McGillivray Boulevard Safety & Mobility Project

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Phase 1 Takeaways







Purpose & Outcome





Purpose

- Present key takeaways from Phase 1.
- Share opportunities and constraints identified from technical analysis.
- Discuss next steps for Phase 2.

Target Outcome

 Identify additional information needed to support upcoming design options workshop. Phase 1: Goals & Outcomes



Goal:

- Analyze how McGillivray Boulevard operates for all who use it.
- Engage with community members to understand how they use McGillivray Boulevard today.

Outcomes:

- Phase 1 Community Engagement Summary & Phases 2 and 3 Engagement Plan
- Project Goals & Evaluation Framework
- Existing Conditions Report

What was evaluated?

Topic Area	Metrics Evaluated	
Pedestrians	 Identification of sidewalk gaps along the corridor Identification of sidewalk width to evaluate accessibility Evaluation of existing sidewalk quality Identifying the number of marked crossings in each segment and where gaps exist 	
Bicycles	 An inventory of existing bicycle facilities An evaluation of Bicycle Level of Traffic Stress (LTS) 	
Transit	 Transit routes and stops along the corridor Frequency of service The number of people getting on and off the bus on an average weekday 	



What was evaluated?

Topic Area	Metrics Evaluated	
Vehicles	 Existing roadway configuration Average Daily Traffic Volume (ADT) and peak hour turning movements at study intersection Intersection Level of Service (LOS) Queueing at signalized intersections and key stop-controlled intersections Travel time Signal warrants at stop-controlled intersections 	
Safety	 Collision rate at study intersections Collision hot spots Trends in collision types and contributing factors 	



What was evaluated?

Topic Area	Metrics Evaluated	
Illumination	 Evaluation of light levels along the corridor Identifying spots where lighting improvements are needed 	
Parking	 Where parking is allowed along the corridor How much on-street parking is provided on McGillivray Boulevard Existing parking occupancy along the corridor 	



McGillivray Boulevard Today



Vehicles: Level of Service (LOS)



Intersection	Movements Where Vehicle Queue Exceeds Turn Pocket Storage		
SE McGillivray Boulevard	 AM Peak Hour: Eastbound Left-Turn PM Peak Hour: Eastbound Left & Through, Southbound Left,		
& SE Chkalov Drive	Westbound Right		
SE McGillivray Boulevard & SE 136 th Avenue	 AM Peak Hour: None PM Peak Hour: None 		
SE McGillivray Boulevard	 AM Peak Hour: None PM Peak Hour: Eastbound, Northbound, and Southbound Left-		
& SE 164 th Avenue	Turns		



Vehicles: Speed



Vehicle Speed on McGillivray Boulevard

Posted Speed is 25 MPH



Vehicles: Signal Warrants

- Evaluated three warrants at all stop-controlled intersections
 - Peak Hour
 - 4-Hour Peak
 - 8-Hour Peak
- Only the SE McGillivray Boulevard & SE 136th Avenue Intersection met warrants (Peak Hour & 4-Hour Peak)
- A detailed engineering study is required to determine if a traffic signal is appropriate
- Installation of a traffic signal is outside the scope of the Safety & Mobility Project but will be added to future project list if signal is determined appropriate.



Vehicles: Key Takeaways



- Excess roadway capacity for existing and future vehicle volumes.
- 50% of vehicles travel more than 5 MPH above the posted speed limit.
- Congestion is limited to the Chkalov Drive & SE 164th Intersection.
- The SE 136th Avenue intersection met two signal warrants; to determine if a signal is appropriate a more detailed engineering assessment is needed.

Pedestrians: Sidewalks



Pedestrians: Crossings



Pedestrians: Key Takeaways



- West of Talton Avenue there are no sidewalks.
- Between Talton Avenue and SE 136th Avenue there are only sidewalks on the south side.
- East of SE 136th Avenue there are sidewalks on both sides.
- Between the mid-block crossing just east of SE 125th Ave and SE Blairmont Drive there are only two marked crossings (Talton & SE 136th).

Bicycles & Small Mobility Devices





Bicycles/ Small Mobility: Key Takeaways



- Existing mobility lanes are provided between SE 164th Avenue and Chkalov Drive.
- McGillivray Boulevard has a Bicycle Level of Traffic Stress of 3 meaning only enthused and confident riders feel comfortable.
- The SE 164th Avenue crossing has a BLTS of 4 meaning only strong and fearless riders feel comfortable.
- There is no buffer separating mobility lanes from parked cars or vehicle travel lane.
- Interaction with right-turn lanes are challenging.

Transit Routes and Stops



Transit: Key Takeaways

- Served by C-Tran Route 80 with 30-minute headways on weekdays and weekends.
- The westbound stop at Blairmont Drive has the highest usage (11 boardings, 2 alightings per day).
- Average dwell time at stops on the corridor is 22 seconds.



Safety: Collisions by Mode (2017-2021)



Safety: Collision Rates

Intersection	Collision Rate
SE Chkalov Drive & SE 7th Street	0.537
SE McGillivray Boulevard & SE 136th Avenue	0.518
SE McGillivray Boulevard & SE 19th Street	0.358
SE McGillivray Boulevard & Village Loop	0.584
SE 20th Street & SE 164th Avenue	0.418



Safety: Collision Types

Segment	Types of Collisions
Chkalov Drive to east of 125 th Avenue	Hitting a fixed objectRear end
East of 125 th Avenue to SE 145 th Court	Hitting a fixed objectEntering at an angle
SE 145 th Court to SE 164 th Avenue	Entering at an angleHitting a fixed object



Safety: Key Takeaways



- Collision rate is highest at several key intersections.
- Collisions involving someone walking or riding a bicycle have historically occurred at intersections.
- The Safety and Mobility Project will consider design options to address the most common types of collisions.

Parking: Key Takeaways



- On-street parking is allowed on McGillivray Boulevard west of Village Loop Drive.
- There is space for nearly 600 vehicles to park on McGillivray Boulevard between Village Loop Drive and Chkalov Drive.
- During parking occupancy counts, only 33 vehicles were parked on the south side and 44 vehicles were parked on the north side.
- Nearly 90% of parked vehicles were between SE Talton Avenue and SE 136th Avenue near multi-family housing.

Illumination: Key Takeaways



- Existing illumination is located in the median.
- Most intersections and crossings where readings were taken had at least one location where existing illumination did not meet standards.
- Overgrown vegetation is impacting illumination on the corridor.
- Near SE 164th Avenue, illumination from retail spaces improves visibility at night.
- Improvements to illumination is outside the scope of the Safety & Mobility Project, and identified for future corridor needs via other programs.

Existing Conditions: Opportunities & Constraints

	Opportunities	Constraints
•	 Can repurpose space allocated to vehicles without substantially changing the driver experience. The two most common types of collisions are likely to be reduced through traffic calming and improved channelization. 	 Width of roadway makes slowing down vehicles challenging.
•		 Residential driveways create potential conflicts with people using mobility lanes. Constructing new sidewalks is outside the scope of the Safety & Mobility Project.
 On-street parking utilization is highest between SE Talton and SE 136th. 	 Changes to intersection control (like traffic signals) and illumination are outside the scope of the Safety & Mobility Project. 	



Questions?



Phase 2: Develop Design Options





Goal #1: Lower Vehicle Speeds



Lower vehicle travel speeds on the corridor to improve safety for all users regardless of how they travel and to reduce cut-through traffic to support the local road context.

Evaluation Criteria:

- Includes striping design configurations known to reduce vehicle speeds.
- Includes traffic calming elements known to reduce vehicle speeds and volumes.



Goal #2: Improve Safety and Comfort



Make the corridor safe and comfortable for people of all ages and abilities to walk, bike, roll, use small mobility devices, and access transit.

Evaluation Criteria:

- Provides additional space for vulnerable users within the existing roadway.
- Increases separation between mobility lane users and vehicle travel lanes.
- Lowers the level of traffic stress experienced by people who walk, bike, roll, use small mobility devices and access transit.
- Improves sightline visibility at intersections.



Goal #3: Improve Intersections & Crossings



Improve safety and comfort at intersections and crossings on the corridor.

Evaluation Criteria:

- Improves striping design at intersections to clearly delineate space for all users.
- Improves signage preceding and at intersections to communicate appropriate speeds, stops and roadway space for all users.
- Reduces crossing distances at intersections and mid-block crossings.
- Limits on-street parking removal to locations with a safety benefit or to improve sightline visibility at intersections or crossings.

Happening Now

- Developing design options that align with the project goals.
- Evaluating design options based on the project goals and upcoming community input.
- Preparing materials for community conversations to gather feedback on design options.



Next Steps

- June July: Community Conversations and BeHeard Online Open House
- August: TMC Workshop to Discuss Design Options and Community Feedback
- October: Expected Selection Preferred Design



Thank You

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