, and Fourth Amendment to Land Disposition and Development Agreement dated May 18, 2020 ("Fourth Amendment"), by and between the City of Vancouver, a Washington municipal corporation ("City") and Holland Acquisition Co., LLC, a Washington limited liability company ("Holland") concerning the development of the Block 10. The Fourth Amendment provided for an Option to the Developer to purchase the Property from the City outright for \$3.3 million. The Developer exercised their right to purchase the Property to Block 10 during July 2020.

COVID-19 Pandemic

In February 2020, the Governor of Washington State declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus have been ordered. These measures include closing schools, colleges and universities, cancelling public events, prohibiting public and private gatherings, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function.

Regarding financial and operational impacts, the City closed or limited recreation facilities, classes and events, the Navigation Center, Water Resource Center and other public facilities. Downtown parking fees were suspended for several months. Construction on City projects was halted for several months. Additionally, due to the business and retail closures resulting from the state of emergency, the City expects state and local sales tax and other state distributions to be reduced from previous years.

The City plans to apply closures at the guidance of the State regarding stay home, stay healthy and reopening procedures and guidance they issue.

For the DRA, there has been a significant impact to the hospitality industry, including the operations of the Authority's hotel and convention center operations. Management has implemented measures to comply with the requirements of the Governor's declaration and has put into place cost control measures to try to limit the financial impact. The length of time these measures will be in place, and the full extent of the financial impact on the Authority, is unknown at this time.

Delay in GASB Implementation

The GASB approved the Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance Statement on May 7, 2020. Several required accounting and reporting implementations dates may be postponed as a result of this new guidance as identified in Note 2.

NOTE 22: UNIQUE AND UNUSUAL TRANSACTIONS OR CHANGES IN OPERATIONS

Tennis Center Operations

The City operates the Tennis Center per a contract with the Vancouver School District. The District owns the tennis center building and the City rents it through a non-monetary arrangement whereby the District may use the center without charge. Starting 2018, the City contracts operations to a third party, USTA, and the fund no longer had assigned City employees during 2019. The City continues to report revenues and expenses from operations. Any shortfall or loss from operations will be covered by the contractor.

Navigation Center Operations

The City opened the Navigation Center in 2019. The Navigation Center provides services to those in the community experiencing homelessness. It was managed by a contracted service provider until February 2020 when the City took over management of the facility on an interim basis. The center temporarily closed in March 2020 in response to the state declaration of emergency related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Reported Estimates

The financial statements presented contain these estimates:

- County Jail Services: The County did not provide bills for 2019 jail services at the time of the annual report preparation. The \$2.45 million expenditure and liability was estimated based on an average of prior years' expenditures and is reported in the General Fund.
- Construction Expenses: Some construction projects provided draft bills that had not completed evaluation. The draft bills are reported as estimates in the Street Fund, \$355,000.

School Impact Fees

Cities, towns and counties are the only authorized types of governments in Washington that can impose impact fees, per RCW 82.02.050-.110 and WAC 365-196-850. Based upon guidance obtained from legal counsel and the Office of the Washington State Auditor, the impact fees represent City revenues, and their use, City expenditures. In prior years, these funds were reported only as liabilities to the school districts contracted to use them for school facilities. Therefore, 2019 is the first year revenues and expenditures are reported for the School Impact Fee fund. Additionally, the fund will be reported separately from the General Fund for the first time.

Newly Presented Funds

In the 2019 report, the following funds are new or separately presented for the first time:

- Affordable Housing Sales Tax Shown as a nonmajor special revenue fund in the combining statements, this is a new
 fund and revenue stream in 2019. The City imposed a sales tax for affordable housing, in accordance with SHB 1406
 established 2019.
- Grounds and Facilities Shown as an internal service fund in the combining statements, the activities of this fund used to be performed within the General Fund before a separate internal service fund was established in 2019. It maintains City owned facilities and properties.
- School Impact Fees Shown as a nonmajor capital projects fund in the combining statements, this fund was previously
 reported within the General Fund. The fund was established to account for the accumulation and disposition of impact
 fees assessed against new development growth Management Act of 1990. These fees are required to be used for capital
 school facilities. Using interlocal agreements, the City disburses funds to regional school districts to use in accordance
 with the approved Comprehensive Plan.

Indirect Cost Allocation Methodology Adjustments

During 2019 the City completed a reconciliation of multiple years of internal service fund indirect charges to proprietary and governmental funds for the Internal Administrative Services Fund, Self-Insured Worker's Comp and Liability Fund, Benefits Fund and Self-Insured Health Insurance Fund. The reconciliation was performed to true up prior year payments based on budgeted estimates to actual activity and allocation bases. During this reconciliation the allocation basis of the plans were simplified from the methodology used in previous years and continue to conform to allocation standards.

NOTE 23: ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The City started reporting asset retirement obligations for 2019, per the implementation of GASB 83. The City does not share the liability with any other entities and has not restricted funds for the payment of the liabilities. The reported items included:

- 1 Radioactive Machine: Held by the Water/Sewer Fund, radioactive machines are considered hazardous waste and must be disposed of in accordance with state guidelines. The liabilities reported were based upon the professional evaluation of employees managing its operations and input from related suppliers as of April 2020. The asset is reported as fully depreciated in the City's asset records but remains in operation.
- 15 Underground Fuel Storage Tanks: Held by the Airport, Water/Sewer and Internal Service funds, the fuel storage tanks
 require decommissioning by WAC 173-360A-0810. The liabilities reported were based upon a quote from an external
 supplier and evaluation by City staff as of April 2020. Not all of these assets could be separately identified in the City's
 records of capital assets. Those that could be identified were already fully depreciated but remains in operation.

The City has assets that may incur retirement obligations but we do not consider the liability to be estimable for the following:

- Sewer Lagoons: While all Washington Department of Ecology permits for lagoons do not allow governments to discharge into the ground water, the City anticipates using these infrastructure assets in perpetuity.
- Wells: While the Washington Department of Ecology prohibits the abandonment of water wells without decommissioning (WAC 173-160-381, WAC 173-162 and RCW 18.104), the City anticipates using these infrastructure assets in perpetuity.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Fiscal Year (in thousands)

	 2018	201	9
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ -	\$	-
Interest on total OPEB liability	995		1,062
Changes in benefit terms	-		-
Effect on economic/demographic gains or (losses)	-	(1	l,297)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	(1,952)		1,325
Expected benefit payments	 (979)		(828)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,936)		262
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 28,905	26	6,969
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	 26,969	27	7,231
Covered-employee payroll	-		-
Net pension liability as a % of covered employee payroll	N/A		N/A

* The actuarial updates on this information are done on a biennial basis.

* The City implemented GASB 75 for the year ended December 31, 2018, therefore there is no data available for years prior to 2018. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years available is presented.

* No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

* There are no active employees participating in the City-sponsored plans, therefore, there is no covered payroll.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Fiscal Year (in thousands)

	 2018	2019
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ - \$	-
Interest on total OPEB liability	661	707
Changes in benefit terms	-	-
Effect on economic/demographic gains or (losses)	-	(1,072)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	(1,188)	253
Expected benefit payments	 (726)	(664)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,253)	(776)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 19,248	17,994
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	 17,995	17,218
Covered-employee payroll	-	-
Net pension liability as a % of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A

* The actuarial updates on this information are done on a biennial basis.

* The City implemented GASB 75 for the year ended December 31, 2018, therefore there is no data available for years prior to 2018. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years are available is presented.

* No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

* There are no active employees participating in the City-sponsored plans, therefore, there is no covered payroll.

CITY OF VANCOUVER Required Supplementary Information State Sponsored PERS Plan

June 30, 2019

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		_Co	vered payroll	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	Plan net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
PERS Plan 1							
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	0.362411% 0.371448% 0.347124% 0.336733% 0.325010% 0.321349%	\$	13,935,990 16,588,994 16,471,305 18,084,148 17,001,046 16,188,107	\$	51,020,090 47,541,579 43,908,733 40,455,469 36,931,559 35,499,566	27.31% 34.89% 37.51% 44.70% 46.03% 45.60%	67.12% 63.22% 61.24% 57.03% 59.10% 61.19%
PERS Plan 2/3							
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	0.466150% 0.471332% 0.442055% 0.424266% 0.413288%	\$	4,527,901 8,047,574 15,359,298 21,361,458 14,767,016	\$	50,934,387 47,410,326 43,718,782 40,195,751 36,685,226	8.89% 16.97% 35.13% 53.14% 40.25%	97.77% 95.77% 90.97% 85.82% 89.20%
2014	0.406638%		8,219,622		35,219,137	23.34%	93.29%

Notes to Schedule:

CITY OF VANCOUVER

Required Supplementary Information State Sponsored LEOFF Plans June 30, 2019

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	p sh	Employer's proportionate hare of the net ension liability (asset)	sh pe as	State's proportionate hare of the net ension liability (asset) ssociated with he employer	TOTAL		Covered payroll	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll	Plan net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
LEOFF 1										
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	0.235144% 0.237386% 0.239277% 0.243781% 0.246609% 0.248167%	\$	(4,647,882) (4,309,748) (3,630,358) (2,511,642) (2,972,183) (3,009,747)	\$	(31,438,160) (29,151,026) (24,555,655) (16,988,681) (20,103,772) (20,357,854)	\$ (36,086,042) (33,460,774) (28,186,013) (19,500,323) (23,075,955) (23,367,601)		NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA NA	148.78% 144.42% 135.96% 123.74% 127.36% 126.91%
LEOFF 2										
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	1.376774% 1.452364% 1.358889% 1.339828% 1.297652% 128.166200%	\$	(31,895,627) (29,486,155) (18,856,977) (7,792,842) (13,337,267) (17,008,206)	\$	(20,887,362) (19,091,729) (12,232,168) (5,080,366) (8,818,610) (11,112,842)	\$ (52,782,989) (48,577,884) (31,089,145) (12,873,208) (22,155,877) (28,121,048)	\$ \$	48,482,225 46,357,460 42,714,489 40,833,703 37,663,087 35,655,019	-65.79% -63.61% -44.15% -19.08% -35.41% -47.70%	119.43% 118.50% 113.36% 106.04% 111.67% 116.75%

Notes to Schedule:

CITY OF VANCOUVER

Required Supplementary Information State Sponsored PERS Plan December 31, 2019

Schedule of Employer Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Year Ended December 31,	cc	Stautorily or contractually required contributions		ontributions in elation to the stautorily or contractually required contributions	-	ontribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
PERS Plan 1								
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	\$	2,604,750 2,504,897 2,266,259 2,002,066 1,745,867 1,548,817	\$	(2,604,750) (2,504,897) (2,266,259) (2,002,066) (1,745,867) (1,548,817)	\$		\$ 52,526,841 49,529,583 45,983,171 41,693,085 39,026,260 37,320,879	4.96% 5.06% 4.93% 4.80% 4.47% 4.15%
PERS Plan 2/3								
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	\$	4,051,757 3,695,812 3,145,115 2,583,884 2,202,444 1,888,244	\$	(4,051,757) (3,695,812) (3,145,115) (2,583,884) (2,202,444) (1,888,244)	\$		\$ 52,437,339 49,440,314 45,800,870 41,477,314 38,756,185 37,065,498	7.73% 7.48% 6.87% 6.23% 5.68% 5.09%

Note to Schedule:

CITY OF VANCOUVER Required Supplementary Information

State Sponsored LEOFF Plans December 31, 2019

Schedule of Employer Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Year Ended December 31,			re s c	ntributions in lation to the tatutorily or ontractually required ontributions	-	contribution deficiency (excess)	 Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
LEOFF 2								
2019	\$	2,586,044	\$	(2,586,044)	\$	-	\$ 49,735,616	5.20%
2018		2,472,686		(2,472,686)		-	47,103,109	5.25%
2017		2,303,750		(2,303,750)		-	44,722,208	5.15%
2016		2,134,670		(2,134,670)		-	42,270,438	5.05%
2015		2,042,874		(2,042,874)		-	39,060,712	5.23%
2014		2,007,877		(2,007,877)		-	38,390,731	5.23%

Note to Schedule:

Note 1: Information Provided

The City implemented GASB 68 for the year ended December 31, 2015, therefore there is no data available for years prior to 2014.

Note 2: Significant Factors

• There were no changes of benefit terms and no significant changes in the employees covered under the benefit terms. However, actuarial results that OSA provided within this publication reflect the following changes in assumptions and methods: For all active members in TRS, OSA increased the assumed salary growth for 2018 from 3.5 percent to 8.0 percent. This was done to reflect recent increases in state funding for basic education

• OSA updated modeling to reflect providing benefit payments to the date of initial retirement eligibility for terminated vested members who delay application for retirement benefits.

• OSA updated Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) programming to reflect legislation signed during the 2018 Legislative Session (C151 L18). This law provides PERS and TRS Plan 1 annuitants who are not receiving a basic minimum, alternate minimum, or temporary disability benefit with a one-time permanent 1.5 percent increase to their monthly retirement benefit, not to exceed a maximum of \$62.50 per month.

Note 3: Change in contribution rate

The employer contribution rates for both PERS 1 and PERS 2/3 were 12.83% from January to June 2019. Both plans increased to 12.86% from July through December 2019.

Note 4: Employer Contributions

For LEOFF 1, there is a net pension asset for the City; however, there are no active employees participating in the plan, and no required contributions because the plan is fully funded. Therefore, covered payroll and contributions are displayed as N/A.

Note 5: Covered Payroll

Covered payroll has been presented in accordance with GASB 82, *Pension Issues*. Covered payroll now includes all payroll on which a contribution is based.

CITY OF VANCOUVER

Required Supplementary Information - Single Employer Fire Pension Trust Fund December 31, 2019

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years* (in thousands)

		2019	2018	2017		F	Restated 2016		2015	2014
Total pension liability	•	004	004	•	0.40	~	055	•		070
Interest Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	\$	231 \$ 598	224	\$	248	\$	255 (185)	\$	265 \$	272
Effect of assumptions, changes or inputs		684	(264)		145		(155)		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions		(538)	(655)		(586)		(562)		(526)	(477)
Net change in total pension liability		975	(695)		(193)		(648)		(261)	(205)
Total pension liability - beginning		6,029	6,724		6,917		7,565		7,826	8,031
Total pension liability - ending (a)		7,004	6,029		6,724		6,917		7,565	7,826
Plan net position		0.700	4 000		4 000		4 750		4 750	4 750
Contributions - employer Contributions - state fire insurance premium tax		2,792 202	1,800 200		1,800 187		1,756 183		1,756 172	1,756 185
Net investment income		202	181		84		61		35	35
Prior period adjustment		17	-		(15)		-		-	17
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions		(538)	(655)		(586)		(562)		(526)	(477)
Medical payments from fund		(583)	(720)		(689)		(815)		(836)	(924)
Administrative expense		(54)	(58)		(76)		(69)		(56)	(29)
Net change in plan net position		2,127	748		705		554		545	563
Plan net position - beginning		10,502	9,753		9,048		8,494		7,949	7,386
Plan net position - ending (b)		12,629	10,501		9,753		9,048		8,494	7,949
Net pension liability ending (a) - (b)	\$	(5,625) \$	(4,472)	\$	(3,029)	\$	(2,131)	\$	(929) \$	(123)
Plan net position as a $\%$ of total pension liability (b)/(a)		180.31%	174.17%		145.05%		130.81%		112.28%	101.57%
Covered-employee payroll		-	-		-		-		-	-
Net pension liability as a % of covered employee payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A

Notes to Schedule

CITY OF VANCOUVER Required Supplementary Information - Single Employer Police Pension Trust Fund December 31, 2019

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years * (in thousands)

	2	2019	2018		2017		Restated 2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability											
Interest	\$	83	\$	81	\$ 91	\$	83	\$	88	\$	93
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses		(323)		-	-		296		-		-
Effect of assumptions, changes or inputs		161		(80)	45		(49)		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions		(236)		(230)	 (250)		(285)		(217)		(301)
Net change in total pension liability		(315)		(229)	(114)		45		(129)		(208)
Total pension liability - beginning		2,204		2,434	 2,548		2,503		2,632		2,841
Total pension liability - ending (a)		1,889		2,205	 2,434		2,548		2,503		2,633
Plan net position											
Contributions - employer		2,084		1,100	1,100		1,080		1,080		1,080
Police Auction Income		36		15	9		10		8		2
Net investment income		-		-	-		1		-		-
Prior period adjustment		12		-	1		-		-		9
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions		(236)		(230)	(250)		(285)		(218)		(301)
Medical payments from fund		(681)		(601)	(652)		(612)		(475)		(587)
Administrative expense		(40)		(41)	 (49)		(47)		(48)		(36)
Net change in plan net position		1,175		243	159		147		347		167
Plan net position - beginning		2,576		2,334	 2,175		2,029		1,682		1,515
Plan net position - ending (b)		3,751		2,577	 2,334		2,176		2,029		1,682
Net pension liability ending (a) - (b)	\$	(1,862)	\$	(372)	\$ 100	\$	372	\$	474	\$	951
Plan net position as a % of total pension liability (b)/(a)	19	98.57%		116.87%	95.89%		85.40%		81.06%		63.88%
Covered-employee payroll		-		-	-		-		-		-
Net pension liability as a % of covered employee payroll		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes to Schedule

CITY OF VANCOUVER

Required Supplementary Information - Single Employer Police and Fire Pension Trust Funds December 31, 2019

Schedule of Investment Returns

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Retirement System	Year	Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense
Fire Pension Trust Fund	2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	2.54% 1.79% 0.73% 0.70% 0.42% 0.46%
Police Pension Trust Fund	2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	0.00% 0.00% 0.03% 0.03% 0.00% 0.02%

Notes to Schedule:

Note 1: Information Provided

The City implemented GASB 68 for the year ended December 31, 2015, therefore there is no data available for years prior to 2014.

Note 2: Significant Factors

There were no changes of benefit terms, significant changes in the employees covered under the benefit terms or in the use of different assumptions. Under the Police and Fire Pension funds requirement of State law, most adjustments are based on the change in salary for the rank of the members held at retirement or based on the Consumer Price Index. Adjustments are determined in accordance with RCW 41.18.150, RCW 41.20 and RCW 41.26.

Note 3: Covered Payroll

There are no active employees participating in the City-sponsored plans, therefore, there is no covered payroll.

Note 4: Significant Assumptions

Valuation date:

January 1, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement age Mortality Entry Age Normal 30 year closed 16 years Fair Value 2.25% 3.25% 2.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation 53 RP-2000 Mortality Table (combined healthy)
Combining Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Funds		Capital Project Funds		otal Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS	•		•	0 550 540	•		•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,932,216	\$	3,552,542	\$	22,372,311	\$	56,857,069
Receivables (net) Taxes/assessments		040 422						040 422
Accounts		949,433 323,062		- 121,193		- 1,067,235		949,433 1,511,490
Interest		323,062 58,915						1,511,490
Notes		,		6,741		42,962		,
Due from other funds		10,833,525 77,470		-		- 1,341,802		10,833,525 1,419,272
Due from other governmental units		449,791		-		67,081		516,872
Prepaid items		8,463		-		07,001		8,463
Total assets		43,632,875		3,680,476		24,891,391		72,204,742
Total assets		43,032,075		3,000,470		24,091,391		12,204,142
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Total deferred outflows of resources TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED		-		-		-		-
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	43,632,875	\$	3,680,476	\$	24,891,391	\$	72,204,742
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	804.025	\$	-	\$	1,380,610	\$	2,184,635
Due to other funds	*	39,946	Ŧ	304,707	Ŧ	1,039,822	*	1,384,475
Due to interfund advances		81,281		-		-		81,281
Due to other governmental units		326,987		-		-		326,987
Accrued interest payable		-		-		2,101		2,101
Accrued liabilities		18,426		-		-		18,426
Custodial accounts		22,163		-		-		22,163
Unearned revenue		7,737		43,475		-		51,212
Total liabilities		1,300,565		348,182		2,422,533		4,071,280
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		68,370		-		-		68,370
Total deferred inflows of resources		68,370		-		-		68,370
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		8,464		-		-		8,464
Restricted		39,021,191		48,645		19,375,847		58,445,683
Committed		423,693		-		-		423,693
Assigned	_	2,810,592	_	3,283,649	_	3,093,011	_	9,187,252
Total fund balance		42,263,940	_	3,332,294		22,468,858	_	68,065,092
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	<u> </u>	40.000.077	•	0.000.475	•	0.1.00.1.00.1	•	70.004.710
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	43,632,875	\$	3,680,476	\$	24,891,391	\$	72,204,742

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds	_	Debt Service Funds	(Capital Project Funds		otal Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES	•		•		•		•	
Property taxes	\$	5,977,473	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,977,473
Sales and use taxes		2,660,378		-		-		2,660,378
Excise Taxes		9,396,072		-		161,672		9,557,744
License and permits		-		2,528,304		-		2,528,304
Intergovernmental		2,905,026		-		2,423,718		5,328,744
Charges for services		333,339		-		8,014,785		8,348,124
Fines and penalties		42,925		2,211		-		45,136
Investment earnings		717,183		94,052		521,697		1,332,932
Rents and royalties		350,757		-		-		350,757
Contributions/donations		62,481		-		1,407,833		1,470,314
Prior period cost allocation adjustment		209,508		267,987		-		477,495
Miscellaneous		491,038		17,119		-		508,157
Total revenues		23,146,180	_	2,909,673		12,529,705		38,585,558
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government		1,183,231		_		638		1,183,869
Security of persons & property		133,454		_		-		133,454
Physical environment		62,800		_		_		62,800
Transportation		39,584		18,841		3,401,772		3,460,197
Economic environment		5,536,323		10,041		5,401,772		5,536,323
Culture and recreation		46,289		-		846,845		893,134
Intergovernmental facilities		40,209		-		5,698,948		5,698,948
		65 002		-				, ,
Capital outlay		65,993		-		11,022,012		11,088,005
Debt service				5 004 474				5 004 474
Principal retirement		-		5,991,471		-		5,991,471
Interest/fiscal charges		-		2,524,534		-		2,524,534
Total expenditures		7,067,674	_	8,534,846		20,970,215		36,572,735
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		16,078,506		(5,625,173)		(8,440,510)		2,012,823
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets		13,474		-		848,000		861,474
Transfers in		515,000		8,494,430		8,677,434		17,686,864
Transfers out		(5,970,163)		(2,725,361)		(2,507,093)		(11,202,617)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(5,441,689)		5,769,069		7,018,341		7,345,721
			_	0,1 00,000		, ,		.,
Net change in fund balances		10,636,817		143,896		(1,422,169)		9,358,544
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING RESTATED		27,723,745		3,188,398		23,891,027		54,803,170
Prior Period Adjustment		3,903,378	_	-		-		3,903,378
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	42,263,940	\$	3,332,294	\$	22,468,858	\$	68,065,092

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are established to account for the earmarked proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments) to finance specific activities as required by law or administrative regulation. They are created by local ordinance and are often mandated by state statutes. Special revenue classified funds are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Investigative Fund

In 1983, the Investigative Fund was established pursuant to state statute <u>RCW 10.105.010</u>, to receive monies or property seized by city police when used in criminal activities. The funds are to be used by the police department for investigative purposes.

Drug Enforcement Fund

In 1983, the Drug Enforcement Fund was established to receive court-ordered "contribution" made by persons convicted of criminal drug offenses, and from monies or property seized by city police when used in criminal activities relating to controlled substances under state statute RCW 69.50.505. Monies paid into the funds are to be used by the police department for drug enforcement purposes.

CED Grants Fund

Revenues received from HUD federal grants are used for neighborhood improvements. Improvements include home rehabilitation, street paving, curbs and sidewalks, water and sewer lines, and park development.

Tourism Fund

Four percent of revenue derived from the Hotel-Motel tax is returned by the state to the city for the purpose of promoting tourism or building/leasing stadium/convention facilities, pursuant to state statute RCW 67.28.180.

VNHR Properties Fund

Effective January 1, 2006 this fund was created to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the properties on the Vancouver National Historic Reserve.

Criminal Justice Fund

Established in 1991, RCW 82.14.333 provides funding from the state based on a formula by population and crime statistics. Funding is to be used exclusively for criminal justice purposes.

Senior Messenger Fund

This fund was originally established to account for Federal grant monies used to publish a newsletter directed toward senior citizens. As of 1985, the federal grants stopped, and the fund became self-supporting through the sale of advertising space and donations.

Parks & Recreation Fund

A separate City special revenue fund is created as of January 1, 2006 to account for the revenues and expenses associated with Parks and Recreation that are required to be used for restricted purposes.

Affordable Housing Fund

Established 2017, under RCW 84.52.105, allows the city to impose property tax levies to finance affordable housing for very low-income households, and develop or preserve publicly or privately owned housing under RCW 35.21.685.

Affordable Housing Sales Tax Fund

Starting 2019 the City imposed a sales tax for affordable housing, in accordance with SHB 1406 established 2019.

Parkhill Cemetery Improvement Fund

This fund receives 25% from the sales of city-owned grave sites to improve and maintain the city cemetery.

REET 2002

This fund is used to account for the Real Estate Excise Tax received for planning, acquisition, construction, and repair of streets and street related improvements.

Downtown Initiatives Fund

This fund was established in May of 1997 to account for money used to facilitate the redevelopment of under utilized property in the City's downtown core.

City/County Cable TV Fund

The City/County Cable TV is a separate entity jointly operated by the City and Clark County. The purpose of the fund is to provide staff support in matters relating to the administration of the joint city/county urban area cable television franchises.

Transportation Benefit District Fund

Effective November 2, 2015 <u>RCW 36.73</u> established to provide funding for transportation improvements that preserve, maintain, and construct or reconstruct the transportation infrastructure within the City limits.

ASSETS	In	vestigative		Drug Enforcement	 CED Grants		Tourism
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	175,337	\$	728,257	\$ 1,255	\$	6,079,629
Receivables (net) Taxes/assessments Accounts Interest		- - 336		2,636 - 1,393	- 299,670 7		351,773 - 11,571
Notes				1,393	7,293,947		- 11,571
Due from other funds Due from other governmental units Prepaid items		-		-	- 385,953 -		-
Total assets		175,673	_	732,286	 7,980,832		6,442,973
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-	 -	. <u> </u>	-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>\$</u>	175,673	\$	732,286	\$ 7,980,832	\$	6,442,973
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to interfund advances	\$	- - -	\$	18,403 - -	\$ 288,694 35,588 81,281	\$	11,286 - -
Due to other governmental units Accrued liabilities Custodial accounts		-		-	- 7,010 -		283,470 - -
Unearned revenue Total liabilities		-	·	- 18,403	 412,573	· <u> </u>	- 294,756
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue-property taxes		-		-	 -		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	 -		-
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		-		-	-		-
Restricted Committed		159,613		659,739	7,461,332		5,881,911
Assigned		16,060		54,144	 106,927		266,306
Total fund balances		175,673	·	713,883	 7,568,259	· <u> </u>	6,148,217
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	175,673	\$	732,286	\$ 7,980,832	<u>\$</u>	6,442,973

	F	VNHR Properties		Criminal Justice		Senior Messenger		Parks & Recreation
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	618,637	\$	714,202	\$	445.352	\$	30,241
Receivables (net) Taxes/assessments Accounts	Ŧ	-	Ŷ	70,543	Ŷ	- 20,376	Ŷ	-
Interest Notes		1,178		1,366		20,376 849		57
Due from other funds		1,143		-		-		-
Due from other governmental units Prepaid items		-				-		-
Total assets		620,958		786,111		466,577		30,298
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	620,958	\$	786,111	\$	466,577	\$	30,298
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	38,688	\$	-	\$	7,205	\$	-
Due to other funds Due to interfund advances		-		-		-		-
Due to other governmental units		-		-		-		-
Accrued liabilities Custodial accounts		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		4,525		-
Total liabilities		38,688		-		11,730		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue-property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Restricted Committed		- 366,954 -		- 749,875 -		-		- 28,223
Assigned		215,316		36,236		454,847		2,075
Total fund balances		582,270		786,111		454,847		30,298
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	620,958	\$	786,111	\$	466,577	\$	30,298
	<u>.</u>		<u> </u>	/	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

		Affordable Housing		Affordable Housing Sales Tax		Parkhill Cemetery		REET 2002
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,494,861	\$		\$	447,870	\$	3,450,633
Receivables (net)	φ	12,494,001	φ	-	φ	447,070	Φ	3,450,633
Taxes/assessments		81,199		933		-		442,349
Accounts		-		-		20		-
Interest		23,765		-		856		6,602
Notes Due from other funds		3,539,578		-		-		-
Due from other governmental units		-		-		-		76,327
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-
Total assets		16,139,403		933		448,746		3,975,911
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES	\$	16,139,403	\$	933	\$	448,746	\$	3,975,911
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	424,500	\$	-	\$	28	\$	-
Due to other funds Due to interfund advances		-		-		-		-
Due to other governmental units		-		-		-		-
Accrued liabilities		1,127		-		-		-
Custodial accounts		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		425,627		-		28		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		68,370		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		68,370		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable								
Restricted		- 15,225,365		933		-		- 3,854,837
Committed		-		-		423,693		-
Assigned		420,041		-		25,025		121,074
Total fund balances		15,645,406		933	_	448,718		3,975,911
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		10 100 177	<i>.</i>		•		•	
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	16,139,403	<u>\$</u>	933	<u>\$</u>	448,746	\$	3,975,911

		Downtown Initiatives		City/County Cable TV		Transportation Benefit District		otal Nonmajor Special evenue Funds
ASSETS	•	~~~ ~ ~ ~	•	~~~~~	•	. === =	•	~~ ~~ ~ ~ ~ ~
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	288,546	\$	697,677	\$	4,759,719	\$	30,932,216
Receivables (net)								040 400
Taxes/assessments		-		-		-		949,433
Accounts		1,688		1,308		-		323,062
Interest Notes		551		1,324		9,060		58,915
Due from other funds		-		-		-		10,833,525
		-		- -		-		77,470
Due from other governmental units		-		63,838		-		449,791
Prepaid items		8,463	·	-				8,463
Total assets		299,248	·	764,147		4,768,779		43,632,875
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES	\$	299,248	\$	764,147	\$	4,768,779	\$	43,632,875
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	15,221	\$	-	\$	804,025
Due to other funds		-		4,358		-		39,946
Due to interfund advances		-		-		-		81,281
Due to other governmental units		-		43,517		-		326,987
Accrued liabilities		-		10,289		-		18,426
Custodial accounts		22,144		19		-		22,163
Unearned revenue		3,120		92		-		7,737
Total liabilities		25,264		73,496		-		1,300,565
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		-		-		-		68,370
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		68,370
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		8,464		-		-		8,464
Restricted		-		-		4,632,409		39,021,191
Committed		-		-		-		423,693
Assigned		265,520		690,651		136,370		2,810,592
Total fund balances		273,984		690,651		4,768,779		42,263,940
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	299,248	\$	764,147	\$	4,768,779	\$	43,632,875

REVENUES \$<		Investigative	Drug Enforcement	CED Grants	Tourism
Sales and use taxes - - 2,659,445 Excise Taxes - 5,217 1,958,599 - Intergovernmental - 2,1352 51,002 133,458 Fines and penalties - 42,925 - - Investment earnings 4,105 21,352 51,002 133,458 Rents and royalties - 2,616 839 26,611 11,624 Contributions/donations 13,070 - - - - Prior period cost allocation adjustment 2,616 839 26,611 11,624 Miscellaneous - 89,868 22,927 - - Total revenues 19,791 160,201 2,059,139 2,804,527 EXPENDITURES - - - - - Current - - - - - - Current - - - - - - - - - - -		¢	¢	¢	¢
Excise Taxes - <t< td=""><td></td><td>Ъ -</td><td>ф -</td><td>Ъ -</td><td>*</td></t<>		Ъ -	ф -	Ъ -	*
Intergovermental - 5,217 1,958,599 - Charges for services -		-	-	-	2,039,445
Charges for services -		-	-	4 050 500	-
Fines and penalties - 42,925 - - Investment earnings 4,105 21,352 51,002 133,458 Rents and royatties - - - - - Contributions/donations 13,070 - - - - Prior period cost allocation adjustment 2,616 839 26,611 11,624 Miscellaneous - 89,868 22,927 - - Total revenues 19,791 160,201 2,059,139 2,804,527 EXPENDITURES - - - - - Current - - - - - - Security of persons & property 8,936 121,050 - <		-	5,217	1,958,599	-
Investment earnings 4,105 21,352 51,002 133,458 Rents and royalties -		-	-	-	-
Rents and royalties -		-	/	-	400.450
Contributions/donations 13,070 -		4,105	21,352	51,002	133,458
Prior period cost allocation adjustment Miscellaneous 2,616 839 26,611 11,624 Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous 89,868 22,927 - Total revenues 19,791 160,201 2,059,139 2,804,527 EXPENDITURES Current General government -			-	-	-
Total revenues 19,791 160,201 2,059,139 2,804,527 EXPENDITURES Current General government Security of persons & property 8,936 121,050 - - Security of persons & property Physical environment -		2,010		,	11,624
EXPENDITURES Current General government -		-			-
Current General government - <td>l otal revenues</td> <td>19,791</td> <td>160,201</td> <td>2,059,139</td> <td>2,804,527</td>	l otal revenues	19,791	160,201	2,059,139	2,804,527
Security of persons & property 8,936 121,050 -	Current				
Physical environment -		-	404.050	-	-
Transportation -		0,930	121,050	-	-
Economic environment - - 818,649 1,813,403 Culture and recreation - - - - - Capital outlay -		-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>919 640</td> <td>1 912 402</td>		-	-	919 640	1 912 402
Capital outlay -		-	-	010,049	1,013,403
Total expenditures 8,936 121,050 818,649 1,813,403 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 10,855 39,151 1,240,490 991,124 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3ale of capital assets 1,900 11,574 - - Sale of capital assets 1,900 11,574 - - - Transfers in - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) 1,900 (196,593) (78,784) (57,018) Net change in fund balances 12,755 (157,442) 1,161,706 934,106 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 162,918 871,325 5,128,689 5,214,111 Prior Period Adjustment - - - 1,277,864 -		-	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 10,855 39,151 1,240,490 991,124 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets 1,900 11,574 - - Transfers in - - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) 1,900 (196,593) (78,784) (57,018) Net change in fund balances 12,755 (157,442) 1,161,706 934,106 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 162,918 871,325 5,128,689 5,214,111 Prior Period Adjustment - - 1,277,864 -	1 3		404.050		4 042 402
over expenditures 10,855 39,151 1,240,490 991,124 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) 1,900 11,574 - - 0 11,574 -	i otal expenditures	8,936	121,050	818,649	1,813,403
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets 1,900 11,574 - - - - <td></td> <td>10 855</td> <td>30 151</td> <td>1 240 490</td> <td>001 12/</td>		10 855	30 151	1 240 490	001 12/
Sale of capital assets 1,900 11,574 - - Transfers in - (208,167) (78,784) (57,018) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,900 (196,593) (78,784) (57,018) Net change in fund balances 12,755 (157,442) 1,161,706 934,106 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 162,918 871,325 5,128,689 5,214,111 Prior Period Adjustment - - 1,277,864 -	over experiordites	10,000	55,151	1,240,490	331,124
Sale of capital assets 1,900 11,574 - - Transfers in - (208,167) (78,784) (57,018) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,900 (196,593) (78,784) (57,018) Net change in fund balances 12,755 (157,442) 1,161,706 934,106 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 162,918 871,325 5,128,689 5,214,111 Prior Period Adjustment - - 1,277,864 -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in - (208,167) (78,784) (57,018) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,900 (196,593) (78,784) (57,018) Net change in fund balances 12,755 (157,442) 1,161,706 934,106 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 162,918 871,325 5,128,689 5,214,111 Prior Period Adjustment - 1,277,864 -		1 900	11 57/	_	-
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) - (208,167) (196,593) (78,784) (78,784) (57,018) (57,018) Net change in fund balances 12,755 (157,442) 1,161,706 934,106 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment 162,918 871,325 5,128,689 5,214,111		1,300		_	_
Total other financing sources (uses) 1,900 (196,593) (78,784) (57,018) Net change in fund balances 12,755 (157,442) 1,161,706 934,106 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 162,918 871,325 5,128,689 5,214,111 Prior Period Adjustment - - 1,277,864 -		_	(208 167)	(78 784)	(57.018)
Net change in fund balances 12,755 (157,442) 1,161,706 934,106 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 162,918 871,325 5,128,689 5,214,111 Prior Period Adjustment - - 1,277,864 -		1 000			
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 162,918 871,325 5,128,689 5,214,111 Prior Period Adjustment - - 1,277,864 -	Total other infancing sources (uses)	1,900	(190,593)	(70,704)	(57,016)
Prior Period Adjustment	Net change in fund balances	12,755	(157,442)	1,161,706	934,106
Prior Period Adjustment	FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	162,918	871,325	5,128,689	5.214.111
					-,,
	,	\$ 175,673	\$ 713,883		\$ 6,148,217

KEVENUES \$<	REVENUES	VNHR Properties	Criminal Justice	Senior Messenger	Parks & Recreation
Sales and use taxes -		¢	¢	¢	¢ .
Excise Taxes - <t< td=""><td></td><td>ψ -</td><td>Ψ -</td><td>ψ -</td><td>φ -</td></t<>		ψ -	Ψ -	ψ -	φ -
Intergovermental - 280,681 - - Charges for services - - 274,022 - Fines and penalties - - - - Investment earnings 14,862 18,249 10,047 1,032 Rents and royalties 204,067 - - - Contributions/donations 5,000 - 32,583 11,828 Prior period cost allocation adjustment - - 10,038 - Miscellaneous 378,219 - - - - Total revenues 602,148 298,930 326,690 12,860 EXPENDITURES - - - - - Current - - - - - - General government -<		-	-	-	
Charges for services - 274,022 - Fines and penalties 14,862 18,249 10,047 1,032 Investment earnings 14,862 18,249 10,047 1,032 Rents and royalties 204,067 - - - Contributions/donations 5,000 - 325,83 11,828 Prior period cost allocation adjustment - - 10,038 - Miscellaneous 378,219 - - - - Total revenues 602,148 298,930 326,690 12,860 - Current -		-	280,681	-	-
Fines and penalties -		-		274.022	-
Investment earnings 14,862 18,249 10,047 1,032 Rents and royalties 204,067 - - - Contributions/donations 5,000 - 32,583 11,828 Prior period cost allocation adjustment - - 10,038 - Miscellaneous 378,219 - - - - Total revenues 602,148 298,930 326,690 12,860 EXPENDITURES - - - - - General government - - - - - Security of persons & property - 3,468 -		-	-		-
Rents and royalties 204,067 - <td></td> <td>14,862</td> <td>18,249</td> <td>10,047</td> <td>1,032</td>		14,862	18,249	10,047	1,032
Prior period cost allocation adjustment 378,219 - 10,038 - Miscellaneous 378,219 -		204,067	-	-	-
Miscellaneous 378,219 -	Contributions/donations	5,000	-	32,583	11,828
Total revenues 602,148 298,930 326,690 12,860 EXPENDITURES Current General government Security of persons & property - <td< td=""><td>Prior period cost allocation adjustment</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>10,038</td><td>-</td></td<>	Prior period cost allocation adjustment	-	-	10,038	-
EXPENDITURES Current General government -	Miscellaneous	378,219	-	-	
Current General government - <td>Total revenues</td> <td>602,148</td> <td>298,930</td> <td>326,690</td> <td>12,860</td>	Total revenues	602,148	298,930	326,690	12,860
Security of persons & property - 3,468 - - Physical environment - - - - - Transportation - - - - - - Economic environment 192,681 - 286,767 - 229 Capital outlay - - - - - - - - - 229 Capital outlay - <	Current				
Physical environment -		-	-	-	-
Transportation - - - - - - - - - - - 229 Culture and recreation - - - 229 - - 229 Capital outlay - - - - 229 Total expenditures 192,681 3,468 286,767 229 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 409,467 295,462 39,923 12,631 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - - Sale of capital assets - - - - - - Transfers out (393,219) (194,733) - (20,000) - (20,000) Net change in fund balances 16,248 100,729 39,923 (7,369) FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 566,022 685,382 414,924 37,667 Prior Period Adjustment - - - - -		-	3,408	-	-
Economic environment 192,681 - 286,767 - Culture and recreation - - 229 Capital outlay - - - 229 Total expenditures 192,681 3,468 286,767 229 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 409,467 295,462 39,923 12,631 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - - Sale of capital assets - - - - - Transfers in - - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (393,219) (194,733) - (20,000) (20,000) Net change in fund balances 16,248 100,729 39,923 (7,369) FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 566,022 685,382 414,924 37,667 Prior Period Adjustment - - - - -		-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation - - 229 Capital outlay - - - Total expenditures 192,681 3,468 286,767 229 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 409,467 295,462 39,923 12,631 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Sale of capital assets - - - - Transfers in - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (393,219) (194,733) - (20,000) Net change in fund balances 16,248 100,729 39,923 (7,369) FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 566,022 685,382 414,924 37,667 Prior Period Adjustment - - - -		102 691	-	206 767	-
Capital outlay -		192,001	-	200,707	- 220
Total expenditures 192,681 3,468 286,767 229 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 409,467 295,462 39,923 12,631 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3ale of capital assets - </td <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td>		_	-	_	-
over expenditures 409,467 295,462 39,923 12,631 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) -	1 3	192,681	3,468	286,767	229
over expenditures 409,467 295,462 39,923 12,631 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) -					
Sale of capital assets - <td></td> <td>409,467</td> <td>295,462</td> <td>39,923</td> <td>12,631</td>		409,467	295,462	39,923	12,631
Sale of capital assets - <td>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) (393,219) (393,219) (194,733) (194,733) - (20,000) (20,000) Net change in fund balances 16,248 100,729 39,923 (7,369) FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment 566,022 685,382 414,924 37,667		-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses) (393,219) (194,733) - (20,000) Net change in fund balances 16,248 100,729 39,923 (7,369) FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 566,022 685,382 414,924 37,667 Prior Period Adjustment - - - - -	Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances 16,248 100,729 39,923 (7,369) FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 566,022 685,382 414,924 37,667 Prior Period Adjustment - - - - -	Transfers out	(393,219)	(194,733)	-	(20,000)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING 566,022 685,382 414,924 37,667 Prior Period Adjustment	Total other financing sources (uses)	(393,219)	(194,733)	-	(20,000)
Prior Period Adjustment	Net change in fund balances	16,248	100,729	39,923	(7,369)
		566,022	685,382	414,924	37,667
		<u> </u>	\$ 786,111	\$ 454,847	\$ 30,298

For the real Ended December 31, 2019		Affordable Housing	Affordable Housing Sales Tax	Parkhill Cemetery	REET 2002
REVENUES	¢	E 077 470	¢	¢	¢
Property taxes Sales and use taxes	\$	5,977,473	\$- 933	\$-	\$-
Excise Taxes		-	900	-	- 4,587,527
Intergovernmental		-	-	-	4,007,027
Charges for services				17,527	
Fines and penalties		_	-		_
Investment earnings		265,772	-	13,098	70,830
Rents and royalties		- 200,772	-	-	
Contributions/donations		-	-	-	-
Prior period cost allocation adjustment		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-
Total revenues		6,243,245	933	30,625	4,658,357
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government		-	-	-	-
Security of persons & property		-	-	-	-
Physical environment		-	-	62,800	-
Transportation		-	-	-	-
Economic environment		2,309,340	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	46,060
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Total expenditures		2,309,340	-	62,800	46,060
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				<i>(</i>)	
over expenditures		3,933,905	933	(32,175)	4,612,297
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets		-	-	-	-
Transfers in		-	-	-	-
Transfers out		-			(2,193,194)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-		(2,193,194)
Net change in fund balances		3,933,905	933	(32,175)	2,419,103
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		9,066,572	-	480,893	1,556,808
Prior Period Adjustment		2,644,929	-		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	15,645,406	\$ 933	\$ 448,718	\$ 3,975,911

REVENUES	Downtown Initiatives	City/County Cable TV	Transportation Benefit District	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Property taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 5,977,473
Sales and use taxes	Ф -	φ -	φ -	2,660,378
Excise Taxes	-	-	4,808,545	9,396,072
Intergovernmental	-	- 660,529	4,000,040	2,905,026
	-		-	
Charges for services	-	41,790	-	333,339
Fines and penalties	-	-	-	42,925
Investment earnings	6,366	10,806	96,204	717,183
Rents and royalties Contributions/donations	146,690	-	-	350,757
	- 2,126	- 166 664	-	62,481
Prior period cost allocation adjustment	2,126	155,654	-	209,508
Miscellaneous	-	24	-	491,038
Total revenues	155,182	868,803	4,904,749	23,146,180
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government	-	1,183,231	-	1,183,231
Security of persons & property	-	-	-	133,454
Physical environment	-	-	-	62,800
Transportation	-	-	39,584	39,584
Economic environment	115,483	-	-	5,536,323
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	46,289
Capital outlay	-	65,993	-	65,993
Total expenditures	115,483	1,249,224	39,584	7,067,674
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	39,699	(380,421)	4,865,165	16,078,506
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	13,474
Transfers in	-	515.000	-	515,000
Transfers out	-	(205)	(2,824,843)	(5,970,163)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	514,795	(2,824,843)	(5,441,689)
Net change in fund balances	39,699	134,374	2,040,322	10,636,817
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	234,285	575,692	2,728,457	27,723,745
Prior Period Adjustment	204	(19,415)		3,903,378
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 273,984	\$ 690,651	\$ 4,768,779	\$ 42,263,940
	ψ 213,984	ψ 030,001	ψ 4,100,119	ψ 42,203,940

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are accounted for and budgeted annually on the modified accrual basis and all appropriations lapse at year-end.

Debt Service Funds in the City of Vancouver account for the principal and interest on the general obligation bonds of the city. General obligation bonds are those bonds for which the full faith and credit of the city are pledged for payment. They are generally payable from general property taxes and other general revenues. These funds exclude debt service payments for debt issued for the benefit of a governmental enterprise from those revenues it will be servicing.

GO Debt Service Fund

This fund was established to accumulate monies for the payment of general obligation debt of the City of Vancouver.

L.I.D. Fund

This fund was established in November of 1988 in accordance with GASB Statement 6 to accumulate monies for the payment of special assessment bonds and notes issued to pay construction costs in providing special benefits to a particular area of the city. Revenue is derived from special assessments levied against property receiving the benefit or improvements.

L.I.D. Guaranty Fund

This fund is authorized by law to insure that no bonds or notes will be left unpaid when all of the assessments from approved local government districts have been received. Revenue is from money remaining on L.I.D.s after all debt obligations have been met.

Transportation Debt Service Fund

This fund was created in 2006 to accommodate a new business license fee surcharge approved by Council effective January 1, 2007, dedicated to provide funds for debt services that are used for funding transportation capital projects.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2019

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents). Debt ervice	L \$.I.D. Debt 6,472	<u>L.I.</u>	D. Guaranty 35,520	\$	Transportation Debt Service 3,510,550	otal Nonmajor Debt Service Funds 3,552,542
Receivables (net) Accounts			53,238				67,955	121,193
Interest			55,256 12		- 66		6.663	6.741
Total assets	 -		59,722		35,586	_	3,585,168	 3,680,476
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total deferred outflows of resources	 				<u> </u>		<u>.</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ -	\$	59,722	\$	35,586	\$	3,585,168	\$ 3,680,476
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	-		-		-		304,707	304,707
Unearned revenue	 -		43,475		-		-	 43,475
Total liabilities	 -		43,475		-		304,707	 348,182
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Total deferred inflows of resources	 		-	. <u> </u>				
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted	-		15,618		33,027		-	48,645
Assigned	-		629		2,559		3,280,461	3,283,649
Unassigned	 -		-		-		-	 -
Total fund balance TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	 <u> </u>		16,247		35,586		3,280,461	 3,332,294
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 	\$	59,722	\$	35,586	\$	3,585,168	\$ 3,680,476

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

REVENUES License and permits Fines and penalties Investment earnings Prior period cost allocation adjustment Miscellaneous Total revenues	G.O. Debt Service \$- - - - - - - -	L.I.D. Debt \$- 164 2,619 - 17,119 19,902	<u>L.I.D. Guaranty</u> \$ - 1,106 - 1,106	Transportation Debt Service \$ 2,528,304 2,047 90,327 267,987 -	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds \$ 2,528,304 2,211 94,052 267,987 17,119 2,909,673
EXPENDITURES Current Transportation Debt service	-	-	-	18,841	18,841
Principal retirement	5,971,471	20,000	-	-	5,991,471
Interest/fiscal charges	2,522,959	1,575	-	-	2,524,534
Total expenditures	8,494,430	21,575	-	18,841	8,534,846
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,494,430)	(1,673)	1,106	2,869,824	(5,625,173)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	8,494,430	-	-	-	8,494,430
Transfers out	-		-	(2,725,361)	(2,725,361)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,494,430			(2,725,361)	5,769,069
Net change in fund balances	-	(1,673)	1,106	144,463	143,896
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment	<u> </u>	17,920	34,480	3,135,998	3,188,398
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 16,247</u>	<u>\$ 35,586</u>	\$ 3,280,461	<u>\$ 3,332,294</u>

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Project funds account for the acquisition or development of capital facilities by a government unit, except those financed by assessment and enterprise funds. Their major sources of revenue are from proceeds from general obligation bonds, grants from other agencies, and contributions from other funds.

The budgeting for capital project funds differs from that of the general and some of the special revenue funds. A capital budget is adopted which consists of a plan of proposed capital outlays and the means of financing them. The appropriations do not lapse at year-end, but continue until the project is finalized. Bond funds receive appropriations equal to the proceeds received, and are increased for expenditures supported from only additional revenues received.

Though most of the capital project funds in the city represent individual projects, a number of them incorporate subsidiary project control for all projects related to the legal existence of the fund.

The city utilizes the modified accrual method of accounting for capital project funds. The expenditures incurred are capitalized upon completion of the project to general fixed assets unless proprietary fund related.

Parks Construction Fund

This fund was created in January of 1981 to acquire or improve the public parks and recreation facilities of the city.

Transportation Capital Fund

This fund was created in 1998 to account for all capital projects in the Transportation Department. The funding for the projects is primarily from grants, bonds, and developer agreements as well as other public and private funding sources.

2011 Bond Capital Fund

This fund was established to account for bond money used to 1) partially fund the improvements for the Waterfront Access Project, and 2) pay issuance costs of the Bonds.

Transportation Impact Fees Fund

The fund was established in 1995 to account for the accumulation and disposition of impact fees assessed against new development under the Growth Management Act of 1990. These fees are required to be used for public streets and roads in accordance with the approved Comprehensive Plan.

School Impact Fees Fund

The fund was established to account for the accumulation and disposition of impact fees assessed against new development ggrowth Management Act of 1990. These fees are required to be used for capital school facilities. Using interlocal agreements, the City disburses funds to regional school districts to use in accordance with the approved Comprehensive Plan. Before 2019, the fund was reported as part of the General Fund.

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS December 31, 2019

ASSETS		Parks Construction	1	Transportation Capital		2011 Bond Capital		Transportation Impact Fees	:	School Impact Fees		otal Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1.371.037	\$	8,285,907	\$	1.029.696	\$	10,988,789	\$	696.882	\$	22,372,311
Receivables (net)	φ	1,371,037	φ	0,205,907	φ	1,029,090	φ	10,900,709	φ	090,002	φ	22,372,311
Accounts		1,000,000						67.235				1,067,235
Interest		2.844		15,825		2,022		20,942		1,329		42.962
Due from other funds		10.770		1,331,032		2,022		20,942		1,529		1,341,802
Due from other governmental units		10,770		67.081		-		-		-		67.081
Total assets		2,384,651	·	9,699,845		1.031.718		11.076.966		698.211		24,891,391
Total assets		2,364,031	·	9,099,045		1,031,710		11,070,900		090,211		24,091,391
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	·	-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED			·									
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	2,384,651	\$	9,699,845	\$	1,031,718	\$	11,076,966	\$	698,211	\$	24,891,391
	<u> </u>	1 1	<u> </u>		: <u>–</u>	//	: <u> </u>	11	-		: <u> </u>	/
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	107,369	\$	577,366	\$	-	\$	-	\$	695,875	\$	1,380,610
Due to other funds		26,882		-		733,392		279,548		, _		1,039,822
Accrued interest payable		-		-		· -		-		2,101		2,101
Total liabilities		134,251		577,366		733,392		279,548		697,976		2,422,533
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted		1,500,214		6,901,354		176,626		10,797,418		235		19,375,847
Assigned		750,186		2,221,125		121,700		-		-		3,093,011
Total fund balance		2,250,400		9,122,479		298,326		10,797,418		235		22,468,858
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW												
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,384,651	<u>\$</u>	9,699,845	\$	1,031,718	\$	11,076,966	<u>\$</u>	698,211	<u>\$</u>	24,891,391

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Parks Construction	-	Transportation Capital	2011 Bond Capital		Transportation Impact Fees	;	School Impact Fees		otal Nonmajor apital Projects Funds
REVENUES										
Excise Taxes	\$-	\$	161,672	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	161,672
Intergovernmental	805,666		1,618,052	-		-		-		2,423,718
Charges for services	-		83,853	-		2,240,402		5,690,530		8,014,785
Investment earnings	40,502		193,386	35,322		242,030		10,457		521,697
Contributions/donations	1,012,000		395,833	 -	_	-		-	_	1,407,833
Total revenues	1,858,168		2,452,796	 35,322		2,482,432	_	5,700,987		12,529,705
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government	-		-	638		-		-		638
Transportation	-		3,401,772	-		-		-		3,401,772
Culture and recreation	846,845		-	-		-		-		846,845
Intergovernmental facilities	-		-	-		-		5,698,948		5,698,948
Capital outlay	7,181,846		3,840,166	-		-		-		11,022,012
Total expenditures	8,028,691		7,241,938	 638		-	_	5,698,948	_	20,970,215
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,170,523)		(4,789,142)	34,684		2,482,432		2,039		(8,440,510)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of capital assets	-		848,000	-		-		-		848,000
Transfers in	3,383,757		5,293,677	-		-		-		8,677,434
Transfers out	-		(320,992)	(1,766,098)		(420,003)		-		(2,507,093)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,383,757		5,820,685	 (1,766,098)		(420,003)		-		7,018,341
Net change in fund balances	(2,786,766)		1,031,543	(1,731,414)		2,062,429		2,039		(1,422,169)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING RESTATED	5,037,166		8,090,936	 2,029,740		8,734,989		(1,804)		23,891,027
Prior Period Adjustment FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>-</u> \$ 2,250,400	\$	- 9,122,479	\$ - 298,326	\$	- 10,797,418	\$	- 235	\$	- 22,468,858

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Governmental Budget and Actual Schedules

INVESTIGATIVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget	t Amo	ounts	Actual		
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium	Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES					_	
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$	-	+ ,	\$	4,105
Contributions/donations	40,000		40,000	13,070		(26,930)
Prior period cost allocation adjustment	-		-	2,616		2,616
Miscellaneous	 10,000		10,000	-		(10,000)
Total revenues	 50,000		50,000	19,791		(30,209)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Security of persons & property	72,878		72,878	8,936		63,942
Capital outlay	 50,000		50,000	-		50,000
Total expenditures	 122,878		122,878	8,936		113,942
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(72,878)		(72,878)	10,855		83,733
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of capital assets	-		-	1,900		1,900
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-	1,900	_	1,900
Net change in fund balance	(72,878)		(72,878)	12,755		85,633
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	162,918		162,918	162,918		-
Prior Period Adjustment	 -		-			-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 90,040	\$	90,040	\$ 175,673	\$	85,633

CITY OF VANCOUVER DRUG ENFORCEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budge	t Amo	ounts	Actual		
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium	_	Final 2019-20 Biennium	Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19	_	Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,217	\$	5,217
Fines and penalties	200,000		200,000	42,925		(157,075)
Investment earnings	20,000		20,000	21,352		1,352
Prior period cost allocation adjustment				839		839
Miscellaneous	 240,000		240,000	89,868		(150,132)
Total revenues	 460,000		460,000	160,201		(299,799)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Security of persons & property	 305,254		305,254	121,050		184,204
Total expenditures	305,254		305,254	121,050		184,204
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	154,746		154,746	39,151		(115,595)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of capital assets	-		-	11.574		11,574
Transfers out	(318,314)		(384,988)	(208,167)		176,821
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (318,314)		(384,988)	(196,593)	_	188,395
Net change in fund balance	(163,568)		(230,242)	(157,442)		72,800
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	871,325		871,325	871,325		-
Prior Period Adjustment	 -		-			-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 707,757	<u>\$</u>	641,083	\$ 713,883	\$	72,800

CED GRANTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget Amounts					Actual	
		Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19	 Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment earnings Prior period cost allocation adjustment Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	4,265,743 - - - 4,265,743	\$	4,265,743 - - - 4,265,743	\$	1,958,599 51,002 26,611 22,927 2,059,139	\$ (2,307,144) 51,002 26,611 22,927 (2,206,604)
EXPENDITURES Current: Economic environment		4,080,251		3,800,841		818,649	2,982,192
Total expenditures		4,080,251		3,800,841	_	818,649	 2,982,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		185,492		464,902		1,240,490	775,588
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		-		(228,214)		(78,784)	 149,430
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(228,214)		(78,784)	 149,430
Net change in fund balance		185,492		236,688		1,161,706	925,018
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment		5,128,689		5,128,689 -		5,128,689 1,277,864	 1,277,864
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	5,314,181	\$	5,365,377	\$	7,568,259	\$ 2,202,882

TOURISM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budge	t Amc	ounts		Actual		
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES Sales and use taxes Investment earnings Prior period cost allocation adjustment Total revenues	\$ 5,800,000 100,000 - 5,900,000	\$	5,800,000 100,000 - 5,900,000	\$	2,659,445 133,458 11,624 2,804,527	\$	(3,140,555) 33,458 11,624 (3,095,473)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Economic environment	3,954,452		3,937,694		1,813,403		2,124,291
Total expenditures	 3,954,452		3,937,694	_	1,813,403	_	2,124,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,945,548		1,962,306		991,124		(971,182)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	 		(88,093)		(57,018)		31,075
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		(88,093)		(57,018)		31,075
Net change in fund balance	1,945,548		1,874,213		934,106		(940,107)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment	 5,214,111		5,214,111		5,214,111		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 7,159,659	\$	7,088,324	\$	6,148,217	\$	(940,107)

VNHR PROPERTIES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget	Am	ounts	Actual	
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium	Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19	 Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment earnings Rents and royalties Contributions/donations Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 760,000 - 400,000 - - 1,160,000	\$	760,000 - 400,000 - - 1,160,000	\$ - 14,862 204,067 5,000 <u>378,219</u> 602,148	\$ (760,000) 14,862 (195,933) 5,000 <u>378,219</u> (557,852)
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Economic environment	744,233		729,233	192,681	536,552
Total expenditures	 744,233		729,233	192,681	 536,552
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	415,767		430,767	409,467	(21,300)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	 (756,238) (756,238)		(771,238) (771,238)	(393,219) (393,219)	 378,019 378,019
Net change in fund balance	(340,471)		(340,471)	16,248	356,719
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment	 566,022		566,022	566,022	 <u> </u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 225,551	\$	225,551	\$ 582,270	\$ 356,719

CRIMINAL JUSTICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budget Amounts				Actual		
		Original		Final		Biennium		
		2019-20		2019-20		To-Date		Variance
DEV/ENU/EQ		Biennium		Biennium		Thru 12/31/19		Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES	¢	500.000	\$	500.000	¢	000 004	¢	(040.040)
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$	500,000 20,000	Ф	500,000 20,000	\$	280,681 18,249	\$	(219,319) (1,751)
Total revenues		520,000		,		298,930		
Total revenues		520,000		520,000		290,930		(221,070)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Security of persons & property		6,112		6,112		3,468		2,644
Total expenditures		6,112		6,112		3,468		2,644
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		513,888		513,888		295,462		(218,426)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(414,453)		(414,453)		(194,733)		219,720
Total other financing sources (uses)		(414,453)		(414,453)	_	(194,733)		219,720
Total other infancing sources (uses)		(+++,+55)		(+++,+55)	_	(134,733)		213,720
Net change in fund balance		99,435		99,435		100,729		1,294
0								
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		685,382		685,382		685,382		-
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-				-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	784,817	\$	784,817	\$	786,111	\$	1,294

CITY OF VANCOUVER SENIOR MESSENGER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget Amounts					Actual		
		Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES Charges for services Investment earnings Contributions/donations Prior period cost allocation adjustment	\$	500,000 8,000 74,000	\$	500,000 8,000 74,000	\$	274,022 10,047 32,583 10,038	\$	(225,978) 2,047 (41,417) 10,038
Total revenues		582,000		582,000		326,690		(255,310)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Economic environment		696,432		696,432		286,767		409,665
Total expenditures		696,432		696,432		286,767		409,665
Net change in fund balance		(114,432)		(114,432)		39,923		154,355
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		414,924		414,924		414,924		-
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-		,		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	300,492	\$	300,492	\$	454,847	\$	154,355

PARKS & RECREATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget Amounts				Actual			
		Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES								
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	1,032
Contributions/donations		20,000		20,000		11,828		(8,172)
Total revenues		20,000		20,000		12,860		(7,140)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Culture and recreation		460		460		229		231
Total expenditures		460		460		229		231
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		19,540		19,540		12,631		(6,909)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(20,000)		(20,000)		(20,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(20,000)		(20,000)		(20,000)		-
Net change in fund balance		(460)		(460)		(7,369)		(6,909)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		37,667		37,667		37,667		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	37,207	\$	37,207	\$	30,298	\$	(6,909)

AFFORDABLE HOUSING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budge	t Amo	ounts		Actual	
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19	Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES						
Property taxes Investment earnings	\$ 12,000,000 90,000	\$	12,000,000 90,000	\$	5,977,473 265,772	\$ (6,022,527) 175,772
Total revenues	 12,090,000		12,090,000	_	6,243,245	 (5,846,755)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Economic environment	12,070,524		14,445,904		2,309,340	12,136,564
Total expenditures	 12,070,524		14,445,904		2,309,340	 12,136,564
Net change in fund balance	19,476		(2,355,904)		3,933,905	6,289,809
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	9,066,572		9,066,572		9,066,572	-
Prior Period Adjustment	 -		-		2,644,929	 2,644,929
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 9,086,048	\$	6,710,668	\$	15,645,406	\$ 8,934,738

CITY OF VANCOUVER AFFORDABLE HOUSING SALES TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budge	ounts	Actual		
	Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium	Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19	Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES Sales and use taxes	<u>\$</u> -	\$	650,000	\$ 933	\$ (649,067)
Total revenues Net change in fund balance			<u>650,000</u> 650,000	 <u>933</u> 933	 (649,067) (649,067)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING			-	 -	 <u> </u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$-	\$	650,000	\$ 933	\$ (649,067)

PARKHILL CEMETARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budget Amounts				Actual		
		Original		Final		Biennium		
		2019-20		2019-20		To-Date		Variance
DEV/ENU/EQ		Biennium		Biennium		Thru 12/31/19		Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	17,527	\$	(22,472)
Charges for services Investment earnings	φ	40,000	φ	40,000	Φ	13,098	Φ	(22,473) 13,098
Total revenues		40,000		40,000		30,625		(9,375)
		10,000				00,020		(0,0.0)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Physical environment		1,687,757		1,687,757		62,800		1,624,957
Total expenditures		1,687,757		1,687,757		62,800		1,624,957
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(1,647,757)		(1,647,757)		(32,175)		1,615,582
		(1,211,121)		(.,,,		(,,		.,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		1,453,200		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,453,200		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		(194,557)		(1,647,757)		(32,175)		1,615,582
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		480,893		480,893		480,893		-
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-		, ,		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	286,336	\$	(1,166,864)	\$	448,718	\$	1,615,582

REET 2002 FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget Amounts				Actual		
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES							
Excise Taxes	\$ 6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	4,587,527	\$	(1,412,473)
Investment earnings	 70,000		70,000		70,830		830
Total revenues	 6,070,000		6,070,000		4,658,357		(1,411,643)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Culture and recreation	270		270		46,060		(45,790)
Total expenditures	 270		270		46,060	_	(45,790)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	6 060 720		6 060 720		4 640 007		(1 457 400)
over expenditures	6,069,730		6,069,730		4,612,297		(1,457,433)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	 (4,108,951)		(4,136,408)		(2,193,194)		1,943,214
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (4,108,951)		(4,136,408)	_	(2,193,194)		1,943,214
Net change in fund balance	1,960,779		1,933,322		2,419,103		485,781
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	1,556,808		1,556,808		1,556,808		-
Prior Period Adjustment	 -		-		· · · · ·		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 3,517,587	\$	3,490,130	\$	3,975,911	<u>\$</u>	485,781

DOWNTOWN INITIATIVES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budget Amounts			Actual			
		Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES	•		•		•	0.000	•	0.000
Investment earnings Rents and royalties Prior period cost allocation adjustment	\$	- 370,000 -	\$	- 370,000 -	\$	6,366 146,690 2,126	\$	6,366 (223,310) 2,126
Total revenues		370,000		370,000		155,182	_	(214,818)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Economic environment		260,569		260,569		115,483		145,086
Total expenditures		260,569		260,569	_	115,483	_	145,086
Net change in fund balance		109,431		109,431		39,699		(69,732)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment		234,285		234,285		234,285		
Filor Fellou Aujustitient		-		-				-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	343,716	\$	343,716	\$	273,984	\$	(69,732)
CITY/COUNTY CABLE TV FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 Budget	t Am	iounts	Actual		
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium	 Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment earnings Prior period cost allocation adjustment Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 1,097,000 - - - - 1,097,000	\$	1,385,267 - - - - 1,385,267	\$ 660,529 41,790 10,806 155,654 24 868,803	\$	(724,738) 41,790 10,806 155,654 <u>24</u> (516,464)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government Capital outlay	2,331,206		2,588,959 90.000	1,183,231 65,993		1,405,728 24,007
Total expenditures	 2,331,206		2,678,959	 1,249,224	_	1,429,735
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,234,206)		(1,293,692)	(380,421)		913,271
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	 1,030,000	_	1,030,000	515,000 (205)		(515,000) (205)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,030,000		1,030,000	 514,795	_	(515,205)
Net change in fund balance	(204,206)		(263,692)	134,374		398,066
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 575,692		575,692	 575,692		-
Prior Period Adjustment	-		-	(19,415)		(19,415)
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 371,486	\$	312,000	\$ 690,651	\$	378,651

TRANSPORTATION BENEFIT DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budge	t Am	ounts		Actual		
		Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES								
Excise Taxes Investment earnings	\$	9,600,000 30,000	\$	9,600,000 30,000	\$	4,808,545 96,204	\$	(4,791,455) 66,204
Total revenues		9,630,000	_	9,630,000	_	4,904,749		(4,725,251)
EXPENDITURES								
Transportation		-		-		39,584		(39,584)
Total expenditures	_	-		-	_	39,584	_	(39,584)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		9,630,000		9,630,000		4,865,165		(4,764,835)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(4,248,226)		(5,248,226)		(2,824,843)		2,423,383
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,248,226)		(5,248,226)		(2,824,843)		2,423,383
Net change in fund balance		5,381,774		4,381,774		2,040,322		(2,341,452)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		2,728,457		2,728,457		2,728,457		-
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-				-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	8,110,231	\$	7,110,231	\$	4,768,779	\$	(2,341,452)

G.O. DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budge	et Amounts	Actual	
	Original 2019-20 Biennium	Final 2019-20 Biennium	Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19	Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES				
Investment earnings	\$ 4	\$ 4	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (4)
Total revenues	4	4		(4)
EXPENDITURES Debt service:				
Principal retirement	13,319,492	13,319,492	5,971,471	7,348,021
Interest/fiscal charges	5,007,111	5,007,111	2,522,959	2,484,152
Total expenditures	18,326,603	18,326,603	8,494,430	9,832,173
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(18,326,599)	(18,326,599)	(8,494,430)	9,832,169
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	18,326,601	17,521,868	8,494,430	(9,027,438)
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,326,601	17,521,868	8,494,430	(9,027,438)
Net change in fund balance	2	(804,731)	-	804,731
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING			·	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$</u> 2	<u>\$ (804,731)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 804,731</u>

L.I.D. DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budget	Amo	Actual				
		Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES Fines and penalties Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	\$	164 2,619 <u>17,119</u> 19,902	\$	164 2,619 17,119 19,902
EXPENDITURES Debt service: Principal retirement Interest/fiscal charges Total expenditures		35,000 4,900 39,900		35,000 4,900 39,900		20,000 <u>1,575</u> 21,575		15,000 <u>3,325</u> 18,325
Net change in fund balance		(39,900)		(39,900)		(1,673)		38,227
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		17,920		17,920		17,920		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	(21,980)	\$	(21,980)	\$	16,247	\$	38,227

L.I.D. DEBT SERVICE GUARANTY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget Amounts					Actual		
		Original 2019-20		Final 2019-20		Biennium To-Date		Variance
		Biennium		Biennium		Thru 12/31/19		Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES	•				_		-	
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,106	\$	1,106
Total revenues		-		-		1,106		1,106
Net change in fund balance		-		-		1,106		1,106
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		34,480		34,480		34,480		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	34,480	\$	34,480	\$	35,586	\$	1,106

TRANSPORTATION DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget	t Am	iounts		Actual	
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19	 Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES License and permits Fines and penalties	\$ 5,400,000	\$	5,400,000	\$	2,528,304 2,047	\$ (2,871,696) 2,047
Investment earnings Prior period cost allocation adjustment	 75,000		75,000		90,327 267,987	 15,327 267,987
Total revenues	 5,475,000		5,475,000	_	2,888,665	 (2,586,335)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Transportation	 37,680		37,680		18,841	 18,839
Total expenditures	 37,680		37,680		18,841	 18,839
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	5,437,320		5,437,320		2,869,824	(2,567,496)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	 (4,590,083)		(5,963,972)		(2,725,361)	 3,238,611
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (4,590,083)		(5,963,972)		(2,725,361)	 3,238,611
Net change in fund balance	847,237		(526,652)		144,463	671,115
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 3,135,998		3,135,998		3,135,998	 -
Prior Period Adjustment	-		-			-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 3,983,235	\$	2,609,346	\$	3,280,461	\$ 671,115

PARKS CONSTRUCTION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budge	t Am	ounts		Actual		
	_	Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES	¢	500.000	٠	0.45,000	۴	005 000	۴	(00.00.4)
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$	500,000	\$	845,000	\$	805,666 40,502	\$	(39,334) 40,502
Contributions/donations		15.500		1,355,500		1,012,000		(343,500)
Total revenues		515,500		2,200,500		1,858,168		(342,332)
								<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Culture and recreation		855.517		1.171.584		846.845		324,739
Capital outlay		7,826,523		13,030,634		7,181,846		5,848,788
Total expenditures		8,682,040		14,202,218		8,028,691		6,173,527
•		•,••=,•		.,,_,		-,,		•,•••,•=•
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(8,166,540)		(12,001,718)		(6,170,523)		5,831,195
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		7,798,779		9,680,592		3,383,757		(6,296,835)
Transfers out		-		(1,000,000)		-		1,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,798,779		8,680,592		3,383,757		(5,296,835)
Net change in fund balance		(367,761)		(3,321,126)		(2,786,766)		534,360
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		5,037,166		5,037,166		5,037,166		-
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-				-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	4,669,405	\$	1,716,040	\$	2,250,400	\$	534,360

TRANSPORTATION CAPITAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget	t Am	ounts		Actual		
	Original		Final		Biennium		
	2019-20		2019-20		To-Date		Variance
	 Biennium		Biennium		Thru 12/31/19		Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES							
Excise Taxes	\$ 260,000	\$	260,000	\$	161,672	\$	(98,328)
Intergovernmental	3,581,100		10,617,015		1,618,052		(8,998,963)
Charges for services	25,000		180,000		83,853		(96,147)
Investment earnings	80,000		80,000		193,386		113,386
Contributions/donations	 700,000		700,000		395,833		(304,167)
Total revenues	 4,646,100		11,837,015		2,452,796		(9,384,219)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Transportation	412,669		542,669		3,401,772		(2,859,103)
Capital outlay	20,990,896		34,558,753		3,840,166		30,718,587
Total expenditures	 21,403,565		35,101,422	_	7,241,938	_	27,859,484
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(16,757,465)		(23,264,407)		(4,789,142)		18,475,265
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of capital assets	850,000		850,000		848,000		(2,000)
Advance from Interfund Activities	4,815,500		4,815,500		-		(4,815,500)
Transfers in	9,841,809		14,450,368		5,293,677		(9,156,691)
Transfers out	 (1,453,734)		(2,737,274)		(320,992)		2,416,282
Total other financing sources (uses)	 14,053,575		17,378,594		5,820,685		(11,557,909)
Net change in fund balance	(2,703,890)		(5,885,813)		1,031,543		6,917,356
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	8,090,936		8,090,936		8,090,936		-
Prior Period Adjustment	 -		-				-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 5,387,046	\$	2,205,123	<u>\$</u>	9,122,479	\$	6,917,356

2011 CAPITAL BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 Budget	Am	ounts	Actual		
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium	Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$ 35,322	\$	(24,678)
Total revenues	 60,000		60,000	 35,322		(24,678)
EXPENDITURES						
General government	 -		-	 638	_	(638)
Total expenditures	 -		-	 638		(638)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	60,000		60,000	34,684		(25,316)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,037,729)		(2,089,413)	 (1,766,098)		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	 (1,977,729)		(2,029,413)	 (1,731,414)		297,999
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment	 2,029,740		2,029,740	 2,029,740		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 52,011	\$	327	\$ 298,326	\$	297,999

CITY OF VANCOUVER TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 Budge	t Amo	ounts	Actual			
	Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 3,712,000	\$	3,712,000	\$	2,240,402	\$	(1,471,598)
Investment earnings	 73,000		73,000		242,030		169,030
Total revenues	 3,785,000		3,785,000		2,482,432		(1,302,568)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	 (1,243,636)		(3,399,768)		(420,003)		2,979,765
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,243,636)		(3,399,768)		(420,003)		2,979,765
Net change in fund balance	2,541,364		385,232		2,062,429		1,677,197
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 8,734,989		8,734,989		8,734,989		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 11,276,353	\$	9,120,221	\$	10,797,418	\$	1,677,197

SCHOOL IMPACT FEES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budget	Amo	ounts	Actual			
	 Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES Charges for services	\$ -	\$	11,381,060	\$	5,690,530	\$	(5,690,530)
Investment earnings Total revenues	 -		16,836 11,397,896		10,457 5,700,987	_	(6,379) (5,696,909)
EXPENDITURES Intergovernmental facilities	 _		11,397,896		5,698,948		5,698,948
Total expenditures	 -		11,397,896		5,698,948		5,698,948
Net change in fund balance	-		-		2,039		2,039
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 (1,804)		(1,804)		(1,804)		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ (1,804)	\$	(1,804)	\$	235	\$	2,039

CITY OF VANCOUVER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year ended December 31, 2019

	Budge	t Amounts	Actual	
	Original 2019-20 Biennium	Final 2019-20 Biennium	Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19	Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$-	\$ 227,976	\$ 168,976	\$ (59,000)
Charges for services	-	-	765,761	765,761
Investment earnings	130,000	130,000	829,518	699,518
Rents and royalties Contributions/donations	14,166	14,166	472,177	458,011
Prior period cost allocation adjustment	-	5,000	- 55,110	(5,000) 55,110
Total revenues	144,166	377,142	2,291,542	1,914,400
Total revenues	144,100	577,142	2,291,342	1,314,400
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	7,404,295	8,811,815	847,515	7,964,300
Security of persons & property	1,866,526	1,919,559	465,207	1,454,352
Capital outlay	15,110,481	15,602,425	2,219,221	13,383,204
Total expenditures	24,381,302	26,333,799	3,531,943	22,801,856
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(24,237,136)	(25,956,657)	(1,240,401)	24,716,256
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	1,700,000	1,700,000	-	(1,700,000)
Transfers in	26,584,134	31,327,051	9,893,652	(21,433,399)
Transfers out	(11,710,754)	(12,860,296)	-	12,860,296
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,573,380	20,166,755	9,893,652	(10,273,103)
Net change in fund balance	(7,663,756)	(5,789,902)	8,653,251	14,443,153
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	19,597,284	19,597,284	19,597,284	-
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$ 11,933,528</u>	\$ 13,807,382	\$ 28,250,535	\$ 14,443,153

PARK IMPACT FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year ended December 31, 2019

	 Budge	t Am	ounts		Actual		
	Original 2019-20 Biennium		Final 2019-20 Biennium		Biennium To-Date Thru 12/31/19		Variance Thru 12/31/19
REVENUES Charges for services Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 1,335,000 266,000 1,601,000	\$	1,335,000 266,000 1,601,000	\$	2,028,032 277,955 2,305,987	\$	693,032 11,955 704,987
EXPENDITURES Physical environment Debt service:	 -		314,716		26,613		288,103
Total expenditures	 -		314,716	_	26,613	_	288,103
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,601,000		1,286,284		2,279,374		993,090
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	 (6,495,779)		(8,853,135)		(3,355,482)		5,497,653
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance	 (6,495,779) (4,894,779)		(8,853,135) (7,566,851)		(3,355,482) (1,076,108)		5,497,653 6,490,743
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 10,567,542		10,567,542		10,567,542		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 5,672,763	\$	3,000,691	\$	9,491,434	\$	6,490,743

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

The accounting for Enterprise Funds generally follows the accounting principles and procedures used in commercial accounting very closely. Since operating results are a primary concern for enterprise funds, the accrual method of accounting must be used. In the City of Vancouver, all enterprise funds are budgeted annually as required by state law for the purpose of providing expense control.

The Enterprise Funds in the City of Vancouver are established to account for self-supporting services carried on by this governmental unit. Most services are provided to the general public whose user fees are used to support the activities of the specific enterprises.

<u>Airport</u>

The Airport Fund receives its revenue from hangar rental and from per gallon fees charged on all fuel sold at the airpark. Expenses are for the redemption of bonds sold to construct hangars, provide maintenance of the facility, and service to its customers.

Building Inspection Fund

The Building Inspection Fund was created in 1987. Its revenues come from fees paid for building inspections, permit fees, zoning changes, and building demolition. Expenses are costs to provide inspection services.

Solid Waste

The Solid Waste fund contracts for garbage and trash services, and receives a franchise fee from the contractor. Revenues are used for the payment of city expenses related to monitoring the contract, funding for recycling programs, and general fund administrative expenses.

Tennis Center Fund

The majority of revenues are received through court use fees and instruction fees. Expenses are mainly for salaries of employees and debt payments on bonds to build the tennis/racquetball facility.

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS December 31, 2019

ASSETS		Airport		Building Inspection		Solid Waste		Tennis Center	T	otal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	671,925	\$	8,076,757	\$	2,824,764	\$	_	\$	11,573,446
Receivables (net)	Ψ	071,325	Ψ	0,070,757	Ψ	2,024,704	Ψ		Ψ	11,575,440
Accounts		16,646		724		83.095		400		100,865
Interest		1,279		15,432		5,364		400		22,075
Due from other governmental units		176,373		15,452		5,504		-		176,373
Prepaid expenses		4,278		-		-		-		4,278
Total current assets		870,501		8,092,913		2,913,223		400		11,877,037
Total current assets		870,301		0,092,913		2,913,223		400		11,077,037
Noncurrent assets										
Capital assets										
		484,202								484,202
Land and improvements				-		-		-		,
Construction in progress		837,039		-		-		-		837,039
Other improvements		2,395,161		-		-		-		2,395,161
Buildings		6,774,163		2,538,759		204,330		-		9,517,252
Intangible assets		-		1,837,338		-		-		1,837,338
Machinery and equipment				315,183		9,138		-		324,321
Accumulated depreciation		(5,812,873)		(2,566,985)		(175,833)		-		(8,555,691)
Capital assets net of accumulated										
depreciation		4,677,692		2,124,295		37,635		-		6,839,622
Total noncurrent assets		4,677,692		2,124,295		37,635		-		6,839,622
TOTAL ASSETS		5,548,193		10,217,208		2,950,858		400		18,716,659
Deferred Out Flows Related to Asset Retirement Obligations Amounts related to pension TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		150,000 8,213 158,213		- 309,890 309,890		33,408		-		150,000 351,511 501,511
LIABILITIES		100,210		000,000		00,100				
Current liabilities		654 694		40.049		170 205		4 400		070 407
Accounts payable		654,684		42,948		170,385		4,420		872,437
Due to other funds		10,846		40,580		117		-		51,543
Accrued liabilities		2,983		78,652		10,978		13,694		106,307
Custodial accounts		51,842		7,003		38		6,846		65,729
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		31,447	-	31,447
Total current liabilities		720,355		169,183		181,518		56,407		1,127,463
Noncurrent liabilities										
		4,023		327,371		45,873				377,267
Accrued employee benefits		4,023 24,682		327,371 931,286		45,873 100,400		-		,
Net pension liability				931,280		100,400		-		1,056,368
Asset Retirement Obligations		150,000		-		-		-		150,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		178,705		1,258,657		146,273		-		1,583,635
TOTAL LIABILITIES		899,060		1,427,840		327,791		56,407		2,711,098
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		11.000		504 740		57.000				000.404
Amounts related to pension		14,093		531,742		57,326		-	-	603,161
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		14,093		531,742		57,326		-		603,161
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets		4,677,692		2,124,295		37,634		-		6,839,621
Unrestricted		115,561		6,443,221		2,561,515		(56,007)		9,064,290
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	4,793,253	\$	8,567,516	\$	2,599,149	\$	(56,007)	\$	15,903,911
		, -, -,	<u> </u>	, ,- ,- ,-	<u> </u>	,, ,	Ĺ	····/	<u> </u>	,,-

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES		Airport		Building Inspection		Solid Waste	T	ennis Center	Т	otal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Charges for services	\$	6.370	\$	7,445,660	\$	1.588.033	\$	862.679	\$	9.902.742
Fines and penalties	Ψ	- 0,070	Ψ	- 1,440,000	Ψ	250	Ψ		Ψ	250
Rents and royalties		685,448		217,092		-		-		902,540
Prior period cost allocation adjustment		45,602		104,660		30,576		-		180,838
Miscellaneous		-		573		-		-		573
Total operating revenues	<u> </u>	737,420		7,767,985		1,618,859		862,679		10,986,943
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Personnel services		101,916		3,671,197		396,437		-		4,169,550
Supplies and contractual services		151,739		456,144		1,467,278		1,278,646		3,353,807
Interfund services		195,018		2,121,688		352,498		-		2,669,204
Intergovernmental payments		-		-		3,875		-		3,875
Depreciation		242,662		110,263		10,216		-		363,141
Total operating expenses		691,335		6,359,292		2,230,304		1,278,646		10,559,577
Operating income (loss)		46,085		1,408,693		(611,445)		(415,967)		427,366
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Investment earnings		14,869		175,575		79,199		104		269,747
State and federal capital grants		217,772		-		-		-		217,772
Miscellaneous revenue (expense)		-		-		3,400		407,127		410,527
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		232,641		175,575		82,599		407,231		898,046
Income (loss) before transfers		278,726		1,584,268		(528,846)		(8,736)		1,325,412
Transfers in		-		-		-		37,000		37,000
Transfers out		-		(10,998)		(192,909)		-		(203,907)
Change in net position before special item		278,726		1,573,270		(721,755)		28,264		1,158,505
Special item - Remove Pension Liability due to Change in Operations								167,687		167,687
Change in net position		278,726		1,573,270		(721,755)		195,951		1,326,192
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING		4,514,527		6,994,246		3,333,799		(272,976)		14,569,596
Prior Period Adjustment				-		(12,895)		21,018		8,123
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	4,793,253	\$	8,567,516	\$	2,599,149	\$	(56,007)	\$	15,903,911

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Airport		ilding pection	S	olid Waste	Te	nnis Center		tal Nonmajor erprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	604 012	¢Ţ	662 745	\$	1 664 417	\$	969 740	\$	10 001 704
Cash received from customers Cash received from other operating activities	φ	684,813 2	\$7,	663,745 845	Φ	1,664,417 280	φ	868,749 (12,999)	φ	10,881,724 (11,872)
Cash payments for goods and services		425,296	(-	466,946)		(1,678,629)		(1,324,122)		(3,044,401)
Internal activity-payments from other funds		-		4,811		-		-		4,811
Internal activity-payments to other funds		(138,570)		983,151)		(321,805)		(1,734)		(2,445,260)
Cash payments to employees		(98,900)		938,278)		(441,957)		(2,102)		(4,481,237)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		872,641	1,	281,026		(777,694)		(472,208)		903,765
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		246 524								246 524
Receipt of grant funds Unrestricted funds received		246,534		-		- 3,400		-		246,534 3,400
Contributions from contracted service provider		-		-		- 3,400		407,127		407,127
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		37,000		37,000
Transfers to other funds		-		(10,998)		(192,909)		-		(203,907)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		246,534		(10,998)		(189,509)		444,127		490,154
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		-		-		-		-		-
Purchase of capital assets		- (862,480)		-		-		-		- (862,480)
Net cash used by capital and		(000)								(00=,000)
related financing activities		(862,480)		-		-		-		(862,480)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		44704		470.005		04.044		404		070.044
Investment earnings (losses)		<u>14,724</u> 14,724	-	178,995 178,995	-	84,311 84,311	-	<u>184</u> 184	·	278,214
Net cash provided in investing activities		14,724		176,995		04,311		104		278,214
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		271,419	1,	449,023		(882,892)		(27,897)		809,653
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING		400,506	6.	627,734		3,707,656		27,897		10,763,793
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	671,925		076,757	\$	2,824,764	\$	-	\$	11,573,446
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used by operating activities: Net operating income (loss)	\$	46,085	\$ 1,	408,693	\$	(611,445)	\$	(415,967)	\$	427,366
		1		,				<u>, ,,,,,</u>	<u> </u>	,
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operations: Depreciation and amortization expense Decrease (increase) in receivables		242,662 (159,232)		110,263 (3,633)		10,216 78,889		6,070		363,141 (77,906)
Decrease (increase) in deposits		(4,278)				30		(12,999)		(17,247)
Increase (decrease) in current payables		591,228		9,571		(73,347)		(63,953)		463,499
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		145,285		42,623		(134,735)		16,375		69,548
Decrease (increase) in receivable from other funds		-		4,811		-		-		4,811
Increase (decrease) in payables due to other funds		10,846		33,877		117		(1,734)		43,106
Increase (decrease) in pension liability		45	(325,179)		(47,419)		-		(372,553)
Total adjustments		826,556		127,667)		(166,249)		(56,241)		476,399
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	872,641		281,026	\$	(777,694)	\$	(472,208)	\$	903,765
-										
Noncash investing, financing and capital activities Net change in fair value of investments	\$	1,619	\$	(10,415)	\$	13,723	\$	(233)	\$	4,694

Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Funds in the City of Vancouver are service funds for the departments within this governmental entity. The services provided are reimbursed by transfers from the budget appropriations of the recipient departments, later reconciled to actual costs and bases. An internal service fund must recover its complete cost of operations without producing any significant profit.

Though the operations of the Internal Service Funds do not theoretically require budgeting, budgets are prepared to assure proper expense control.

Equipment Services Repair & Replacement Fund

RCW 35.21.088 requires that all cities whose population exceeds 8,000 must establish an Equipment Rental Fund, charging rates adequate to the using departments for the replacement, operation, and maintenance of equipment. The Equipment R & R Fund is a working capital fund. Fixed assets are maintained with depreciation reserves programmed for each individual piece of equipment or other fixed assets.

Computer Repair and Replacement Fund

This fund was established in 1996 to account for the replacement of computer equipment originally purchased by user departments. Revenues are derived from monthly charges to city departments based on their technology usage.

Grounds and Facilities Fund

The fund was established in 2019 to break these services out of the General Fund as a separate internal service operation. It maintains City owned facilities and properties.

Self-Insured Worker's Comp & Liability Fund

During 1977, the city began a program of becoming self-insured except for major claims over the amounts specified in the insurance policies. The different operating funds are currently being charged on the basis of past insurance payments and actual claim history accumulated since 1977.

Internal Administrative Services Fund

This fund was established January 2015 to account for the revenues and expenses associated with providing administrative internal services to all City departments.

Benefits Fund

During 1992, the city began a program to consolidate the payment of premium costs out of one central point, the Benefits Fund. This fund pays premiums for all insurance including medical, dental, vision, life, and long-term disability. The fund pays administration costs, both internal and external, including the city Wellness Program. All operating funds are currently being charged a set monthly rate per full-time employee.

Self-Insured Health Insurance Fund

This fund was established January 2015 to account for the revenues and expenses associated with providing self-insured health care to City employees.

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2019

ASSETS		Equipment Repair & Replacement	 Computer Repair & Replacement	 Grounds & Facilities Services	Self-Insured orker's Comp & Liability
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,266,657	\$ 6,443,785	\$ 1,664,528	\$ 8,834,795
Receivables (net) Accounts		256,771	514		15,182
Interest		36,792	12,329	3.167	16.821
Due from other funds		1,765	3,035	-	157,797
Inventory		579,438	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses		-	 -	 -	 100,000
Total current assets		20,141,423	 6,459,663	 1,667,695	 9,124,595
Noncurrent assets					
Construction in progress		1,676,457	50,482	-	-
Intangible assets		48,591	7,581,496	-	92,140
Machinery and equipment		36,503,285	2,778,802	-	-
Accumulated depreciation		(23,335,566)	 (1,619,070)	 -	 (7,678)
Total noncurrent assets		14,892,767	 8,791,710	 -	 84,462
TOTAL ASSETS		35,034,190	 15,251,373	 1,667,695	 9,209,057
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Out Flows Related to Asset Retirement Obligations		450,000	-	-	-
Amounts related to pension		203,933	 1,117	 301,140	 34,676
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		653,933	 1,117	 301,140	 34,676
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Claims and judgments payable Due to other funds Accrued liabilities Custodial accounts Unearned revenues Total current liabilities		464,067 53,436 49,634 11,203 578,340	 241,085 26,919 126 268,130	 485,672 20,873 70,078 1,226 577,849	 90,324 2,251,696 21,032 10,305 2,402 - 2,375,759
		010,010	 200,100	 011,010	2,010,100
Noncurrent liabilities Claims and judgments					5,804,790
Accrued employee benefits		257,438		332,917	13,688
Net pension liability		612,861	3,356	904,992	104,211
Asset Retirement Obligations		450,000	-	-	-
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,320,299	 3,356	1,237,909	 5,922,689
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	1,898,639	 271,486	 1,815,758	 8,298,448
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Amounts related to pension		349,929	1,916	516,729	59,502
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		349,929	 1,916	 516,729	 59,502
NET POSITION			 	 	
Net investment in capital assets		14,892,767	8,791,709	-	84,462
Restricted for capital purposes			330,000	-	
Unrestricted		18,546,788	5,857,379	(363,652)	801,321
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	33,439,555	\$ 14,979,088	\$ (363,652)	\$ 885,783

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2019

ASSETS	A	Internal dministrative Services		Benefits		Self-Insured Health Insurance	lı 	Total nternal Service Funds
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,368,480	\$	3,104,514	\$	6,338,479	\$	52,021,238
Receivables (net) Accounts		2.406		_		5,236		280,109
Interest		12,141		5,894		12,091		99,235
Due from other funds		303,306		-		-		465,903
Inventory		-		-		-		579,438
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		100,000
Total current assets		6,686,333		3,110,408		6,355,806		53,545,923
Noncurrent assets								
Construction in progress		-		-		-		1,726,939
Intangible assets		22,145		-		-		7,744,372
Machinery and equipment		56,121		-		-		39,338,208
Accumulated depreciation		(36,549)		-		-		(24,998,863)
Total noncurrent assets		41,717		-		-		23,810,656
TOTAL ASSETS		6,728,050		3,110,408		6,355,806		77,356,579
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								450.000
Deferred Out Flows Related to Asset Retirement Obligations Amounts related to pension		998,314		-		-		450,000 1,539,180
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		998.314						1,989,180
		000,011						1,000,100
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable		344,054		76,144		595,774		2,297,120
Claims and judgments payable Due to other funds		- 19,730		-		-		2,251,696 141,990
Accrued liabilities		226,603				- 507		357,127
Custodial accounts		862		-		- 507		15,819
Unearned revenues		345		16,345		13,592		30,282
Total current liabilities		591,594		92,489		609,873		5,094,034
Noncurrent liabilities								5,804,790
Claims and judgments Accrued employee benefits		991.165		-		-		5,804,790 1,595,208
Net pension liability		3,000,152				-		4,625,572
Asset Retirement Obligations		-		-		-		450,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,991,317		-		-		12,475,570
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,582,911		92,489		609,873	_	17,569,604
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4 740 047						0.044.000
Amounts related to pension TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u>1,713,017</u> 1,713,017		-		-		2,641,093
TOTAL DEPEKKED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,713,017						2,041,093
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		41,717		-		-		23,810,655
Restricted for capital purposes		-		-		-		330,000
	¢	1,388,719	¢	3,017,919	¢	5,745,933	¢	34,994,407
TOTAL NET POSITION	Φ	1,430,436	Φ	3,017,919	\$	5,745,933	φ	59,135,062

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Equipment Repair & Replacement		Computer Repair & Replacement		Grounds & Facilities Services		Self-Insured /orker's Comp & Liability
OPERATING REVENUES	¢	7 454 000	¢	05.000	~	0.005.000	¢	0.004.005
Charges for services	\$	7,451,806	\$	85,036	\$	9,205,830	\$	8,001,835
Rents and royalties		3,586,836		4,554,555		36,532		- 1,069,763
Prior period cost allocation adjustment Miscellaneous		- 5,729		- 1,898		-		2,382
Total operating revenues		11,044,371		4,641,489		9,242,362		9,073,980
Total operating revenues		11,044,371		4,041,409		9,242,302		9,073,960
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personnel services		2,657,526		15,586		5,159,595		423,319
Supplies and contractual services		3,385,699		3,503,213		4,734,120		5,936,489
Interfund services		1,137,688		144.263		2,003,206		549,072
Intergovernmental payments		19,910		116		335		44.847
Depreciation		2,355,746		615,131		-		7,678
Total operating expenses		9,556,569		4,278,309		11,897,256		6,961,405
Operating income (loss)		1,487,802		363,180		(2,654,894)		2,112,575
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment earnings		446,572		164,823		59,474		173,547
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets		111,342		-		4,556		-
Non-capital insurance recoveries		-		-		-		165,277
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	557,914		164,823		64,030		338,824
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		2,045,716		528,003		(2,590,864)		2,451,399
Capital contributions		20,569		-		-		-
Transfers in		2,088,550		285,099		2,934,136		-
Transfers out		_,,		(57,345)		(425,534)		-
Change in net position		4,154,835		755,757		(82,262)		2,451,399
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING (RESTATED)		29,612,033		14,223,331		-		(1,565,616)
Prior Period Adjustment		(327,313)				(281,390)		-
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	33,439,555	\$	14,979,088	<u>\$</u>	(363,652)	\$	885,783

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	/	Internal Administrative Services		Benefits		Self-Insured Health Insurance	Ir	Total Iternal Service Funds
	\$	40 702 040	¢	44,000,004	¢	10 504 000	¢	64 000 600
Charges for services Rents and royalties	\$	16,793,849	\$	11,929,361	\$	10,534,922	\$	64,002,639 8,177,923
Prior period cost allocation adjustment		-		- 539,861		- 819,158		2,428,782
Miscellaneous		- 1,816		559,001		619,156		2,420,762
Total operating revenues		16,795,665		12,469,222		11,354,080		74,621,169
Total operating revenues		10,795,005		12,409,222		11,334,000		74,021,109
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personnel services		12,199,686		21,434		12,372		20,489,518
Supplies and contractual services		3,006,159		10,732,330		9,915,840		41,213,850
Interfund services		6,095,670		204,673		202,618		10,337,190
Intergovernmental payments		88,951				,		154,159
Depreciation		2,215		-		-		2,980,770
Total operating expenses		21,392,681		10,958,437		10,130,830		75,175,487
Operating income (loss)		(4,597,016)		1,510,785		1,223,250		(554,318)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment earnings		357,455		37,289		104,403		1,343,563
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		-		-		115,898
Non-capital insurance recoveries		-		-		-		165,277
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		357,455	_	37,289		104,403		1,624,738
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(4,239,561)		1,548,074		1,327,653		1,070,420
Capital contributions		-		-		-		20,569
Transfers in		50,000		-		-		5,357,785
Transfers out		(327,853)		-		-		(810,732)
Change in net position		(4,517,414)		1,548,074		1,327,653		5,638,042
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING (RESTATED)		5,947,850		1,469,845		4,418,295		54,105,738
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-		(15)		(608,718)
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	1,430,436	\$	3,017,919	\$	5,745,933	\$	59,135,062

CITY OF VANCOUVER COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019						<u> </u>		
						Grounds &		elf-Insured orker's Comp
		ipment Repair Replacement		mputer Repair Replacement		Facilities Services		& Liability
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	0.1	(epiacement	α	Replacement		Services		Liability
Cash received from customers	\$	10,840,958	\$	4,639,077	\$	9,242,362	\$	7,998,299
Cash received from other operating activities		15,343		1,702		1,226		4,760
Cash payment for goods and services		(3,506,581)		(3,574,247)		(4,160,470)		(5,876,971)
Internal activity - payments to other funds		(1,087,224)		(552,987)		(1,982,333)		235,863
Cash payments to employees		(2,847,084)		(11,431)		(4,005,722)		(434,100)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		3,415,412		502,114		(904,937)		1,927,851
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Payments to other governments		-		-		-		-
Non-capital insurance recoveries		-		-		-		165,277
Transfers from other funds		2,088,550		285,099		2,934,136		-
Transfers to other funds		<u> </u>		(57,345)		(425,534)		
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		2,088,550		227,754		2,508,602		165,277
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of capital assets		(6,107,898)		(1,628,464)		-		(92,140)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		111,342		(1,020,404)		4,556		(52,140)
Capital contributions		20,569		-		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and		20,000						
related financing activities		(5,975,987)		(1,628,464)		4,556		(92,140)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Investment earnings (losses)		464,523		172,885		56,307		175,585
Net cash provided (used) in investing activities		464,523		172,885		56,307		175,585
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(7,502)		(725,711)		1,664,528		2,176,573
		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(.,		_,,
CASH BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (RESTATED)		19,274,159		7,169,496		-		6,658,222
CASH BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	19,266,657	\$	6,443,785	\$	1,664,528	\$	8,834,795
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,487,802	\$	363,180	\$	(2,654,894)	\$	2,112,575
Operating income (1053)	Ψ	1,407,002	Ψ	303,100	Ψ	(2,004,004)	Ψ	2,112,575
Adjustments to reconcile								
operating income (loss) to net								
cash provided by operations:								
Depreciation expense		2,355,746		615,131		-		7,678
Decrease (increase) in receivables		(198,108)		(1,631)		(301,140)		(8,284)
Decrease (increase) in inventories		(140,385)		- (70.019)		-		(164.220)
Increase (decrease) in current payables Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		75,147 9,528		(70,918) 1,720		204,282 920,950		(164,239) 14,435
Decrease (increase) in receivable from other funds		9,528		(1,643)		520,950		(151,891)
Decrease (increase) in receivable from other government		- 103		(1,043)		-		(101,091)
Increase (decrease) in payables due to other funds		50,361		(407,081)		20,873		(132,937)
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments payable		-		-		-		269,486
Increase (Decrease) in pension liability		(224,782)		3,356		904,992		(18,972)
Total adjustments	<u>^</u>	1,927,610	•	138,934	<u>_</u>	1,749,957	¢	(184,724)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	3,415,412	\$	502,114	\$	(904,937)	\$	1,927,851
Non cash investing, financing and capital activities	•				•			
Contribution of capital assets from government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fair value of investments		(16,950)		(17,234)		4,859		19,491

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Internal Administratice Services		Benefits	-	Self-Insured alth Insurance		Fotal Internal ervice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢ 16 701 799	\$	10 414 107	\$	10 950 605	¢	70 777 206
Cash received from customers Cash received from other operating activities	\$ 16,791,788 2,597	φ	12,414,127 -	φ	10,850,695	\$ \$	72,777,306 25,628
Cash payment for goods and services	(3,173,101)		(10,689,850)		(9,327,326)	\$	(40,308,546)
Internal activity - payments to other funds	(5,918,168)		335,188		610,820	\$	(8,358,841)
Cash payments to employees	(12,300,358)		(21,434)		(12,372)	\$	(19,632,501)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(4,597,242)		2,038,031		2,121,817		4,503,046
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Payments to other governments	-		-		-	\$	-
Non-capital insurance recoveries Transfers from other funds	50,000		-		-	\$ \$	165,277 5,357,785
Transfers to other funds	(327,853)		-			\$	(810,732)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(277,853)		-		-	<u> </u>	4,712,330
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets						\$	(7,828,502)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		-		-	\$	115,898
Capital contributions	-		-		-	\$	20,569
Net cash provided (used) by capital and							(7 602 025)
related financing activities			-		-		(7,692,035)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings (losses)	376,103		34,297		103,997	\$	1,383,697
Net cash provided (used) in investing activities	376,103		34,297		103,997		1,383,697
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(4,498,992)		2,072,328		2,225,814	\$	2,907,038
CASH BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (RESTATED)	10,867,472	-	1,032,186		4,112,665	\$	49,114,200
CASH BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	6,368,480		3,104,514		6,338,479	_	52,021,238
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	(4,597,016)		1,510,785		1,223,250		(554,318)
cash provided by operations:						<i>.</i>	a aac
Depreciation expense	2,215		-		- 302 574	\$ ¢	2,980,770
Decrease (increase) in receivables Decrease (increase) in inventories	(180,697)		468,421 -		303,574 -	\$ \$	82,135 (140,385)
Increase (decrease) in current payables	(47,004)		42,480		587,992	\$	627,740
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	422,816		16,345		12,706	\$	1,398,500
Decrease (increase) in receivable from other funds	194,772		-		-	\$	41,341
Decrease (increase) in receivable from other government	- (17.070)		-		- (E 70E)		-
Increase (decrease) in payables due to other funds Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments payable	(17,270)		-		(5,705)		(491,759) 269,486
Increase (Decrease) in claims and judgments payable	(375,058)		-		-		289,536
Total adjustments	(226)		527,246	_	898,567		5,057,364
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(4,597,242)		2,038,031		2,121,817		4,503,046
Non cash investing, financing and capital activities							
Contribution of capital assets from government Net change in fair value of investments	\$- 5,756	\$	- 15,581	\$	2,110	\$ \$	- 13,613

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Vancouver's (The City) comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	400
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	166
Revenue Capacity	175
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.	
Debt Capacity	180
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	185
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	188
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Note: Amounts are presented using the full accrual basis of accounting unless otherwise noted.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net Position by Component		Table 1
Changes in Expenses, Revenues, and Net Position		Table 2
Changes in Expenses by Function	Page 1 of 3	
Changes in Revenues by Function	Page 2 of 3	
Changes in Net Position	Page 3 of 3	
General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source		Table 3
General Governmental Revenues by Source		Table 4
General Governmental Expenditures by Function		Table 5
Fund Balances Governmental Funds		Table 6

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Table 1

FISCAL YEAR

	 2010	 2011		2012		2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
Governmental Activities Net Investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 485,600 35,422 69,753	\$ 494,576 35,482 79,721		600,452 65,339 62,904	\$	521,171 53,828 84,272	\$ 500,548 43,880 121,863	\$ 510,481 47,882 123,886	\$ 536,394 48,397 126,378	\$ 612,778 80,534 85,332	\$ 680,671 107,509 19,411	\$ 659,170 128,396 98,073
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 590,775	\$ 609,779	\$6	695 28,695	\$	659,271	\$ 666,291	\$ 682,249	\$ 711,169	\$ 778,644	\$ 807,591	\$ 885,639
Business-type Activities Net Investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 279,590 5,261 77,139 361,990	\$ 288,493 5,406 74,882 368,781		294,317 7,746 74,709 376,772	\$	292,461 5,575 87,173 385,209	\$ 302,611 7,554 90,325 400,490	\$ 319,491 9,209 78,179 406,879	\$ 330,001 10,500 82,442 422,943	\$ 360,952 6,224 86,959 454,135	\$ 391,430 8,597 95,895 495,922	\$ 415,086 8,937 108,568 532,591
Primary Government Net Investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 765,190 40,683 146,892	\$ 783,069 40,888 154,603		794,769 73,085 37,613	\$	813,632 59,403 171,445	\$ 803,159 51,434 212,188	\$ 829,972 57,091 202,065	\$ 866,395 58,897 208,820	\$ 973,730 86,758 172,291	\$ 1,072,102 116,106 115,306	\$ 1,074,256 137,332 206,642
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 952,765	\$ 978,560	ъ 1,0	05,467	\$ 1	1,044,480	\$ 1,066,781	\$ 1,089,128	\$ 1,134,112	\$ 1,232,779	\$ 1,303,513	\$ 1,418,229

CITY OF VANCOUVER Changes in Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

					FISCA	L YEAR				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 36,530	\$ 25,992	\$ 24,741	\$ 20,448	\$ 23,192	\$ 19,325	\$ 22,022	\$ 20,209	\$ 20,777	\$ 35,056
Security Persons & Property	68,995	65,156	67,724	70,511	73,922	78,427	87,571	95,627	94,440	99,143
Physical Environment	521	315	474	515	474	667	569	696	293	90
Transportation	30,895	26,830	29,713	33,012	29,205	34,932	32,491	40,884	45,456	27,470
Mental and Physical Health	384	265	386	339	369	375	405	467	367	586
Economic Environment	11,096	9,201	8,389	7,132	7,657	8,954	9,868	10,495	13,300	13,514
Intergovernmental Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,699
Culture and Recreation	18,033	12,773	10,924	11,796	11,258	9,989	11,454	11,124	11,348	16,941
Interest on Long-Term Debt	4,566	4,933	4,747	4,506	3,963	3,542	3,736	2,925	2,620	2,206
Total Governmental Activities Expenses*	171,020	145,465	147,098	148,259	150,040	156,211	168,116	182,427	188,602	200,704
Business-type Activities:										
Water/Sewer	70,561	71,883	73,306	75,592	75,245	82,687	83,502	92,720	96,312	104,891
Parking	3,572	3,637	3,372	2,964	2,902	2,974	2,989	2,945	3,038	3,191
Airport	581	702	697	586	631	650	846	836	894	691
Building Inspection	4,298	3,764	3,642	3,761	4,180	5,174	5,203	5,406	5,688	6,359
Solid Waste	1,825	2,006	1,912	2,132	2,076	2,279	2,251	2,523	2,779	2,230
Tennis Center	1,072	1,033	1,124	1,036	1,076	1,103	1,083	1,088	2,605	1,279
Fire Shop	921	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Business-type Activities Expenses*	82,830	83,025	84,053	86,071	86,110	94,867	95,874	105,518	111,316	118,642
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 253,850	\$ 228,490	\$ 231,151	\$ 234,330	\$ 236,150	\$ 251,078	\$ 263,990	\$ 287,945	\$ 299,918	\$ 319,346

*Minor differences due to rounding.

CITY OF VANCOUVER Changes in Revenues by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

					FISCA	LYEAR				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
gram Revenues				-	-	-				
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services, Fees, Fines &	Forfeitures									
General Government	\$ 20,732	\$ 10,733	\$ 10,432	\$ 9,169	\$ 6,613	\$ 11,870	\$ 14,098	\$ 14,856	\$ 17,957	\$ 14,632
Security Persons & Property	10,920	10,923	11,681	13,101	11,911	12,342	15,970	13,950	13,363	17,054
Physical Environment	108	127	161	1,944	108	132	108	100	132	138
Transportation	1,117	2,343	1,073	3,792	5,115	8,634	8,082	8,506	11,209	9,420
Economic Environment	5,022	3,641	3,111	333	890	2,939	2,767	2,583	3,105	11,663
Culture and Recreation	6,178	5,303	7,234	5,789	6,929	4,615	4,620	4,493	4,716	4,633
Operating Grants and										
Contributions	9,915	6,942	7,419	6,257	3,625	4,712	5,100	4,371	5,878	8,060
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,646	14,175	9,474	28,745	12,981	22,186	12,356	26,654	21,516	25,470
al Governmental Activities Revenues*	60,638	54,187	50,585	69,130	48,172	67,430	63,101	75,513	77,875	91,071
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services										
Water/Sewer	67,424	70,000	73,410	76,983	80,904	86,785	89,361	97,488	104,155	109,666
Parking	2,060	,	2,082	2,146	1,771	2,005	2,214	3,261	4,156	4,497
0	,	, -	/	, -	,	,	,	- / -	,	7 -

Transportation	1,117	2,343	1,073	3,792	5,115	8,634	8,082	8,506	11,209	9,420
Economic Environment	5,022	3,641	3,111	333	890	2,939	2,767	2,583	3,105	11,663
Culture and Recreation	6,178	5,303	7,234	5,789	6,929	4,615	4,620	4,493	4,716	4,633
Operating Grants and										
Contributions	9,915	6,942	7,419	6,257	3,625	4,712	5,100	4,371	5,878	8,060
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,646	14,175	9,474	28,745	12,981	22,186	12,356	26,654	21,516	25,470
Total Governmental Activities Revenues*	60,638	54,187	50,585	69,130	48,172	67,430	63,101	75,513	77,875	91,071
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services										
Water/Sewer	67,424	70,000	73,410	76,983	80,904	86,785	89,361	97,488	104,155	109,666
Parking	2,060	2,129	2,082	2,146	1,771	2,005	2,214	3,261	4,156	4,497
Airport	622	630	621	628	697	690	693	665	664	692
Building Inspection	4,438	4,057	4,021	4,703	3,654	4,566	4,227	4,167	6,168	7,663
Solid Waste	2,996	3,286	2,805	2,558	2,275	1,718	1,808	1,975	1,712	1,588
Tennis Center	816	867	954	878	856	818	822	744	690	863
Fire Shop	978	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating Grants and										
Contributions	242	625	442	323	1	233	59	240	86	77
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,231	5,425	6,737	9,873	8,771	14,909	15,240	14,580	25,666	24,693
Total Business-type Activities Revenues*	84,807	87,019	91,072	98,092	98,929	111,724	114,424	123,120	143,298	149,739
Total Primary Government Revenues	\$ 145,445	\$ 141,206	\$ 141,657	\$ 167,222	\$ 147,101	\$ 179,154	\$ 177,525	\$ 198,633	\$ 221,173	\$ 240,810

*Minor differences due to rounding.

Program Revenues Governmental Activities:

Table 2 Page 2 of 3

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Table 2 Page 3 of 3

	FISCAL YEAR													
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
Net (Expense)/Revenue														
Governmental Activities	\$(110,381)	\$ (91,278)	\$ (96,512)	\$ (79,129)	\$(101,868)	\$ (88,781)	\$(105,015)	\$(106,913)	\$(114,030)	\$(109,633)				
Business-type Activities	1,977	3,995	7,019	12,021	12,818	16,857	18,550	17,603	31,982	31,097				
Total Primary Government														
Net(Expense)/Revenue	\$(108,404)	\$ (87,283)	\$ (89,493)	\$ (67,108)	\$ (89,050)	\$ (71,924)	\$ (86,465)	\$ (89,310)	\$ (82,048)	\$ (78,536)				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:														
Taxes	\$ 107,992	\$ 112,298	\$ 112,816	\$ 119,075	\$ 124,193	\$ 125,174	\$ 132,121	\$ 150,461	\$ 159,801	\$ 171,570				
Intergovernmental Revenues not														
Restricted to a specific program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Investment Earnings	1,312	1,096	799	462	838	1,031	1,153	2,107	4,372	6,437				
Miscellaneous	1,980	2	2,410	530	296	535	944	640	3,900	2,542				
Transfers	(163)	(2,258)	(1,167)	(1,099)	(1,148)	(1,443)	(1,344)	(448)	(601)	909				
Special Item	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,575	34,575	-				
Extraordinary Item	-	-		(10,699)						-				
Total Governmental Activities	111,121	111,138	114,858	108,269	124,179	125,297	132,874	187,335	202,047	181,458				
Business-type Activities:														
Investment Earnings	840	670	516	316	518	644	622	1,043	2,060	3,226				
Miscellaneous	53	46	51	1,052	110	2,694	266	795	687	2,544				
Special Item	-	-	-	(3,682)	-	-	-	3,943	6,457	168				
Transfers	163	2,258	1,167	1,099	1,148	1,442	1,344	448	601	(909)				
Total Business-type Activities	1,056	2,974	1,734	(1,215)	1,776	4,780	2,232	6,229	9,805	5,029				
Total Primary Government	\$ 112,177	\$ 114,112	\$ 116,592	\$ 107,054	\$ 125,955	\$ 130,077	\$ 135,106	\$ 193,564	\$ 211,852	\$ 186,486				
Change in Net Position														
Governmental Activities	\$ 740	\$ 19,860	\$ 18,345	\$ 29,141	\$ 22,311	\$ 36,516	\$ 27,860	\$ 80,422	\$ 53.442	\$ 71,824				
Business-type Activities	3,034	6,969	8,754	10,805	14,594	21,637	20,781	23,831	41,788	36,126				
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,774	\$ 26,829	\$ 27,099	\$ 39,946	\$ 36,905	\$ 58,153	\$ 48,641	\$ 104,253	\$ 95,230	\$ 107,950				

Total Change in Net Position



CITY OF VANCOUVER GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Table 3

	Property	Sales and		
Fiscal Year	Taxes	Use Taxes	Other Taxes	Total Taxes
2010	39,404	28,208	33,807	101,420
2011	40,334	31,342	34,521	106,197
2012	40,948	26,735	38,901	106,584
2013	42,133	29,060	41,819	113,012
2014	43,344	31,299	43,390	118,033
2015	44,231	35,034	46,097	125,362
2016	44,917	36,738	50,663	132,318
2017	52,700	40,357	57,341	150,398
2018	54,668	43,911	61,190	159,769
2019	55,875	49,514	51,358	156,747





CITY OF VANCOUVER GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Table 4

				REVENU	ES			OTHER I	FINANCING	SOURCES (USES)		
												Total	
		Licenses	Inter-	Charges				Capital	Sale of	Net	Capital	Financing	Total
Fiscal		and	govern-	for	Fines and		Total	Related	Capital	Transfers	Lease	Sources	Revenues and
Year	Taxes	Permits	mental	Services	Penalties	Miscellaneous	Revenues	Debt Issued	Assets	In (Out)	Issuance	(Uses)	Other Sources
2010	101,419	3,527	31,094	19,422	1,649	5,919	163,030	14,439	501	(673)	-	14,267	177,297
2011	106,197	3,610	34,089	14,787	1,592	4,719	164,994	10,988	54	(2,648)	-	8,394	173,388
2012	106,584	3,842	27,797	15,402	1,657	5,598	160,880	172	320	(1,167)	-	(675)	160,205
2013	113,012	3,853	20,343	24,756	1,487	6,107	169,558	1,496	100	(8,899)	-	(7,303)	162,255
2014	118,033	3,713	18,041	24,939	1,786	6,592	173,104	312	(380)	(7,522)	-	(7,590)	165,514
2015	125,362	4,579	17,795	22,428	1,566	7,465	179,195	5,097	331	(3,771)	-	1,657	180,852
2016	132,318	5,266	17,009	24,632	1,542	6,958	187,725	117	108	(4,960)	-	(4,735)	182,990
2017	150,398	5,909	26,182	28,118	1,341	8,667	220,615	-	252	(1,782)	-	(1,530)	219,085
2018	159,769	6,910	15,515	28,500	1,487	17,016	229,197	-	123	(1,120)	-	(997)	228,200
2019	171,718	7,582	17,370	31,765	1,673	17,860	247,969	-	901	(3,638)	11,352	8,615	256,583





CITY OF VANCOUVER GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Table 5

													Net	Other	Total	Debt Service
						Mental							Changes	Changes	Change	% of
		Security of				and	Culture						in	in	in	Non-capital
Fiscal	General	Persons &	Physical		Economic	Physical	and	Intergovernmental	Capital	Debt S	Service	Total	Fund	Fund	Fund	Expenditures
Year	Government	Property	Environment	Transportation	Environment	Health	Recreation	Facilities	Projects	Principal	Interest	Expenditures	Balance	Balance	Balance	(restated)
2010	\$ 24,789	\$ 66,356	\$ 536	\$ 15,624	\$ 10,239	\$ 384	\$ 14,082	\$-	\$ 38,431	\$ 6,111	\$ 4,717	\$ 181,269	\$ (3,971)	\$ (99)	\$ (4,070)	8.20%
2011	25,051	64,092	301	13,573	8,734	265	9,814	-	25,261	6,277	5,039	158,407	14,983	(102)	14,881	9.29%
2012	24,355	66,523	474	11,993	7,798	386	8,485	-	21,438	7,167	4,903	153,522	6,683	139	6,822	10.06%
2013	24,485	71,083	504	13,125	6,434	339	9,672	-	24,564	7,366	4,534	162,106	(10,549)	2,325	(8,224)	9.47%
2014	26,300	72,668	537	14,143	6,843	369	7,240	-	13,506	7,673	4,251	153,530	11,984	309	12,293	9.31%
2015	19,597	80,813	616	14,868	9,026	375	10,531	-	18,834	10,226	3,961	168,847	12,006	103	12,109	10.44%
2016	21,676	85,142	561	15,062	9,244	405	9,975	-	22,894	7,960	3,605	176,524	6,466	1,061	7,527	8.14%
2017	23,538	91,897	679	17,307	10,394	467	10,268	-	59,312	7,240	3,154	224,256	(5,171)	-	(5,171)	6.73%
2018	23,057	96,966	287	18,086	13,898	3,670	11,041	-	32,452	7,436	2,845	209,740	18,460	-	18,460	6.16%
2019	13,035	108,669	89	20,967	12,883	586	14,767	5,699	36,688	5,991	2,525	221,899	34,684	6,192	40,876	4.82%

Changes in fund balance net the results of Table 5 and 6.





CITY OF VANCOUVER FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	FISCAL YEAR																
		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	 2016	 2017	 2018		2019
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$	955,735 32,395,545															
*Nonspendable *Restricted *Committed *Assigned *Unassigned			\$	1,028,400 415,377 889,198 - 34,528,923	\$	913,400 1,064,707 40,276,519 3,893,165 4,788,967	\$	228,400 241,331 41,095,993 4,148,166 12,787,935	\$	236,595 152,808 43,119,624 4,156,542 13,911,641	\$	316,748 78,647 44,944,108 3,787,063 7,896,174	\$ 228,400 76,535 20,850,443 34,261,088 9,810,728	\$ 23,943 21,745,949 35,793,920 9,814,947	\$ 500 13,144,875 17,085,753 2,491,592 47,049,853	\$	1,463,880 16,098,889 17,882,109 1,147,744 59,982,792
Total General Fund	\$	33,351,280	\$	36,861,898	\$	50,936,758	\$	58,501,825	\$	61,577,210	\$	57,022,740	\$ 65,227,194	\$ 67,378,759	\$ 79,772,573	\$	96,575,414
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved Special Revenue Funds Capital Project Funds Debt Service Funds *Nonspendable	\$	28,128,422 23,933,985 26,359,262 1,560	\$	10,262,643	\$	10,367,595	\$	10,761,381	\$	- , -	\$	7,593	\$ 7,593	\$ 	\$ 57.000.000	\$	8,464
*Restricted *Committed *Assigned *Unassigned				63,930,034 12,495,574 3,105,111 -		59,540,775 10,262,185 2,370,033 -		42,102,683 10,749,039 3,138,231		48,493,146 17,385,057 10,053,891		57,101,943 15,097,234 20,426,917	50,333,478 20,359,287 30,776,573	58,656,596 21,548,619 13,948,788 -	 57,666,860 14,974,675 39,666,107 -		67,937,117 17,319,501 51,115,506 -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	78,423,229	\$	89,793,362	\$	82,540,588	\$	66,751,334	\$	75,969,801	\$	92,633,687	\$ 101,476,931	\$ 94,154,003	\$ 112,307,642	\$	136,380,588
Total Fund Balance Governmental Funds	\$	111,774,509	\$	126,655,260	\$	133,477,346	\$	125,253,159	\$	137,547,011	\$	149,656,427	\$ 166,704,125	\$ 161,532,762	\$ 192,080,215	\$	232,956,002

* The City implemented GASB 54 in 2011.





Table 6
Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Table 7
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	Table 8
Property Tax Levies and Collections	Table 9
Principal Property Tax Payers	Table 10

CITY OF VANCOUVER ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

		Α	Real Property ssessed Value (a	a)	Total Assessed	Personal Property	Less: Exemptions	To	tal	Total Direct Tax Rate	Ratio of Total Assessed Value to
Assessed	Collection				Value of Real	Assessed	Real	Assessed	Estimated	per \$1000 of Assessed	Estimated Actual Value
Year	Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Property	Value	Property	Value	Actual Value	Value	(b)
2010	2011	9,702,583	2,658,791	809,992	13,171,366	713,480	166,647	13,718,199	14,959,868	2.90	91.7%
2011	2012	9,497,266	2,681,228	812,821	12,991,315	712,908	167,377	13,536,846	14,416,236	2.99	93.9%
2012	2013	8,914,482	2,714,244	895,670	12,524,396	697,870	162,939	13,059,327	14,102,945	3.17	92.6%
2013	2014	9,874,748	2,824,685	918,608	13,618,041	708,137	168,760	14,157,418	14,778,098	3.02	95.8%
2014	2015	11,248,985	2,878,956	944,978	15,072,919	739,235	173,478	15,638,676	16,172,364	2.80	96.7%
2015	2016	12,153,668	2,929,835	934,561	16,018,064	805,156	136,567	16,686,653	17,436,419	2.67	95.7%
2016	2017	13,835,723	2,983,629	967,265	17,786,617	856,088	164,449	18,478,256	19,369,241	2.79	95.4%
2017	2018	15,640,828	3,259,836	1,166,945	20,067,609	912,003	191,972	20,787,640	22,400,474	2.61	92.8%
2018	2019	17,723,273	3,571,719	1,353,575	22,648,567	1,010,424	219,076	23,439,915	24,467,552	2.37	95.8%
2019	2020	18,836,456	3,850,730	1,422,097	24,109,283	1,095,415	193,823	25,010,875	26,410,639	2.28	94.7%

(a) The breakdown of Real Property became available 2005. Data from prior years is not available.

(b) Ratio was provided by State of Washington Department of Revenue, Research and Statistics for Clark County.

Note: The Clark County Treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Taxes are levied annually before December 15, and became a lien as of January 1, on property value listed as of the prior May 31. Assessed values are established by the Clark County Assessor at 100 percent of fair market value. A revaluation of all property is required every six years.

Source: Clark County Department of Assessment and GIS



Table 7

CITY OF VANCOUVER PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

Table 8

		Direct	Tax Rate				Overlapping -	Tax Rate			
Assessed	Collection	General	Affordable	Total Direct	School	Port of	Clark	State of	Public		Total Overlapping
Year	Year	Fund	Housing	Tax Rate	Districts (a)	Vancouver	County	Washington	Library	Parks	Tax Rate
2010	2011	2.90	-	2.90	5.29	0.41	1.51	2.26	0.75	0.27	10.49
2011	2012	2.99	-	2.99	5.52	0.40	1.55	2.36	0.75	0.27	10.85
2012	2013	3.17	-	3.17	6.05	0.44	1.64	2.49	0.76	0.16	11.54
2013	2014	3.02	-	3.02	5.82	0.40	1.52	2.35	0.74	0.25	11.08
2014	2015	2.80	-	2.80	5.39	0.36	1.40	2.22	0.71	0.23	10.31
2015	2016	2.67	-	2.67	5.20	0.34	1.33	2.08	0.67	0.21	9.83
2016	2017	2.47	0.32	2.79	4.83	0.30	1.22	1.98	0.61	0.21	9.15
2017	2018	2.32	0.29	2.61	4.80	0.28	1.15	2.89	0.57	0.20	9.89
2018	2019	2.11	0.25	2.36	3.32	0.24	1.05	2.51	0.51	0.18	7.81
2019	2020	2.04	0.24	2.28	3.75	0.27	1.03	2.85	0.46	0.53	8.90

(a) The School District tax rate is the weighted average of the districts within the City of Vancouver.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Vancouver. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Vancouver property owners.

Source: Clark County Department of Assessment and GIS





CITY OF VANCOUVER PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 9

Collected within the Certified Total CertifiedFiscal Year of the LevyCollectionTotal Collections to DateC										
Fiscal	Taxable	Direct	Total Tax			of Delinquent		% of Levy	Delinquent	
Year	Assessed Value	Tax Rate	Levy	Amount	% of Levy	Tax Levy (a)	Amount	(a)	Taxes	
2010	\$ 15,384,106,717	2.57	\$ 39,537,154	\$ 38,333,709	97.0	\$ 1,072,342	\$ 39,406,051	99.7	\$ 1,560,560	
2011	13,884,845,470	2.90	40,266,052	39,455,229	98.0	867,751	40,322,980	100.1	1,372,475	
2012	13,704,224,212	2.99	40,975,630	40,152,853	98.0	670,906	40,823,759	99.6	1,241,427	
2013	13,222,265,791	3.17	41,914,583	41,485,605	99.0	620,674	42,106,279	100.5	1,120,733	
2014	14,326,177,779	3.02	43,265,057	42,664,769	98.6	663,005	43,327,774	100.1	998,590	
2015	15,812,154,819	2.80	44,274,033	43,704,833	98.7	560,203	44,265,036	100.0	900,974	
2016	16,823,220,855	2.67	44,918,000	44,240,830	98.5	622,387	44,863,217	99.9	784,011	
2017	18,642,704,534	2.79	52,013,146	52,227,941	100.4	487,059	52,715,000	101.3	886,939	
2018	20,979,612,099	2.61	54,756,788	54,144,067	98.9	547,555	54,691,622	99.9	820,287	
2019	23,658,991,510	2.37	56,021,774	55,389,126	98.9	502,467	55,891,593	99.8	774,342	

(a) Total collections include both current and delinquent taxed owned. It has not been practical to break out delinquent tax collections by assessment year, based on the way the information was presented to us by the tax assessor's office. (b) 100.4% of taxes were collected in 2017 due to an annexation that happened after the Certified Tax Levy.

Source: City of Vancouver, Treasurer's Office



Certified Total Tax Levy and Collections (in thousands)

Collected within Year

CITY OF VANCOUVER PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Taxable value expressed in thousands)

Table 10

				2010			2019			
Taxpayer	Type of Business	2009 Assessed Taxable Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	2018 Assessed Taxable Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
Columbia Tech Center LLC	Property investment	\$	208,560	2	1.36%	\$	422,198	1	1.68%	
SEH America	Microelectronic Mfg.		312,950	1	2.03%		294,413	2	1.17%	
Comcast IP Phone II LLC	Mass Media						91,180	3	0.36%	
Mission Hills LLC	Property investment						85,796	4	0.34%	
US Centennial Vancouver Mall LLC	Retail						79,968	5	0.32%	
AUK-Brookside LLC	Property investment						70,028	6	0.28%	
Wal-Mart Real Est Bus Trust	Retail						64,626	7	0.26%	
Vancouver Clinic Inc. PS	Medical buildings		53,507	9	0.35%		64,416	8	0.26%	
CBC 1 LLC 19%	Property investment						61,551	9	0.24%	
Sterling Heights LLC	Property investment						60,230	10	0.24%	
Vancouver Mall	Retail		73,567	3	0.48%					
Angelo Prop Company LP	Property investment		70,802	4	0.46%					
CBC 1 LLC	Property investment		61,703	5	0.40%					
Northwest Natural Gas	Utility		61,197	6	0.40%					
Cafaro Northwest Ptnsp	Property investment		59,374	7	0.39%					
Frito Lay Inc.	Food processing		55,201	8	0.36%					
Park Plaza Inc	Property investment		49,163	10	0.32%					
Subtotal - Principal Property Tax Pay	ers		1,006,024		6.55%		1,294,406		5.14%	
All Other City Taxpayers			14,378,083		93.45%		23,910,292		94.86%	
Total City Taxpayers		\$	15,384,107		100.00%	\$	25,204,698		100.00%	

Assessed Taxable Value does not include exemptions for real property Source: Clark County Department of Assessment and GIS



Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	Table 11
Direct and Overlapping Government Activities Debt	Table 12
Legal Debt Margin Information	Table 13
Pledged - Revenue Coverage	Table 14

CITY OF VANCOUVER RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita)

	GOVER	NMENTAL AC	CTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			_						
	General		Special	General	Gov't and	Revenu	e Bonds	Total	Percentage		Total General	Percentage of Actual	General Obligation
Fiscal Year	Obligation Debt	Gov't and Bank Loans	Assessment Debt	Obligation Debt	Bank Loans	Water/ Sewer	Solid Waste	Primary Government	of Personal Income (a)	Per Capita (a)	Obligation Debt	Property Value (b)	Debt per Capita (a)
2010	\$ 102,545	\$ 5,704	\$ 15	\$ 15,090	\$ 430	\$ 81,940	\$-	\$ 205,724	3.22%	\$ 1,243	\$ 117,635	0.76%	\$711
2011	106,903	5,664	12	14,187	356	71,785	-	198,907	3.11%	1,226	121,090	0.87%	746
2012	100,725	5,554	9	13,375	356	61,140	-	181,159	2.69%	1,110	114,100	0.83%	699
2013	93,479	6,933	6	12,346	342	49,990	-	163,096	2.30%	991	105,825	0.80%	643
2014	89,421	6,817	312	11,453	258	42,702	-	150,963	2.06%	902	100,874	0.70%	603
2015	86,887	4,700	170	10,261	173	32,635	-	134,826	1.73%	791	97,148	0.61%	570
2016	73,924	4,365	110	9,025	87	22,128	-	109,639	1.31%	632	82,949	0.49%	478
2017	71,847	4,346	75	8,064	-	15,003	-	99,335	1.20%	563	79,911	0.43%	453
2018	64,253	3,945	75	7,065	-	7,490	-	82,828	0.84%	451	71,318	0.34%	389
2019	58,598	3,540	15	6,120	-	3,840	-	72,113	0.73%	389	64,718	0.27%	349

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(a) See Table 15 for personal income and population date. There ratios were calculated using personal income and population for the calendar year. (b) See Table 9 for taxable property value data.

(c) The City entered into a lease agreement for leasing the new police headquarters building with a purchase option after three years of \$10.46 million. Inclusion of the capital lease has no material effect on the Percentage of Personal Income or Per Capita calculations. The City is not required to exercise the purchase option.





Table 11

CITY OF VANCOUVER DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of December 31, 2019

Table 12

Property Valuation (2018 Assessment for	\$ 25,204,698,000						
Governmental Activities Direct Debt: Outstanding direct debt General obligation debt Government and bank loans Special assessment debt Total outstanding direct debt	\$ 58,598,316 3,539,907 15,000		\$	62,153,223			
Overlapping Debt: Debt repaid with property taxes	Direct Debt Outstanding	Less Reserves	Net	Estimated Percentage Estimated Applicable to City (a)	Estimated Share of Estimated Overlapping Debt	-	

Vancouver School District #37							
General obligation debt	\$ 326,602,982	\$ (2,425,115) \$	324,177,867	49.44% \$	160,273,537		
Evergreen School District #114							
General obligation debt	343,420,000	(15,312,380)	328,107,620	72.00%	236,237,486		
Camas School District #117	150.050.000	(0,000,000)	452 040 044	2.4.00/	4 700 045		
General obligation debt Battle Ground School District #119	156,050,000	(2,203,386)	153,846,614	3.10%	4,769,245		
General obligation debt	27,110,000	(649,749)	26,460,251	1.43%	378,382		
Port of Vancouver	21,110,000	(0.0,1.10)	20, 100,201		0.0,002		
General obligation debt	35,230,034	-	35,230,034	57.86%	20,384,098		
Vancouver Library							
General obligation debt	23,470,000	(1,295)	23,468,705	100.00%	23,468,705		
Clark County General obligation debt	90,783,585		90,783,585	36.36%	33,008,912		
Subtotal- overlapping debt repaid with	, ,	-	90,783,385	30.30%	33,000,912	478,520,36	6
	property taxes					470,020,00	<u> </u>
Total governmental direct and overlappin	ng debt					\$ 540,673,58	9
					Per thousand		
Ratio of direct and overlapping d	ebt repaid with pr	operty taxes to pro	perty valuation	\$	0.02		
Ratio of direct debt to population	(2019: 185.300)				Per capita		
Governmental activities direct				\$	335.42		
Overlapping and direct debt				\$	2,917.83		
Estimated actual valuation				\$	136,021.04		

Source: Debt outstanding: Clark County Treasurer's Office

Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages: Clark County Department of Assessment and GIS

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Vancouver. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(a) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

CITY OF VANCOUVER LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	•	eral Debt Ma alue (2018 A	•			\$ 25,204,698				
		with vote (1% without vote (,)	252,047 378,070				
	General ob	able to withou ligation bonds unt set aside t	S	t of		\$ 58,5	598			
		ebt applicable al purpose le				<u>58,598</u> \$ 571,519				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General purpose debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	\$ 380,459 <u>117,635</u> \$ 262,824	\$ 347,121 121,090 \$ 226,031	\$ 342,606 113,141 \$ 229,465	\$ 330,557 105,825 \$ 224,732	\$ 358,155 85,929 \$ 272,226	\$ 395,304 86,887 \$ 308,417	\$ 420,581 79,284 \$ 341,297	\$ 466,068 71,847 \$ 394,221	\$ 524,490 64,253 \$ 460,237	\$ 630,117 58,598 \$ 571,519
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentge of debt limit	30.92%	34.88%	33.02%	32.01%	23.99%	21.98%	18.85%	15.42%	12.25%	9.30%

Note: The City's 2 1/2% general purpose assessed property value legal limit of indebtedness is allocated between debt outstanding without a vote and debt outstanding with a vote of the taxpayer. General purpose debt outstanding 1 1/2% to without a vote and 1% to with a vote.

The City reserves 10% of its non voted debt capacity as a contingency against unforeseen emergencies requiring the issuance of debt.



Table 13

CITY OF VANCOUVER PLEDGED - REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts expressed in thousands)

		Wa	ater/Sewer Re	evenue Bond	s		Solid Waste Revenue Bonds						Special Assessment Debt			
	Gross		Net Revenue Available for	Deb	ot				Net Revenue Available for	De	bt		Special			
Fiscal	Revenue	Expense	Debt	Servi	се	Coverage	Gross		Debt	Serv	vice		Assessment	Debt S	ervice	
Year	(1)	(2)	Service	Principal	Interest	(3)	Revenue	Expense	Service	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2010	68,394	40,416	27,978	9,715	4,253	2.00	3,064	1,813	1,251	-	-	N/A	5.55	3.00	1.24	1.31
2011	71,039	36,487	34,552	10,155	3,807	2.47	3,358	1,996	1,362	-	-	N/A	2.13	3.00	1.03	0.53
2012	74,277	38,797	35,480	10,645	3,322	2.54	2,871	1,902	969	-	-	N/A	4.00	3.00	0.83	1.00
2013	77,389	42,166	35,223	11,150	2,812	2.52	2,610	2,122	488	-	-	N/A	4.00	3.00	0.63	1.10
2014	81,415	42,146	39,269	9,095	2,331	3.44	2,334	2,065	269	-	-	N/A	54	6.33	0.25	8.20
2015	90,198	50,093	40,105	9,550	1,868	3.51	1,826	2,268	(442)	-	-	N/A	118	141.83	11.25	0.77
2016	90,951	51,253	39,698	10,045	1,369	3.48	1,903	2,241	(338)	-	-	N/A	37	60.00	7.33	0.55
2017	99,271	56,710	42,561	6,720	932	5.56	2,116	2,513	(397)	-	-	N/A	37	35.00	4.93	0.93
2018	106,371	57,044	49,327	7,090	564	6.44	1,873	2,769	(896)	-	-	N/A	32	40.00	3.38	0.74
2019	114,603	61,519	53,084	3,650	283	13.50	1,701	2,220	(519)	-	-	N/A	23	20.00	1.58	1.05

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) Gross Revenue is defined as all operating and nonoperating revenues of the Water/Sewer Enterprise Fund. This does not include systems development revenue.

(2) Expense is defined as requiring a payment to an outside entity but not including debt service interest and fiscal charges. Therefore, expense does not include depreciation, amortization, or tax payments made to the City of Vancouver.

(3) Debt coverage is calculated by using current net revenues available for debt service divided by current debt service requirements. Water/Sewer Bond covenants require a minimum coverage of 1.3%.

(4) Special assessment debt is repaid by assessment on property owners.





Table 14

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principle Employers Table 15 Table 16

CITY OF VANCOUVER DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 15

Fiscal			sonal Income ¹ housands of	Per Capita	School	Local Unemployment
Year	Population	dollars)		Income ²	Enrollment	Rate %
2010	165,500	\$	6,382,508	38,565	48,084	8.1
2011	162,300		6,392,023	39,384	48,153	12.7
2012	163,200		6,740,486	41,302	48,737	10.7
2013	164,500		7,090,444	43,103	49,138	10.1
2014	167,400		7,320,067	43,728	49,146	8.0
2015	170,400		7,803,298	45,794	49,842	6.6
2016	173,500		8,401,217	48,422	49,587	6.4
2017	176,400		8,304,559	47,078	49,887	5.3
2018	183,500		9,863,309	53,751	49,360	5.0
2019	185,300		9,899,282	53,423	48,817	4.0

¹ Personal income is calculated by multiplying population by per capita income.

² Per capita income listed for Clark County, WA. Amount is from 2018.

Source: Population - State of Washington Office of Financial Management Per Capita Income - U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, and State of Washington Office of Financial Management School Enrollment - Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Washington State Report Card Unemployment - U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics





CITY OF VANCOUVER PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 16

			2010			2019	
				Percent of			Percent of
		- .	. .	Total City	- .	. .	Total City
Employer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
PeaceHealth (SW WA Medical Center)	Healthcare	2,625	3	3.61%	4,415	1	4.98%
Vancouver School District	Public Education	3,412	1	4.69%	3,178	2	3.58%
Evergreen School District	Public Education	3,224	2	4.43%	2,698	3	3.04%
Clark County	Government	1,684	4	2.32%	1,754	4	1.98%
Vancouver Clinic	Healthcare				1,526	5	1.72%
City of Vancouver	Government	1,100	6	1.51%	1,170	6	1.32%
Bonneville Power Administration	Public Utility				1,124	7	1.27%
Clark College	Community College				1,023	8	1.15%
SEH America Inc.	Microelectronic Mfg.	842	8	1.16%	865	9	0.98%
Camas School District No. 117	Public Education				800	10	0.90%
Fred Meyer	Retail	1,405	5	1.93%			
Wells Fargo	Financial/Banking	942	7	1.30%			
Legacy Salmon Creek	Healthcare	830	9	1.14%			
Safeway	Retail	775	10	1.07%			
Banfield Pet Hospital	Veterinary Practice						
Subtotal of Ten Largest Employers		16,839		23.16%	18,553		20.92%
All Other Employers		55,860		76.84%	70,128		79.08%
Total Vancouver Employment		72,699		100.00%	88,681		100.00%

Sources:

Employees - Vancouver Business Journal Book of Lists Employment - US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics



Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Positions by Function	Table 17
Operating Indicators by Function	Table 18
Capital Assets Statistics by Function	Table 19

CITY OF VANCOUVER FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT POSITIONS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Т	able 17
Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government										
City Council	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
City Management	11	16	14	15	15	13	13	14	15	19
Support Services	104	83	83	84	82	85	91	92	99	101
Community Services	7	5	5	5	4	4	3	5	5	5
Media & Technology Services	36	25	25	24	25	28	28	37	37	39
Equipment Services	16	21	21	22	22	22	27	26	26	26
Public Safety										
Police	223	216	212	213	213	221	245	261	278	291
Fire	216	203	198	198	198	206	206	211	211	217
Judicial	29	28	25	26	29	29	29	32	32	32
Physical Environment	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Transportation	66	40	40	41	41	47	49	50	55	59
Economic Environment	60	53	51	53	54	58	58	66	66	73
Culture and Recreation	72	61	41	41	41	39	39	40	39	41
Water/Sewer	223	222	222	219	219	217	217	224	224	241
Parking	7	7	7	8	8	9	9	10	10	11
Airpark	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Sanitation	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6
Tennis Center	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	-
Fire Shop	7	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	
Total	1,096	999	962	967	969	995	1,031	1,085	1,114	1,170

Note: Information presented has been revised to reflect approved, full-time-equivalent positions as of December 31 of the year shown.

Source: City of Vancouver, Budget Office



CITY OF VANCOUVER OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 18 Page 1 of 2

Governmental Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	<u>Change</u>
General Government / Other											
Total headcount of general governmental employees	138	129	127	120	123	136	159	165	152	538	254%
Number of telephone translations to serve citizens	381	348	416	766	590	504	620	693	699	506	-28%
Number of filled FTEs (includes temps)	1,283	1,198	1,274	1,214	1,207	1,240	1,342	1,394	1,637	1,396	-15%
Number of unions represented	12	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0%
Number of external job applications processed	369	6,284	6,876	4,220	6,454	7,341	10,552	10,892	9,622	10,664	11%
Number of desktop & laptop computer systems in use	1,086	1,060	1,165	1,046	1,095	1,313	1,367	1,490	1,517	1,563	3%
Number of calls for service to help desk	9,420	12,427	13,705	13,297	13,911	13,351	14,774	16,791	18,338	23,389	28%
Number of CVTV programs produced per year	465	399	434	450	444	425	460	433	396	337	-15%
Public Safety											
Police											
Number of commissioned FTEs	200	193	193	187	186	187	196	202	206	218	6%
Number of filled support FTEs (includes temps)	22	23	23	23	22	23	43	52	53	52	-2%
Number of calls for service (excludes officer initiated)	103,077	91,509	93,834	98,458	94,113	90,134	101,649	112,652	115,710	124,264	7%
Number of officer-initiated responses	42,982	42,129	36,560	36,595	36,641	47,417	43,516	40,059	43,221	51,980	20%
Number of traffic stops	23,784	21,097	17,037	17,187	17,138	14,809	13,427	14,142	13,807	18,092	31%
FBI Crime Index - Violent crimes per 1,000 residents *	4.1	3.8									
FBI Crime Index - Property crimes per 1,000 residents *	39.5	41.9									
NIBRS - Crimes against Persons/Property per 1,000 residents **			71.9	63.2	57.3	64.5	65.5	64.4	70.7	75.7	7%
NIBRS - Crimes against Society per 1,000 residents ***			4.0	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.5	2.9	2.9	3.7	28%
Number of impared driving arrests	231	291	306	396	382	344	324	403	492	497	1%
Number of false alarms	1,154	1,216	1,237	1,251	1,531	1,731	1,775	1,820	1,907	1,911	0%
Fire											
Number of commissioned FTEs	189	189	189	189	188	188	188	188	188	188	0%
Number of filled non commissioned (support) FTEs	11	11	11	11	14	16	18	28	28	28	0%
Number of fire apparatus	23	21	21	21	22	22	27	26	26	26	0%
Number of EMS dedicated vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	0%
Number of fire specific responses	658	740	897	821	866	1,232	856	962	907	784	-14%
Number of medical responses	18,810	17,562	16,667	16,261	16,631	17,945	15,543	16,740	17,347	17,450	1%
Transportation											
Lane miles of pavement under management	1,806	1,810	1,810	1,812	1,812	1,815	1,816	1,875	1,906	1,906	0%
Lane miles of streets swept	13,860	13,315	13,525	13,373	13,170	12,032	11,251	13,396	14,186	16,300	15%
Total filled FTEs (includes temps)										55	
Culture and Recreation											
Total FTEs of employees	58	48	45	44	42	43	41	41	42	39	-7%
Total acreage of managed city park space	3,197	2,138	2,138	2,138	1,600	1,587	1,580	1,580	1,607	1,600	0%
Miles of trails	66	23	23	23	23	20	20	20	21	21	0%

The % change column compares the difference between the two most recent years.

Public Safety

* The FBI Crime Index was a summary-based system called UCR (Uniform Crime Reporting) and is replaced by NIBRS.

NIBRS (National Incident-Based Reporting System) is more detailed than the UCR system. **NIBRS Group "A" Offenses against Persons and Property

***NIBRS Group "A" Offenses against Society (Drugs, Narcotics, other activities prohibited by society's rules)

Source: International City/County Management Association (ICMA) annual data collection, and City of Vancouver Performance Analysis Office

CITY OF VANCOUVER OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 18 Page 2 of 2

Business-type Function	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	2014	2015 <u>Restated</u>	2016 <u>Restated</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	2019	<u>Change</u>
Water											
Number of residential water connections	64,924	65,067	65,360	66,231	66,858	71,907	73,110	73,507	70,563	71,110	1%
Number of non-residential water connections	3,585	3,596	3,489	3,514	3,537	3,688	3,762	3,813	3,917	3,976	2%
Number of new water connections	628	154	186	896	650	1,382	1,203	397	1,500	816	-46%
Daily average water consumption (gallons)	23,287,671	24,521,899	25,470,150	20,327,323	18,931,903	20,550,000	22,056,000	18,790,065	19,141,710	22,535,830	18%
Sewer											
Number of total waste connections	55,303	55,533	55,964	56,836	57,520	58,588	59,448	59,678	60,656	64,876	7%
Number of non-residential waste water connections	2,495	2,739	2,750	2,781	2,815	2,654	2,680	2,736	2,776	2,955	6%
Number of new waste connections	496	230	431	868	684	1,066	860	230	1,435	3,116	117%
Daily average treated	21,095,000	21,950,000	21,960,000	20,180,000	20,300,000	20,550,000	22,056,000	21,987,000	20,370,000	19,231,000	-6%
Surface Water											
Number of drain basins cleaned	3,242	10,478	13,267	14,012	9,814	10,942	10,112	10,122	14,152	12,592	-11%
Miles of drainage mains cleaned	13.8	8.6	8.8	36.1	11.7	6.7	9.2	6.1	16.0	23.0	44%
Parking											
Number of parking violations issued per year	24,633	26,473	27,583	24,133	20,608	24,529	25,040	31,369	34,155	31,057	-9%
Building Inspection											
Total code violation cases initiated	1,300	1,187	1,041	1,009	1,184	1,308	1,256	1,329	1,202	1,273	6%
Number of new residential units	193	182	578	922	819	1,087	716	1,546	1,191	1,374	15%
Number of total building permits issued	7,031	7,223	7,654	8,464	8,133	9,679	9,642	9,440	10,468	10,322	-1%
Number of total building inspections conducted	26,577	24,738	31,574	32,110	30,154	37,487	42,511	35,653	45,271	43,341	-4%

CITY OF VANCOUVER CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 19

Governmental Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	<u>Change</u>
General Government / Other Total city light vehicle fleet (no marked patrol)	393	368	363	329	320	320	332	351	446	303	-32%
Square ft. of administrative space Square ft. of warehouse space	321,561 84,116	252,550 84,116	252,550 84,116	252,550 84,116	166,877 43,505	266,840 39,881	167,953 23,148	167,953 23,148	167,953 23,148	167,953 23,148	0% 0%
Public Safety Police	77	77	90	87	74	74	79	75	97	127	31%
Number of marked police patrol Number of total police facilities Fire	77 6	4	4	4	3	4	79 4	4	4	4	0%
Number of total response vehicles Number of stations Number of total fire fleet vehicles	23 10	21 10	21 10	21 10	22 10	22 10	34 10	34 10	34 10	34 10	0% 0%
(includes apparatus)	72	68	68	68	69	69	68	69	69	69	0%
Transportation Number of signaled intersections Number of bridges	234 10	234 10	237 10	237 10	241 10	241 10	258 10	258 11	261 11	261 11	0% 0%
Miles of roads	579.0	580.0	580.3	581.0	581.0	582.0	582.0	604.0	605.0	610.0	1%
Culture and Recreation Parks Number of neighborhood parks	70	70	67	76	76	76	76	77	78	79	1%
Number of community parks Indoor Recreation Facilities	11 3	11 3	12 3	13 3	15 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	0% 0%
Museums	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0%
Business-Type Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Change
Water Total miles of water mains	<u>2010</u> 985	<u>2011</u> 999	<u>2012</u> 1,001	<u>2013</u> 1,009	<u>2014</u> 1,012	<u>2015</u> 1,020	<u>2016</u> 1,031	<u>2017</u> 1,041	<u>2018</u> 1,054	<u>2019</u> 1,063	<u>Change</u> 1%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger Hydrants in use	985 187 7,275	999 191 7,394	1,001 192 7,443	1,009 194 7,512	1,012 194 7,564	1,020 195 7,633	1,031 195 7,738	1,041 200 7,831	1,054 201 7,953	1,063 203 8,054	1% 1% 1%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger	985	999 191	1,001	1,009	1,012 194	1,020	1,031	1,041 200	1,054 201	1,063 203	1% 1%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger Hydrants in use Storage (mg) Sewer Miles of sewage mains Treatment Plants	985 187 7,275 25 714 2	999 191 7,394 25 725 2	1,001 192 7,443 25 728 2	1,009 194 7,512 25 735 2	1,012 194 7,564 25 741 2	1,020 195 7,633 25 753 2	1,031 195 7,738 24 755 2	1,041 200 7,831 24 767 2	1,054 201 7,953 24 773 2	1,063 203 8,054 23 774 2	1% 1% 1% -4% 0%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger Hydrants in use Storage (mg) Sewer Miles of sewage mains	985 187 7,275 25 714	999 191 7,394 25 725	1,001 192 7,443 25 728	1,009 194 7,512 25 735	1,012 194 7,564 25 741	1,020 195 7,633 25 753	1,031 195 7,738 24 755	1,041 200 7,831 24 767	1,054 201 7,953 24 773	1,063 203 8,054 23 774	1% 1% -4% 0%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger Hydrants in use Storage (mg) Sewer Miles of sewage mains Treatment Plants Capacity (mgd) Parking Lots Garages	985 187 7,275 25 714 2 37.4 6 4	999 191 7,394 25 725 2 37.4 6 4	1,001 192 7,443 25 728 2 37.4 7 37.4	1,009 194 7,512 25 735 2 37.4 7 2	1,012 194 7,564 25 741 2 37.4 7 2	1,020 195 7,633 25 753 2 37.4 7 2	1,031 195 7,738 24 755 2 44.4 7 2	1,041 200 7,831 24 767 2 44.4 7 2	1,054 201 7,953 24 773 2 44.4 7 2	1,063 203 8,054 23 774 2 44.4 9 2	1% 1% -4% 0% 0% 29% 0%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger Hydrants in use Storage (mg) Sewer Miles of sewage mains Treatment Plants Capacity (mgd) Parking Lots	985 187 7,275 25 714 2 37.4 6	999 191 7,394 25 725 2 37.4 6	1,001 192 7,443 25 728 2 37.4 7	1,009 194 7,512 25 735 2 37.4 7	1,012 194 7,564 25 741 2 37.4 7	1,020 195 7,633 25 753 2 37.4 7	1,031 195 7,738 24 755 2 44.4 7	1,041 200 7,831 24 767 2 44.4	1,054 201 7,953 24 773 2 44.4 7	1,063 203 8,054 23 774 2 44.4	1% 1% 1% -4% 0% 0% 0% 29%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger Hydrants in use Storage (mg) Sewer Miles of sewage mains Treatment Plants Capacity (mgd) Parking Lots Garages Meters, on and off street	985 187 7,275 25 714 2 37.4 6 4 1,546	999 191 7,394 25 725 2 37.4 6 4 1,546 28 150	1,001 192 7,443 25 728 2 37.4 7 3 1,575 30	1,009 194 7,512 25 735 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 30 150	1,012 194 7,564 25 741 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 30 150	1,020 195 7,633 25 753 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 32 1,595	1,031 195 7,738 24 755 2 44.4 7 2 1,403 62 150	1,041 200 7,831 24 767 2 44.4 7 2 1,115	1,054 201 7,953 24 773 2 44.4 7 2 748 188 150	1,063 203 8,054 23 774 2 44.4 9 2 720 190	1% 1% -4% 0% 0% 0% 29% 0% -4% 1%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger Hydrants in use Storage (mg) Sewer Miles of sewage mains Treatment Plants Capacity (mgd) Parking Lots Garages Meters, on and off street Pay Stations Airpark	985 187 7,275 25 714 2 37.4 6 4 1,546 28	999 191 7,394 25 725 2 37.4 6 4 1,546 28	1,001 192 7,443 25 728 2 37.4 7 37.4 7 3 1,575 30	1,009 194 7,512 25 735 2 37.4 7 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 30	1,012 194 7,564 25 741 2 37.4 7 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 30	1,020 195 7,633 25 753 2 37.4 7 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 32	1,031 195 7,738 24 755 2 44.4 7 2 1,403 62	1,041 200 7,831 24 767 2 44.4 7 2 1,115 103	1,054 201 7,953 24 773 2 44.4 7 2 748 188	1,063 203 8,054 23 774 2 44.4 9 2 720 190	1% 1% -4% 0% 0% 0% 29% 0% -4% 1%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger Hydrants in use Storage (mg) Sewer Miles of sewage mains Treatment Plants Capacity (mgd) Parking Lots Garages Meters, on and off street Pay Stations Airpark Hangars Tie-Downs Land (acres) Tennis Center Indoor Courts	985 187 7,275 25 714 2 37.4 6 4 1,546 28 150 12 62 9	999 191 7,394 25 725 2 37.4 6 4 1,546 28 1,546 28 150 12 62 9	1,001 192 7,443 25 728 2 37.4 7 3 37.4 7 3 1,575 30 150 12 62 9	1,009 194 7,512 25 735 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 30 150 12 62 9	1,012 194 7,564 25 741 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 30 150 12 62 9	1,020 195 7,633 25 753 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 32 1,595 32 150 12 62 9	1,031 195 7,738 24 755 2 44.4 7 2 1,403 62 150 12 62 9	1,041 200 7,831 24 767 2 44.4 7 44.4 7 2 1,115 103 150 12 62 9	1,054 201 7,953 24 773 2 44.4 7 2 748 188 150 12 62 9	1,063 203 8,054 23 774 2 44.4 9 2 720 190 150 12 62 9	1% 1% -4% 0% 0% 0% 29% 0% -4% 1% 0% 0% 0%
Water Total miles of water mains Miles of supply and transmission mains 12" and larger Hydrants in use Storage (mg) Sewer Miles of sewage mains Treatment Plants Capacity (mgd) Parking Lots Garages Meters, on and off street Pay Stations Airpark Hangars Tie-Downs Land (acres) Tennis Center	985 187 7,275 25 714 2 37.4 6 4 1,546 28 150 12 62	999 191 7,394 25 725 2 37.4 6 4 1,546 28 150 12 62	1,001 192 7,443 25 728 2 37.4 7 3 37.4 7 3 1,575 30 150 12 62	1,009 194 7,512 25 735 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 30 150 12 62	1,012 194 7,564 25 741 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 30 150 12 62	1,020 195 7,633 25 753 2 37.4 7 2 1,595 32 150 12 62	1,031 195 7,738 24 755 2 44.4 7 2 1,403 62 150 12 62	1,041 200 7,831 24 767 2 44.4 7 44.4 7 2 1,115 103 150 12 62	1,054 201 7,953 24 773 2 44.4 7 2 748 188 150 12 62	1,063 203 8,054 23 774 2 44.4 9 2 720 190 150 12 62	1% 1% -4% 0% 0% 0% 29% 0% -4% 1% 0% 0%

The % change column compares the difference between the two most recent years

Note 1: Asset information for areas not shown are under evaluation

Source: Various city departments.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

					Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluste	۶r							
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-14-MC-53- 0013	-	608	608	-	
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-15-MC-53- 0013	-	5,874	5,874	5,154	
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-16-MC-53- 0013	-	161,789	161,789	142,846	3, 4
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-17-MC-53- 0013	-	331,841	331,841	-	3,4
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-18-MC-53- 0013	-	758,300	758,300	398,038	3,4
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-19-MC-53- 0013	-	310,497	310,497	155,291	3, 4
	Total CD	BG - Entitlem	ent Grants Cluster:	-	1,568,909	1,568,909	701,329	

					Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-13-MC-53- 0208	-	735	735	-	
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-14-MC-53- 0208	-	4,767	4,767	-	
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-15-MC-53- 0208	-	833	833	-	
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-16-MC-53- 0208	-	32,814	32,814	19,534	
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-17-MC-53- 0208	-	184,107	184,107	130,957	
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-18-MC-53- 0208	-	346,574	346,574	297,995	3, 4
ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF	Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-19-MC-53- 0208	-	112,104	112,104	45,719	3, 4

					Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
			Total CFDA 14.239:	-	681,934	681,934	494,205	
OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS, JUSTICE, DEPARTMENT OF (via International Association of Chiefs of Police)	Crime Victim Assistance/Discretionar y Grants	16.582	2016-VF-GX- K024	286,991	-	286,991	-	
OFFICE ON VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN (OVW), JUSTICE, DEPARTMENT OF (via Clark County)	Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	F-18-31103-045	5,283	-	5,283	-	
COMMUNITY ORIENTED POLICING SERVICE, JUSTICE, DEPARTMENT OF	Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	2016-UL-WX- 0047	-	401,204	401,204	-	
OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS, JUSTICE, DEPARTMENT OF (via Clark County)	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2016-DJ-BX- 0123	12,678	-	12,678	-	
OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS, JUSTICE, DEPARTMENT OF (via Clark County)	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2017-DJ-BX- 0327	37,256	-	37,256	-	
			Total CFDA 16.738:	49,934	-	49,934	-	
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF	Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-53-0139-011- 2018	-	175,536	175,536	-	

					Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF	Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-53-0139-012- 2018	-	1,037	1,037	-	
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF	Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-53-0139-013- 2019	-	575,064	575,064	-	
			Total CFDA 20.106:	-	751,637	751,637	-	
Highway Planning and Constructi	ion Cluster							
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Department of Transportation)	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STPUL-1350 (027)	62,314	-	62,314	-	
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Department of Transportation)	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STPUL-4221 (004)	32,223	-	32,223	-	
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Department of Transportation)	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	CM-9906(047)	342,969	-	342,969	-	
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Department of Transportation)	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STPUL-4266 (002)	68,979	-	68,979	-	

					Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Department of Transportation)	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	CM-1350(028)	49,502	-	49,502	-	
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Department of Transportation)	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	NHPP-4242 (026)	665,000	-	665,000	-	
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Department of Transportation)	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	NHPP-4451 (014)	1,003,000	-	1,003,000	-	
	Total Highway Plar	nning and Co	onstruction Cluster:	2,223,987	-	2,223,987		
Highway Safety Cluster								
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA Association of Sheriff's & Police Chiefs)	State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Traffic Safety Equipment Grant	1,000	-	1,000	-	
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via State of Washington Traffic Safety Commission)	State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Seat Belt Emphasis	623	-	623	-	
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via State of Washington Traffic Safety Commission)	State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Section 402	3,087	-	3,087	-	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

.

					Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via State of Washington Traffic Safety Commission)	State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	2019-AG-2814 Region 6 sustainability	63,018		63,018	-	
			Total CFDA 20.600:	67,728	-	67,728	-	
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via State of Washington Traffic Safety Commission)	National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	2019-AG-2782 Pedestrian Safety Zone	3,244	-	3,244		
		Total High	hway Safety Cluster:	70,972	-	70,972	-	
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, HOMELAND SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF	Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2017-FO- 04584	-	131,275	131,275	-	
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, HOMELAND SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF	Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2017-FP- 00204	-	206,070	206,070	-	
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, HOMELAND SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF	Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2018-FO- 00832	-	44,937	44,937	-	
			Total CFDA 97.044:	-	382,282	382,282	-	
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, HOMELAND SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF (via Clark Regional Emergency Services)	Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	E18-158	47,969	-	47,969	-	

Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	Expenditures				
				From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, HOMELAND SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF (via Clark Regional Emergency Services)	Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	E19-108	14,345		14,345		
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, HOMELAND SECURITY, DEPARTMENT OF (via Clark Regional Emergency Services)	Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	16-170	11,446	-	11,446	-	
		Total CFDA 97.067:		73,760	-	73,760	-	
		Total Federal	Awards Expended:	2,710,927	3,785,966	6,496,893	1,195,534	

City of Vancouver

This schedule contains information about expenditures of federal grant awards to help the reader understand the contributions the City receives from the Federal Government.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE 1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

This Schedule is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the City's financial statements. The City of Vancouver uses the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 2 PROGRAM COSTS

The amounts shown as current year expenditures represent only federal grant portions of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the City's portion may be more than shown.

NOTE 3 PROGRAM INCOME

Revolving Loan - The City has a revolving loan program for low income housing. Under this federal program, repayments to the City are considered program revenues (income) and loans of such funds to eligible recipients are considered expenditures.

NOTE 4 SUBRECIPIENT REPORTING

Per Uniform Guidance, disbursments of funds to subrecipients is reported on the SEFA in the fiscal year it is paid to the subrecipient.

NOTE 5 INDIRECT COST RATE

The City does not have an approved indirect cost rate and has not elected to use the 10-percent de mimimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.